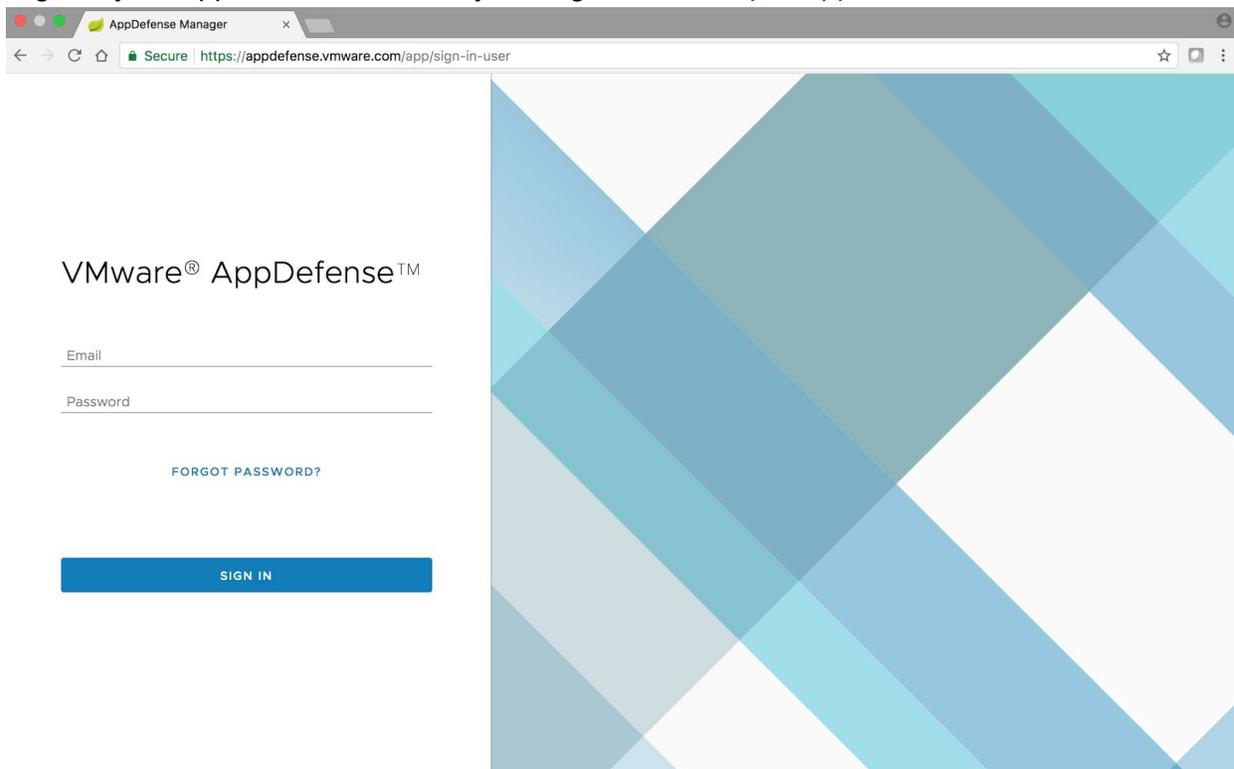


# APPDEFENSE SPLUNK APP CONFIGURATION GUIDE

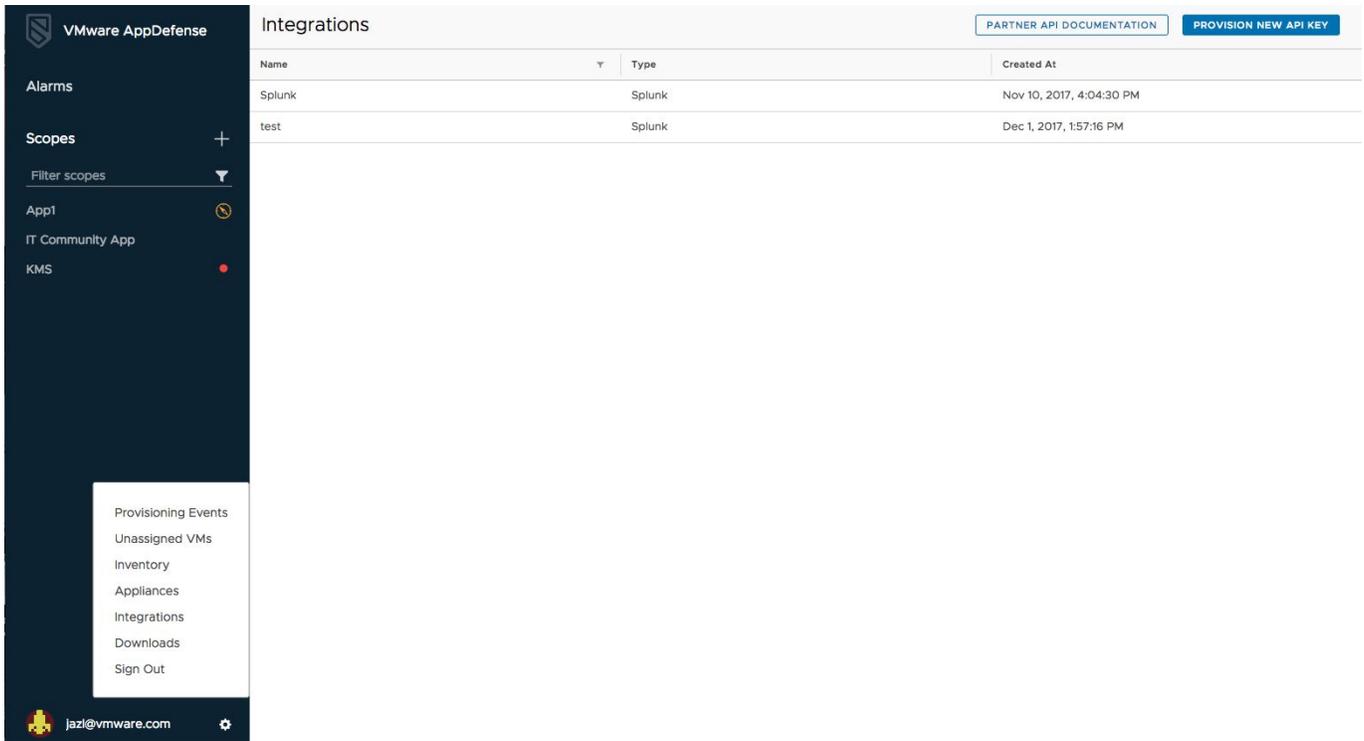
This document covers the steps required to integrate AppDefense with Splunk. Once integrated, the alarms (and their metadata) on AppDefense can be viewed on Splunk. This setup is for standalone Splunk instead where Search Head is same as indexer.

