



# VMware vCenter Server™ 6.0 Deployment Guide

TECHNICAL WHITE PAPER

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## Introduction

The VMware vCenter Server™ 6.0 release introduces new, simplified deployment models. The components that make up a vCenter Server installation have been grouped into two types: *embedded* and *external*. Embedded refers to a deployment in which all components—this can but does not necessarily include the database—are installed on the same virtual machine. External refers to a deployment in which vCenter Server is installed on one virtual machine and the Platform Services Controller (PSC) is installed on another. The Platform Services Controller is new to vCenter Server 6.0 and comprises VMware vCenter™ Single Sign-On™, licensing, and the VMware Certificate Authority (VMCA).

Embedded installations are recommended for standalone environments in which there is only one vCenter Server system and replication to another Platform Services Controller is not required. If there is a need to replicate with other Platform Services Controllers or there is more than one vCenter Single Sign-On enabled solution, deploying the Platform Services Controller(s) on separate virtual machine(s)—via external deployment—from vCenter Server is required.

This paper defines the services installed as part of each deployment model, recommended deployment models (reference architectures), installation and upgrade instructions for each reference architecture, postdeployment steps, and certificate management in VMware vSphere 6.0.

## VMware vCenter Server 6.0 Services

| SERVICE                                   | INSTALLED WITH   |
|---|--|
| VMware AFD Service                        | vCenter Server and PSC   |
| VMware Certificate Service                | PSC  |
| VMware Component Manager                  | vCenter Server and PSC   |
| VMware Content Library Service            | vCenter Server   |
| VMware Directory Service                  | PSC  |
| VMware ESX Agent Manager                  | vCenter Server   |
| VMware HTTP Reverse Proxy                 | vCenter Server and PSC   |
| VMware Identity Management Service        | PSC  |
| VMware vCenter Inventory Service          | vCenter Server   |
| VMware License Service                    | PSC  |
| VMware Message Bus Configuration Service  | vCenter Server   |
| VMware Performance Charts                 | vCenter Server   |
| VMware Postgres                           | vCenter Server<br>(vCenter Server Appliance, Microsoft Windows if embedded database is chosen) |
| VMware Security Token Service             | PSC  |
| VMware Service Control Agent              | vCenter Server and PSC   |
| VMware Syslog Collector                   | vCenter Server   |
| VMware System and Hardware Health Manager | vCenter Server   |
| VMware vAPI Endpoint                      | vCenter Server   |

| SERVICE  | INSTALLED WITH         |
|--|------------------------|
| VMware vCenter Configuration Service           | vCenter Server and PSC |
| VMware vCenter Workflow Manager                | vCenter Server         |
| VMware VirtualCenter Server                    | vCenter Server         |
| VMware vService Manager                        | vCenter Server         |
| VMware vSphere Auto Deploy Waiter              | vCenter Server         |
| VMware vSphere ESXi™ Dump Collector            | vCenter Server         |
| VMware vSphere ESXi Dump Collector Web Service | vCenter Server         |
| VMware vSphere Profile-Driven Storage          | vCenter Server         |
| VMware vSphere Web Client                      | vCenter Server         |

**Table 1.** vCenter Server and Platform Services Controller Services

## Requirements

### General

A few requirements are common to both installing vCenter Server on Microsoft Windows and deploying VMware vCenter Server Appliance™. Ensure that all of these prerequisites are in place before proceeding with a new installation or an upgrade.

- DNS – Ensure that resolution is working for all system names via fully qualified domain name (FQDN), short name (host name), and IP address (reverse lookup).
- Time – Ensure that time is synchronized across the environment.
- Passwords – vCenter Single Sign-On passwords must contain only ASCII characters; non-ASCII and extended (or high) ASCII characters are not supported.

### Windows Installation

Installing vCenter Server 6.0 on a Windows Server requires a Windows 2008 SP2 or higher 64-bit operating system (OS). Two options are presented: Use the local system account or use a Windows domain account. With a Windows domain account, ensure that it is a member of the local computer's administrator group and that it has been delegated the "Log on as a service" right and the "Act as part of the operating system" right. This option is not available when installing an external Platform Services Controller.

Windows installations can use either a supported external database or a local PostgreSQL database that is installed with vCenter Server and is limited to 20 hosts and 200 virtual machines. Supported external databases include Microsoft SQL Server 2008 R2, SQL Server 2012, SQL Server 2014, Oracle Database 11g, and Oracle Database 12c. When upgrading to vCenter Server 6.0, if SQL Server Express was used in the previous installation, it will be replaced with PostgreSQL. External databases require a 64-bit DSN. DSN aliases are not supported.

When upgrading vCenter Server to vCenter Server 6.0, only versions 5.0 and later are supported. If the vCenter Server system being upgraded is not version 5.0 or later, such an upgrade is required first.