## STEPS TO INTEGRATE ON APPDEFENSE

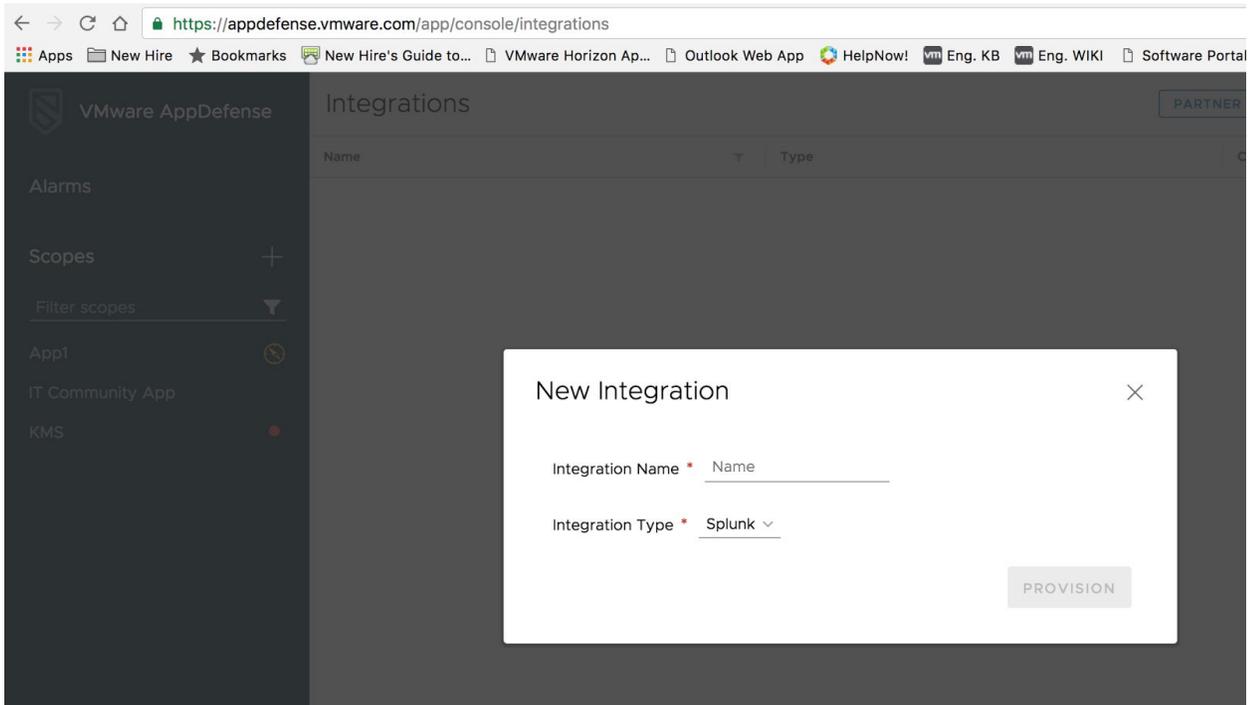
1. Login to your AppDefense account by visiting the URL: <https://appdefense.vmware.com>.



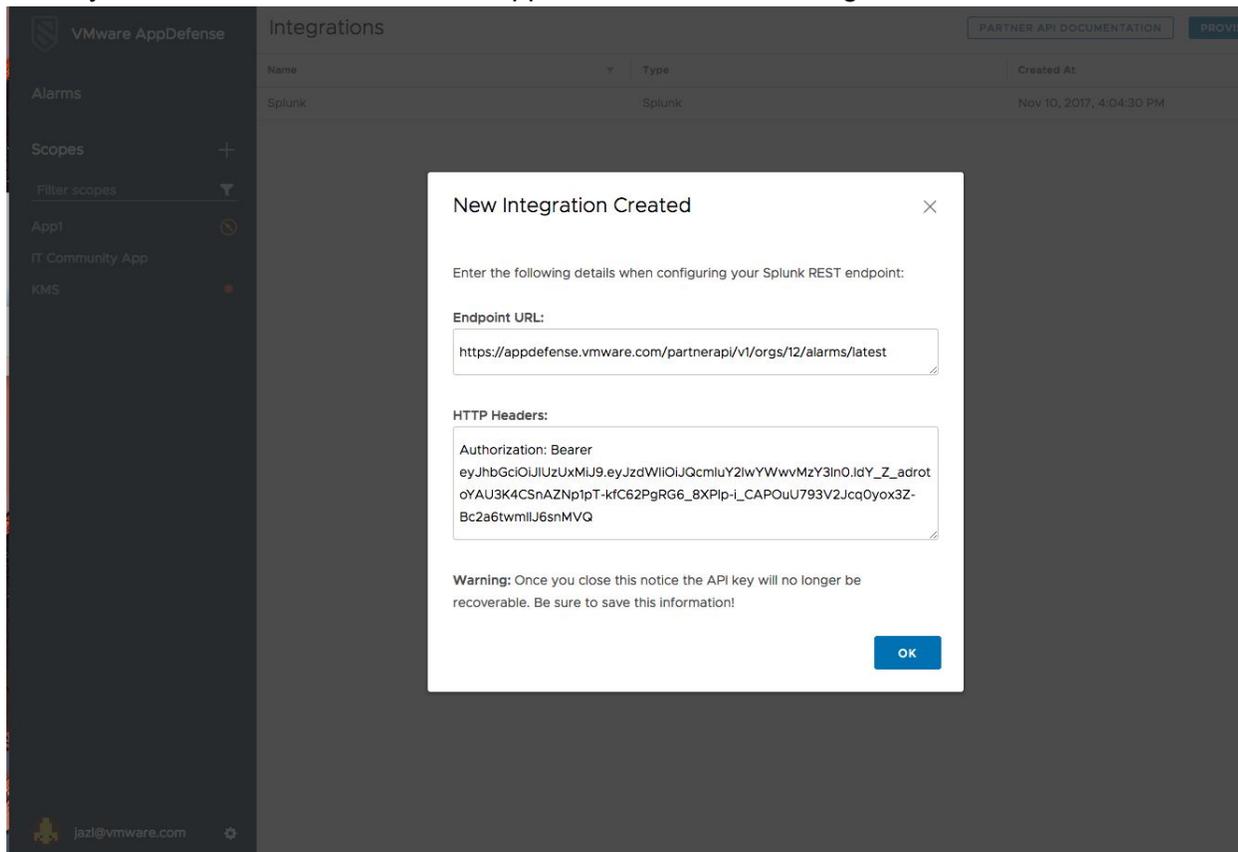
1. Click the setting icon on the lower left side of the panel and Select "Integrations"