Table 2 outlines minimum hardware requirements per deployment environment type and size when using an external database. If VMware vSphere Update Manager™ is installed on the same server, add 125GB of disk space and 4GB of RAM.

| RESOURCES  | TINY:<br>UP TO<br>10 HOSTS/<br>100 VIRTUAL<br>MACHINES<br>OR<br>EXTERNAL<br>PSC | SMALL:<br>UP TO 100<br>HOSTS/<br>1,000<br>VIRTUAL<br>MACHINES | MEDIUM:<br>UP TO 400<br>HOSTS/<br>4,000<br>VIRTUAL<br>MACHINES | LARGE:<br>UP TO 1,000<br>HOSTS/<br>10,000<br>VIRTUAL<br>MACHINES |
|------------|---|---|--|--|
| CPU        | 2   | 4   | 8  | 16   |
| Memory     | 8GB   | 16GB  | 24GB   | 32GB   |
| Disk Space | 50GB<br>10GB (PSC)  | 100GB   | 100GB  | 100GB  |

**Table 2.** Minimum Hardware Requirements - Windows Installation

## Appliance Deployment

vCenter Server Appliance can use either a local PostgreSQL database that is built in to the appliance, which is recommended, or an external database. Unlike Windows support for PostgreSQL, vCenter Server Appliance supports up to 1,000 hosts or 10,000 virtual machines at full vCenter Server scale. Supported external databases include Oracle Database 11g and Oracle Database 12c. External database support is being deprecated in this release; this is the last release that supports the use of an external database with vCenter Server Appliance.

When deploying vCenter Server Appliance, the target host must be ESXi 5.0 or later. In addition, prechecks such as connectivity to an external database, NTP server, DNS server, and so on, are performed on the client deploying the appliance rather than against the target host and destination port group. This does not ensure that all required connectivity is available from the ESXi host and the destination port group of vCenter Server Appliance. Users must ensure that the ESXi host and port group have the required connectivity.

Upgrading is possible only from versions 5.1 update 3 and later.

Table 3 outlines minimum hardware requirements per deployment environment type and size.

| RESOURCES                    | TINY:<br>UP TO<br>10 HOSTS/<br>100 VIRTUAL<br>MACHINES<br>OR<br>EXTERNAL<br>PSC | SMALL:<br>UP TO<br>100 HOSTS/<br>1,000<br>VIRTUAL<br>MACHINES | MEDIUM:<br>UP TO 400<br>HOSTS/<br>4,000<br>VIRTUAL<br>MACHINES | LARGE:<br>UP TO 1,000<br>HOSTS/<br>10,000<br>VIRTUAL<br>MACHINES |
|------------------------------|---|---|--|--|
| CPU                          | 2   | 4   | 8  | 16   |
| Memory                       | 8GB   | 16GB  | 24GB   | 32GB   |
| Disk Space<br>(External PSC) | 86GB (vCenter)<br>30GB (PSC)  | 106GB   | 245GB  | 295GB  |
| Disk Space<br>(Embedded PSC) | 116GB   | 136GB   | 275GB  | 325GB  |

**Table 3.** Minimum Hardware Requirements - vCenter Server Appliance Deployment

## Reference Architectures

We examine the following architectures in this deployment guide:

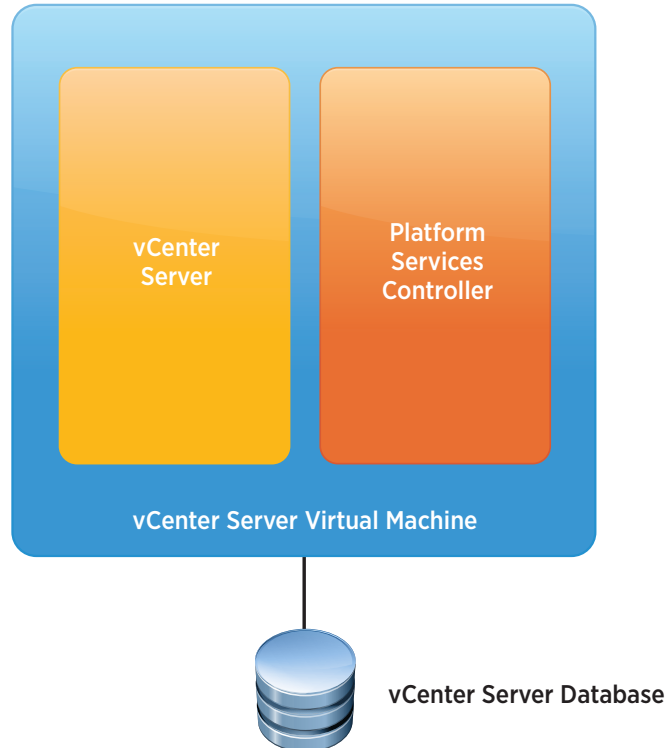
- Fresh embedded deployment
- Upgrade in which all vCenter Server components are installed on a single machine
- Fresh external deployments
- Upgrade with external vCenter Single Sign-On
- Fresh vCenter Single Sign-On high availability deployment
- Upgrade of vCenter Single Sign-On high availability

### Fresh Embedded Deployment

A fresh, or new, embedded installation is the simplest of all the deployments. In this scenario, vCenter Server and the Platform Services Controller are deployed together onto a single virtual machine.

The vCenter Server database can be either local or remote. On the Windows platform, the local PostgreSQL database is limited to 20 hosts and 200 virtual machines.

Embedded installations are recommended for standalone environments in which there is only one vCenter Server and replication to another Platform Services Controller is not required. If there is a need to replicate with other Platform Services Controllers or there is more than one vCenter Single Sign-On enabled solution, deploying the Platform Services Controller(s) on separate virtual machine(s)—via external deployment—from vCenter Server is required.