## 2. Click on Provision New API KEY and choose Splunk from the drop-down list

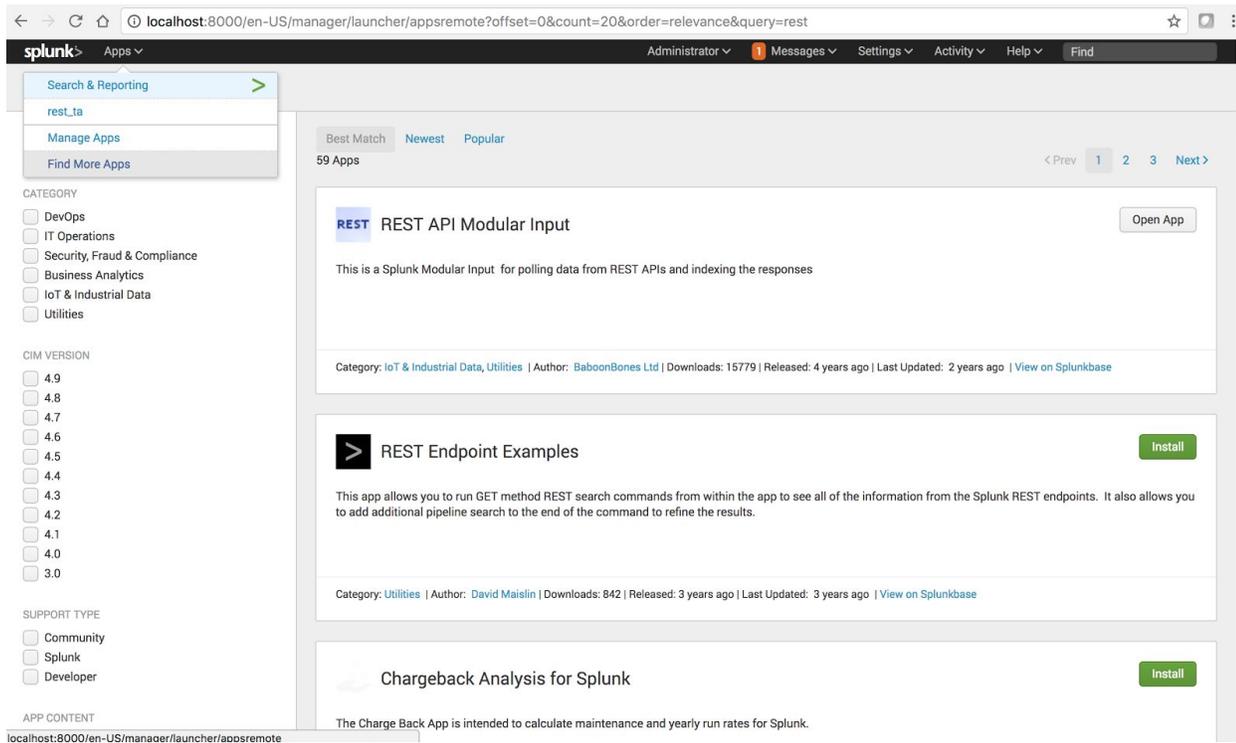


3. Take a note of the URL and authorization key. The authorization key will need to be stored secretly and cannot be retrieved from AppDefense once the dialog is closed.

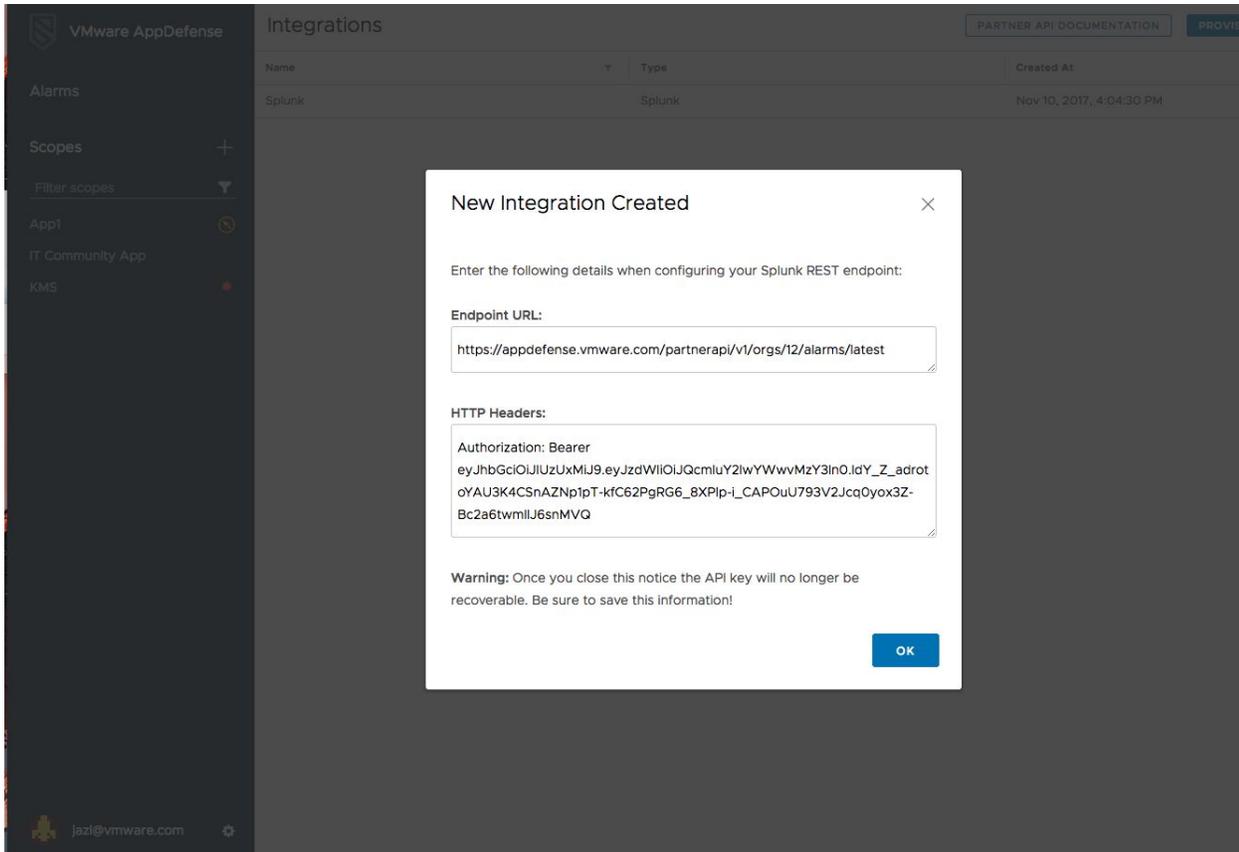


## ON SPLUNK

1. On the Splunk Enterprise front page go to Splunk App. Download the REST API App is named **"REST API Modular Input"**



2. Once REST App is installed, configure a new REST endpoint. Go to Settings -> Data Input -> REST -> Click New
  - a) Index - Create a new Index named "appd".
  - b) Data Input: Go to Splunk Enterprise "Setting" menu click Data Inputs
  - c) On the Data Inputs Page Click the "REST" on the local inputs section.
  - d) Hit the "New" button to create the new REST data input. Following the following screenshot to fill out the necessary fields.
  - e) Endpoint URL - Copy the URL that was exposed by AppDefense when a new Splunk integration was provisioned



- f) Fill in HTTP Header Properties: The Authorization property is exposed when new Splunk Integration was provisioned on AppDefense. Concatenate it with Content-Type property.
    - i. For example: *Authorization=Bearer eyJhbGciOiJIUzUxMiJ9.eyJzdWIiOiJQcmVudWVwMzY3In0IdY\_Z\_adrotOyAU3K4CSnAZNp1pT-kfC62PgRG6\_8XP1p-I\_CAPouU793V2Jcq0yox3Z-Bc2a6twmllJ6snMVQ,Content-Type=application/json*
    - ii. Please make sure “*Authorization=Bearer*” is appended in the beginning, and “*,Content-Type=application/json*” is included at the end in HTTP Header Properties
  - g) Select Response type = “json”
  - h) Change the set sourcetype to “Manual”
3. Change the source type to “app\_defense\_alarms”
  4. Click the More Setting: Change the Index to “appd”. Please refer to below sample screen for reference:

## Sample screenshot :

### Endpoint URL

`https://manager.vmware.com/partnerapi/v1/orgs/5/alarms/latest`

URL to send the HTTP GET request to

### HTTP Method

GET

HTTP method to use. Defaults to GET. POST and PUT are not really RESTful for requesting data from the API, but useful to have the option for target APIs that are "REST like"

### Authentication Type

none

Authentication method to use

### HTTP Header Properties

Authorization=Bearer eyJhbGciOiJIUzUxMiJ9.eyJzdWIiOiJQcmluY2lwY