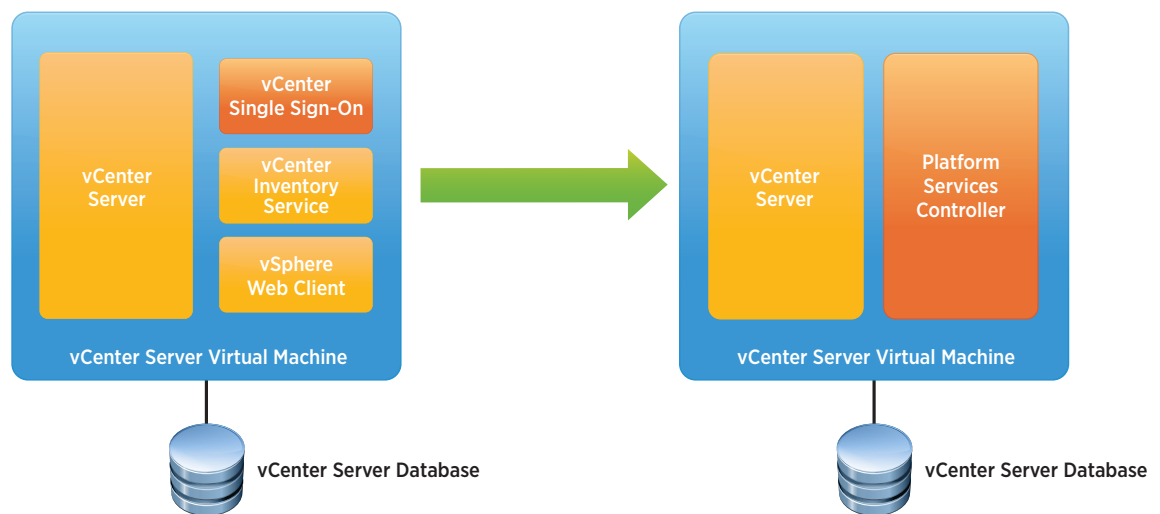
**Figure 1.** Embedded Architecture

## Upgrade in Which All vCenter Server Components Are Installed on a Single Machine

Upgrading vCenter Server 5.0 or vCenter Server with vCenter Single Sign-On—that is, vCenter Server 5.1 or 5.5—installed on the same virtual machine can be accomplished using the embedded deployment method.

All vCenter Server components are upgraded. If upgrading from vCenter Server 5.0, an external Platform Services Controller can be installed or an embedded one can be used. vCenter Single Sign-On in vCenter Server 5.1 and 5.5 is upgraded to a Platform Services Controller. In all upgrade scenarios, all services listed in Table 1 are installed or upgraded.

The vCenter Server database is upgraded during vCenter Server upgrade. On Windows installations using the embedded SQL Server Express database, SQL Server Express is migrated to the PostgreSQL database during the upgrade.



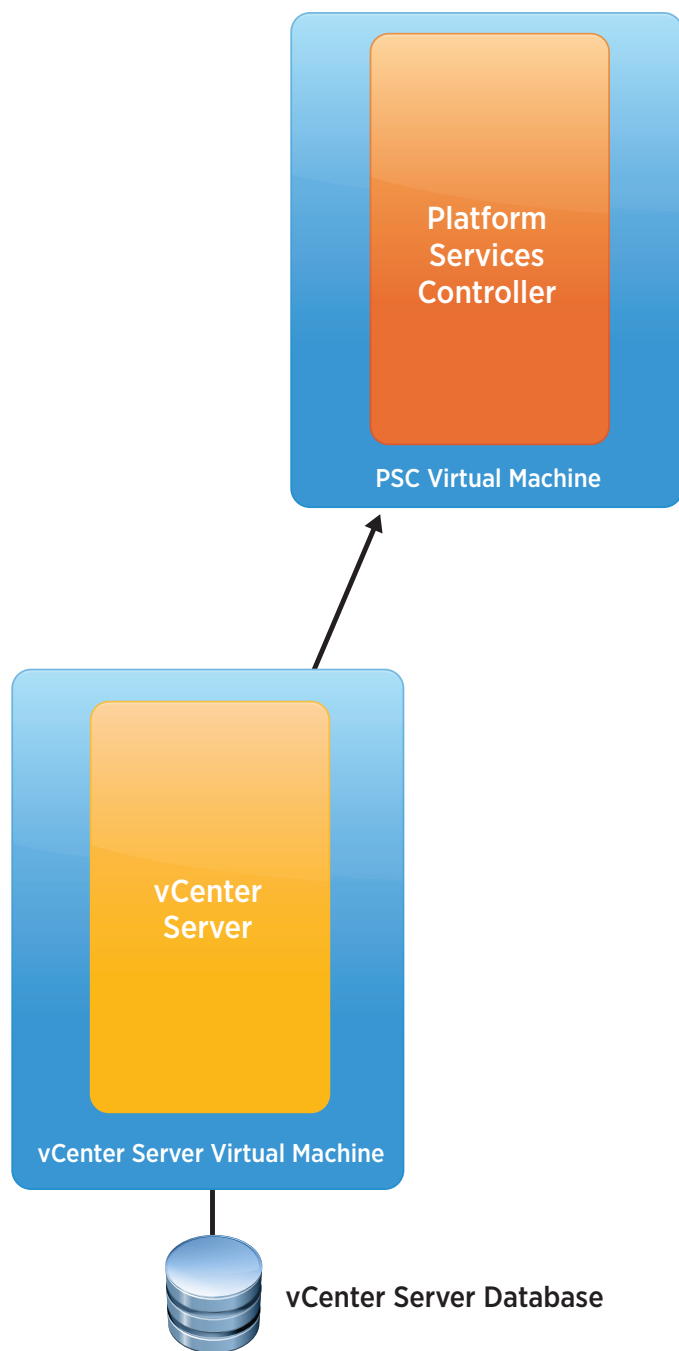
**Figure 2.** Upgraded Embedded Architecture

## Fresh External Deployment

A fresh, or new, external deployment involves running the deployment wizard twice. The first time is to deploy the Platform Services Controller. After this successful deployment, vCenter Server is deployed.