Custom HTTP header properties : `key=value,key2=value2`

### URL Arguments

Custom URL arguments : `key=value,key2=value2`

### Response Type

json

Rest Data Response Type, defaults to text

### Response Handler

Python classname of custom response handler, defaults to `DefaultResponseHandler`

### Response Handler Arguments

Response Handler arguments string , `key=value,key2=value2`

### Response Filter Pattern

Python Regex pattern, if present , the response will be scanned for this match pattern, and indexed if a match is present

Streaming Request ?

Whether or not this is a HTTP streaming request, defaults to false

Index Error Responses

Whether or not to index error response codes, defaults to false

### HTTP Proxy Address

HTTP proxy address, ie: `http://10.10.1.10:3128` or `http://user:pass@10.10.1.10:3128`

Request Timeout

*Request Timeout in seconds, defaults to 30*

Backoff Time

*Time in seconds to wait for retry after error or timeout, defaults to 10*

Polling Interval

*Polling interval in either seconds or a CRON time format, defaults to 60 seconds.*

Run multiple requests sequentially ?  
*Whether multiple requests spawned by tokenization are run in parallel or sequentially, defaults to false (run in parallel)*

Sequential Stagger Time

*An optional stagger time period between sequential requests. Defaults to 0*

Delimiter

*Delimiter to use for any multi "key=value" field inputs, defaults to ','*

**Source type**  
 Set sourcetype field for all events from this source.

Set sourcetype

Source type

*If this field is left blank, the default value of script will be used for the source type.*

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**More settings**

**Host**  
 Host field value

**Index**  
 Set the destination index for this source.  
 Index

- Once the new REST endpoint is created, new alarms from AppDefense should start to show up on Splunk. And they can be searched and played with using query language.