The vCenter Server database can be either local or remote. On the Windows platform, the local PostgreSQL database is limited to 20 hosts and 200 virtual machines.

Deploying the Platform Services Controller externally is recommended for all but standalone vCenter Server systems.



**Figure 3.** External Platform Services Controller Architecture

## Upgrade External vCenter Single Sign-On

When upgrading from vCenter Server 5.1 or 5.5 and vCenter Single Sign-On is deployed externally from vCenter Server, vCenter Single Sign-On is first upgraded to a Platform Services Controller. After the Platform Services Controller has been deployed, the vCenter Server system can be upgraded.

The vCenter Server database is upgraded during the vCenter Server upgrade. In Windows installations using the embedded SQL Server Express database, SQL Server Express is migrated to the PostgreSQL database during the upgrade.

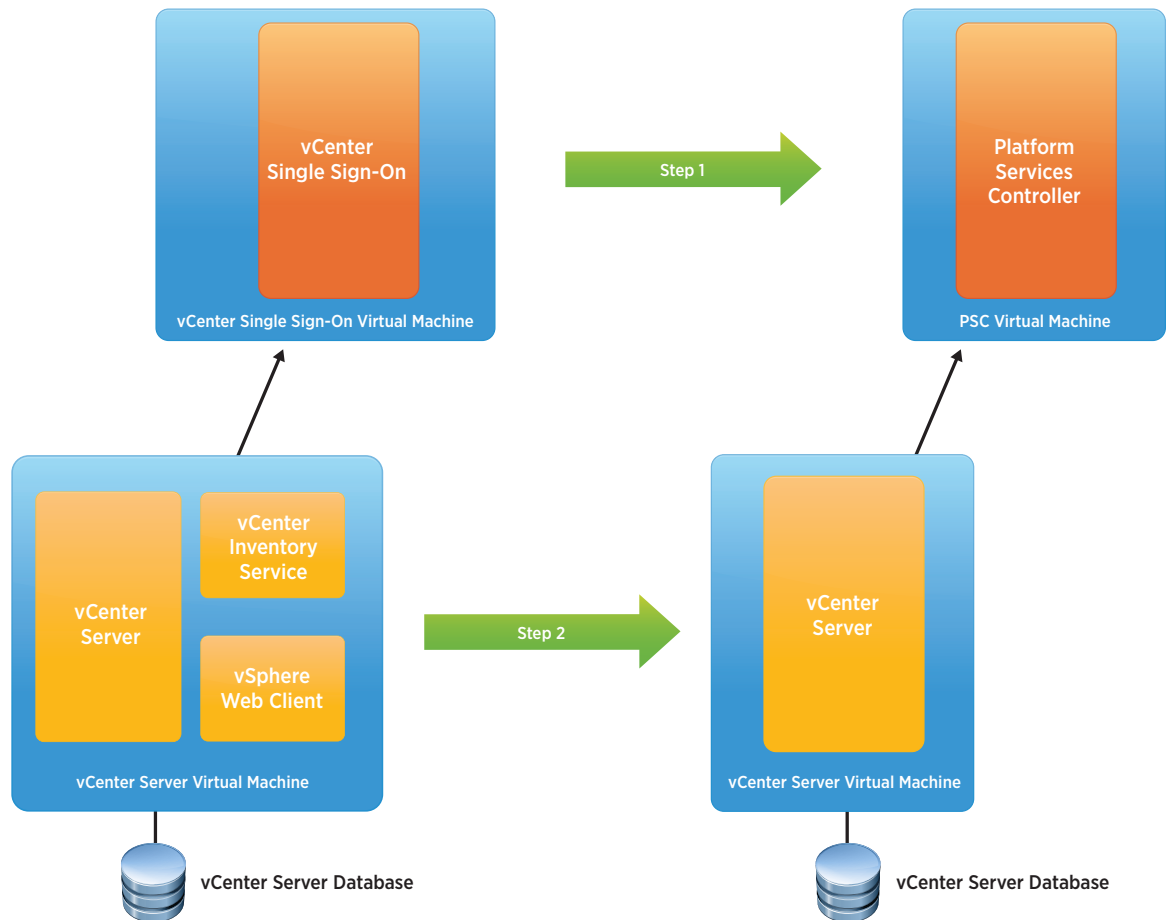


Figure 4. Upgraded External Platform Services Controller Architecture

## Fresh vCenter Single Sign-On High Availability Deployment

A fresh, or new, vCenter Single Sign-On high availability deployment is recommended when there are multiple vCenter Server systems or vCenter Single Sign-On enabled solutions that require a high level of uptime.

When deploying the Platform Services Controller externally for multiple services, availability of the Platform Services Controller must be considered. In some cases, simply having the Platform Services Controller located in a vSphere cluster with VMware vSphere High Availability enabled is sufficient. In other cases, having more than one Platform Services Controller deployed in a highly available architecture is recommended. This requires a network load balancer. In Figure 5, we examine redundant Platform Services Controllers behind a network load balancer.



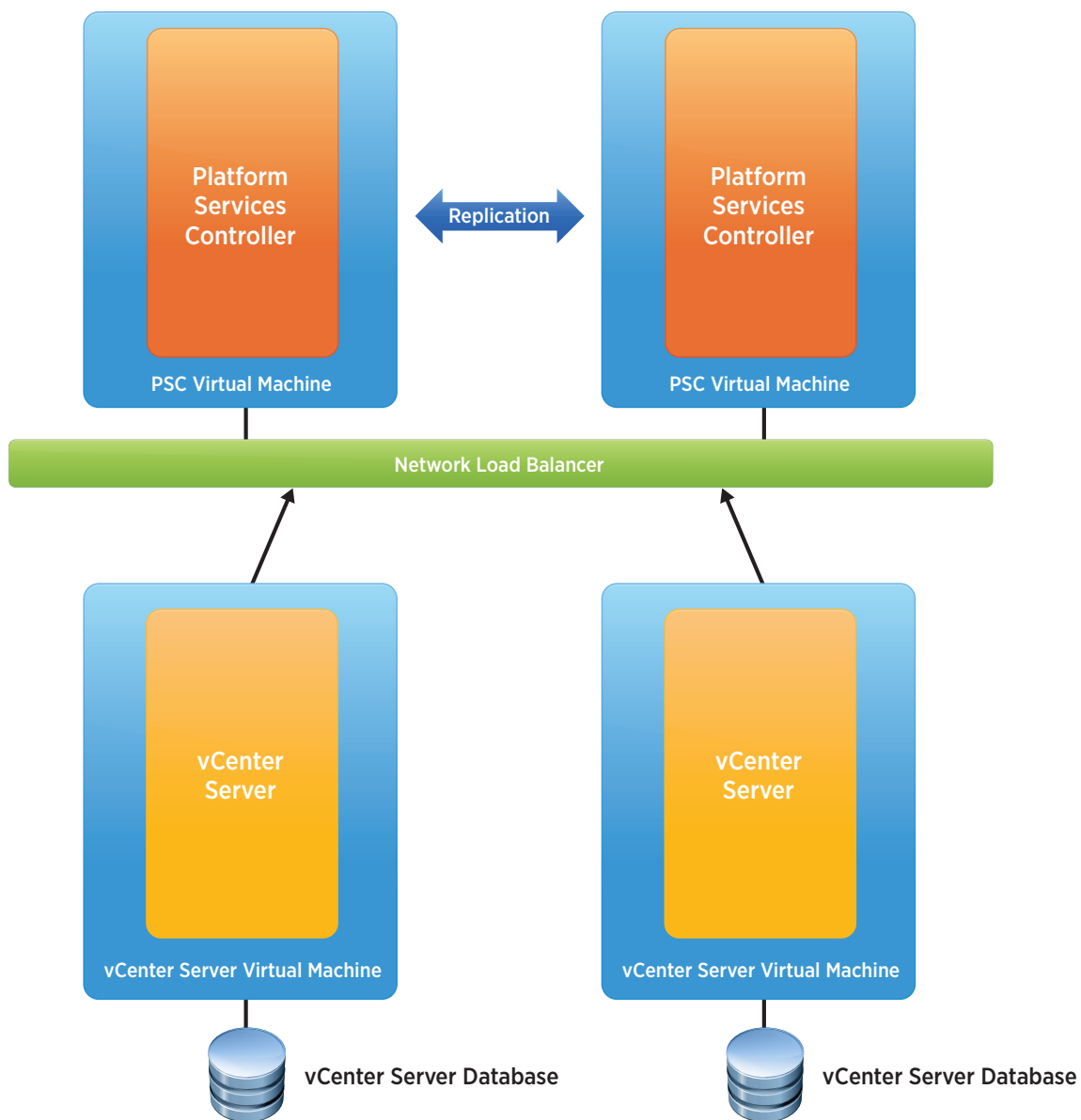


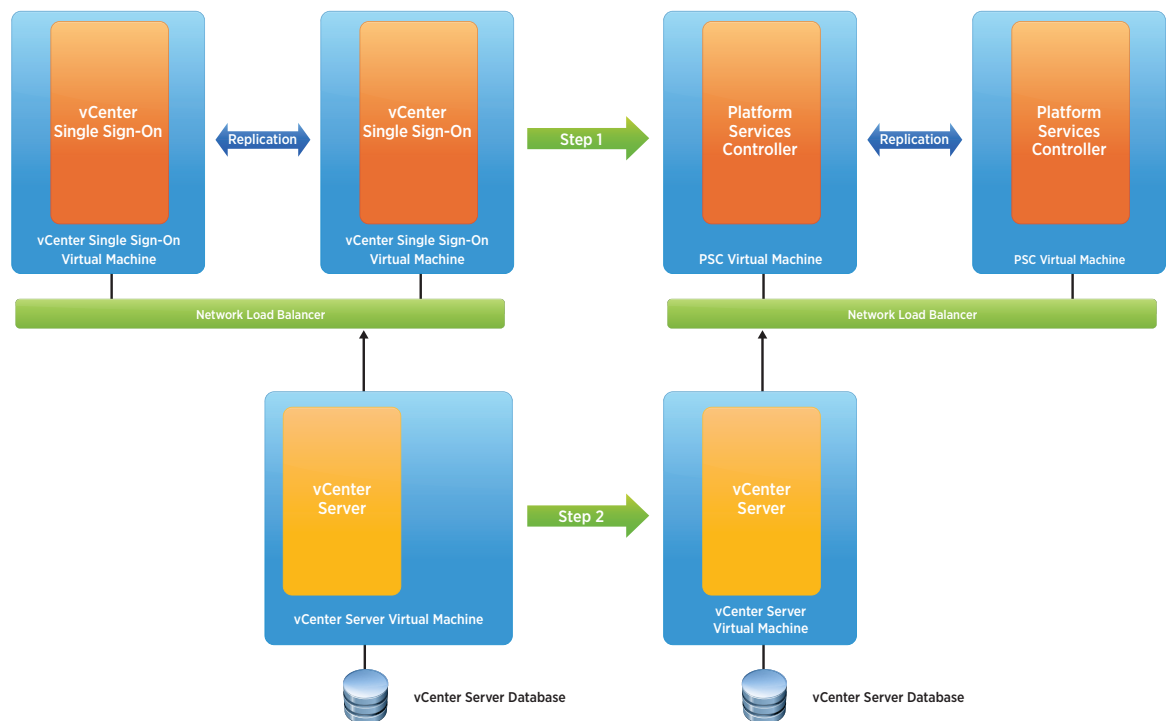
Figure 5. Highly Available Platform Services Controllers

## Upgrade of vCenter Single Sign-On High Availability

Upgrading an existing vCenter Single Sign-On high availability deployment converts vCenter Single Sign-On servers to Platform Services Controllers. vCenter Single Sign-On 5.5 and previous versions do not work with vCenter Server 6.0, so upgrading vCenter Single Sign-On to Platform Services Controller is a prerequisite.

After the Platform Services Controllers are up and running, the load balancer rules must be adjusted to load-balance the Platform Services Controller ports before attempting to upgrade vCenter Server. Session affinity is required based on source address and must-span ports. If vCenter Server initiates communication to the Platform Services Controller on port 443 and is placed on the first Platform Services Controller, all subsequent requests must also go to the first Platform Services Controller.

Upgrading from vCenter Single Sign-On high availability has been tested and validated only when upgrading from vCenter Server 5.5 and when the [vCenter Single Sign-On with network load balancer guide](#) is followed to set up the vCenter Single Sign-On high availability environment.



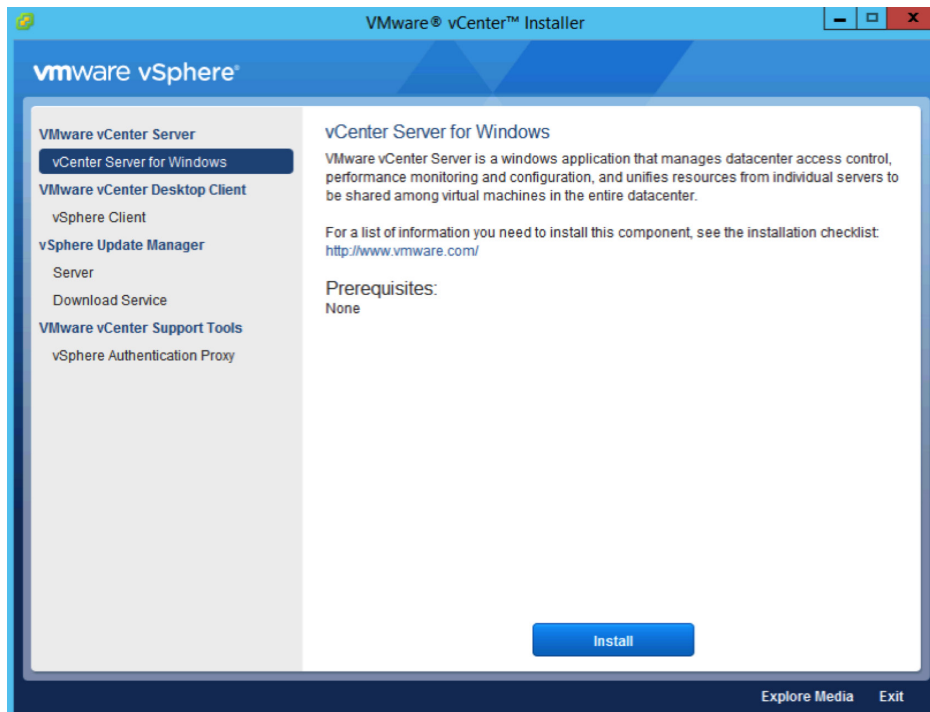
**Figure 6.** Upgrade of Highly Available Single Sign-On to Highly Available Platform Services Controller

# Deploying vCenter Server 6.0

## Fresh Embedded Deployment

### Windows Deployment

1. Verify all prerequisites.
2. If using a remote database, ensure that a 64-bit DSN has been created. DSN aliases are not supported. This step is not necessary if using the local PostgreSQL database.
3. Mount the vCenter Server 6.0 ISO image.
4. If autorun does not start, execute autorun.exe.
5. Select **vCenter Server for Windows** and click **Install**.



6. Click **Next**.
7. Accept the license agreements.
8. Select **Embedded Deployment** and click **Next**.

9. Verify that the FQDN is correct and click **Next**.
10. Enter a **password** and **Site name** for vCenter Single Sign-On and click **Next**.

11. Select the local system account or enter the service account **user name** and **password**.

**vCenter Server Service Account**  
Enter the vCenter Server service account information.

By default, the vCenter Server instance runs in the Windows Local System account. To run in another administrative user account, select the option to specify a user service account and provide the account credentials. The user service account must be granted the 'Log on as a service' privilege.

☐ Use Windows Local System Account  
Note: If you select this option, you cannot connect to an external database using Integrated Windows authentication.

☒ Specify a user service account

Account user name: VMWARE\svcvCenter

Account password: .....

< Back   Next >   Cancel

12. Select **Use an embedded database (vPostgres)** or **Use an external database** server's DSN Name and click **Next**.

**Database Settings**  
Configure the database for this deployment.

☐ Use an embedded database (vPostgres)

☒ Use an external database

DSN Name: VCDB   Refresh

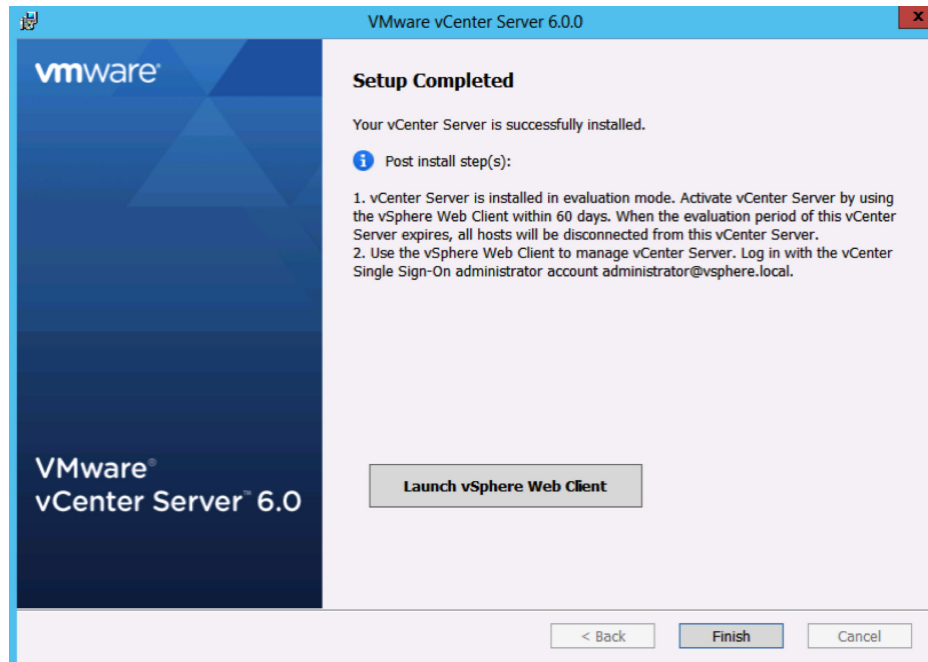
DB user name:

DB password:

The chosen DSN is configured to use Integrated Windows Authentication. SQL Server will use the credentials of the user to verify authenticity.

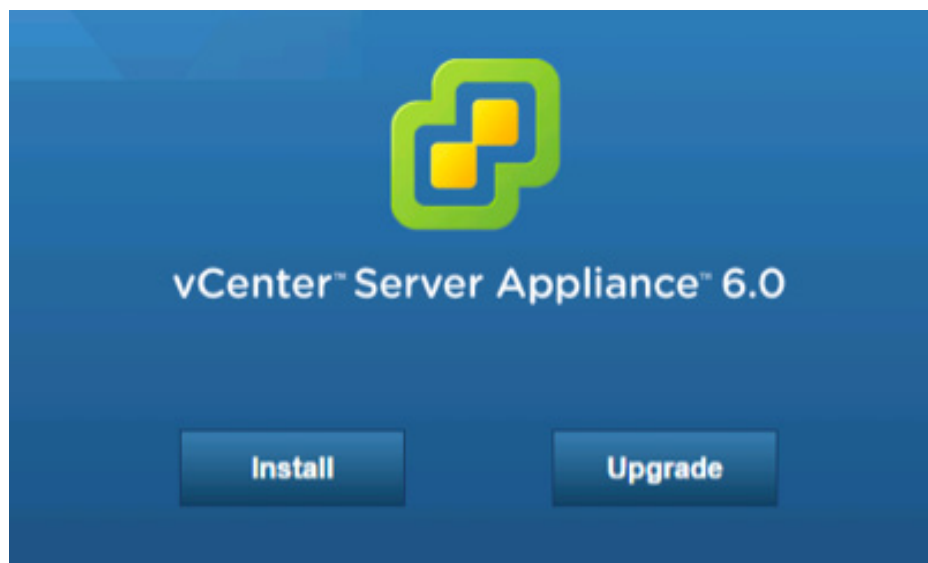
< Back   Next >   Cancel

13. Unless required, leave all ports at their defaults and click **Next**.
14. Unless required, leave the default paths for installation and click **Next**.
15. Review and then click **Install**.



## vCenter Server Appliance Deployment

1. Mount the ISO image on PC.
2. Open the vcsa folder and install the plug-in.
3. In the root of the ISO image, double-click the vcsa-setup.html file.
4. Wait until you are prompted to enable the client integration plug-in to run. Click **Install**.



5. Accept the **License Agreement** and click **Next**.
6. Enter a target host and a **User name** and **Password** on the host with root access.

**VMware vCenter Server Appliance Deployment**

✓ 1 End User License Agreement  
**2 Connect to target server**  
 3 Set up virtual machine  
 4 Select deployment type  
 5 Set up Single Sign-on  
 6 Single Sign-on Site  
 7 Select appliance size  
 8 Select datastore  
 9 Configure database  
 10 Network Settings  
 11 Ready to complete

**Connect to target server**  
 Specify the ESXi host on which to deploy the vCenter Server Appliance.

FQDN or IP Address:

User name:  ⓘ

Password:  ⓘ

⚠ Before proceeding:

- Make sure the ESXi host is not in lock down mode or maintenance mode.
- When deploying to a vSphere Distributed Switch (VDS), the appliance must be deployed to an ephemeral portgroup. After deployment, it can be moved to a static or dynamic portgroup.

Back Next Finish Cancel

- Click **Yes** to accept the host's certificate.
- Enter an **Appliance name** and the root **OS password** you want to assign. Click **Next**.

**VMware vCenter Server Appliance Deployment**

✓ 1 End User License Agreement  
 ✓ 2 Connect to target server  
**3 Set up virtual machine**  
 4 Select deployment type  
 5 Set up Single Sign-on  
 6 Single Sign-on Site  
 7 Select appliance size  
 8 Select datastore  
 9 Configure database  
 10 Network Settings  
 11 Ready to complete

**Set up virtual machine**  
 Specify virtual machine settings for the vCenter Server Appliance to be deployed.

Appliance name:  ⓘ

OS user name:

OS password:  ⓘ

Confirm OS password:  ⓘ

Back Next Finish Cancel

- Select **Install vCenter Server with an Embedded Platform Services Controller** and click **Next**.

**VMware vCenter Server Appliance Deployment**

- ✓ 1 End User License Agreement
- ✓ 2 Connect to target server
- ✓ 3 Set up virtual machine
- 4 Select deployment type**
- 5 Set up Single Sign-on
- 6 Single Sign-on Site
- 7 Select appliance size
- 8 Select datastore
- 9 Configure database
- 10 Network Settings
- 11 Ready to complete

**Select deployment type**  
Select the services to deploy onto this appliance.

vCenter Server 6.0 requires a Platform Services Controller, which contains shared services such as Single Sign-On, Licensing, and Certificate Management. An embedded Platform Services Controller is deployed on the same Appliance VM as vCenter Server. An external Platform Services Controller is deployed in a separate Appliance VM. For smaller installations, consider vCenter Server with an embedded Platform Services Controller. For larger installations with multiple vCenter Servers, consider one or more external Platform Services Controllers. Refer to the vCenter Server documentation for more information.

Note: Once you install vCenter Server, you can only change from an embedded to an external Platform Services Controller with a fresh install.

**Embedded Platform Services Controller**

☒ Install vCenter Server with an Embedded Platform Services Controller

**External Platform Services Controller**

☐ Install Platform Services Controller

☐ Install vCenter Server (Requires External Platform Services Controller)

Back Next Finish Cancel

10. Select **Create a new SSO Domain** and enter an administrator **vCenter SSO Password**; enter an **SSO Domain name** such as vsphere.local and an **SSO Site name** such as a city or physical location name.

**VMware vCenter Server Appliance Deployment**

- ✓ 1 End User License Agreement
- ✓ 2 Connect to target server
- ✓ 3 Set up virtual machine
- ✓ 4 Select deployment type
- 5 Set up Single Sign-on**
- 6 Select appliance size
- 7 Select datastore
- 8 Network Settings
- 9 Ready to complete

**Set up Single Sign-on (SSO)**  
Create or join a SSO domain. An SSO configuration cannot be changed after deployment.

☒ Create a new SSO domain

☐ Join an SSO domain in an existing vCenter 6.0 platform services controller

vCenter SSO User name: administrator

vCenter SSO Password:  ⓘ

Confirm password:

SSO Domain name: vsphere.local ⓘ

SSO Site name: Houston ⓘ

Back Next Finish Cancel

11. Select **appliance size** from the drop-down list and click **Next**.



**VMware vCenter Server Appliance Deployment**

- ✓ 1 End User License Agreement
- ✓ 2 Connect to target server
- ✓ 3 Set up virtual machine
- ✓ 4 Select deployment type
- ✓ 5 Set up Single Sign-on
- 6 Select appliance size**
- 7 Select datastore
- 8 Configure database
- 9 Network Settings
- 10 Ready to complete

**Select appliance size**  
Specify a deployment size for the new appliance

Appliance size:

- Tiny (up to 20 hosts, 400 VMs)
- Tiny (up to 20 hosts, 400 VMs)**
- Small (up to 150 hosts, 3,000 VMs)
- Medium (up to 300 hosts, 6,000 VMs)
- Large (up to 1000 hosts, 10,000 VMs)

**Description**

This will deploy a Tiny VM configured with 2 vCPUs and 8 GB of memory and requires 120 GB of disk space. This option contains vCenter Server with an embedded Platform Services Controller.

Back Next Finish Cancel

12. Select **datastore** to deploy the appliance on and click **Next**.

**VMware vCenter Server Appliance Deployment**

- ✓ 1 End User License Agreement
- ✓ 2 Connect to target server
- ✓ 3 Set up virtual machine
- ✓ 4 Select deployment type
- ✓ 5 Set up Single Sign-on
- ✓ 6 Select appliance size
- 7 Select datastore**
- 8 Configure database
- 9 Network Settings
- 10 Ready to complete

**Select datastore**  
Select the storage location for this deployment

The following datastores are accessible. Select the destination datastore for the virtual machine configuration files and all of the virtual disks.

| Name         | Type | Capacity | Free      | Provisioned | Thin Provisioning |
|--------------|------|----------|-----------|-------------|-------------------|
| RDM Mappings | VMFS | 4.75 GB  | 2.25 GB   | 2.5 GB      | true              |
| NFSMGMT01    | NFS  | 500 GB   | 331 GB    | 169 GB      | true              |
| NFSMGMT02    | NFS  | 500 GB   | 306.96 GB | 238.13 GB   | true              |

☐ Enable Thin Disk Mode ⓘ

Back Next Finish Cancel

13. Select **Use an embedded database (vPostgres)**, which is recommended, or **Use Oracle database** and click **Next**.

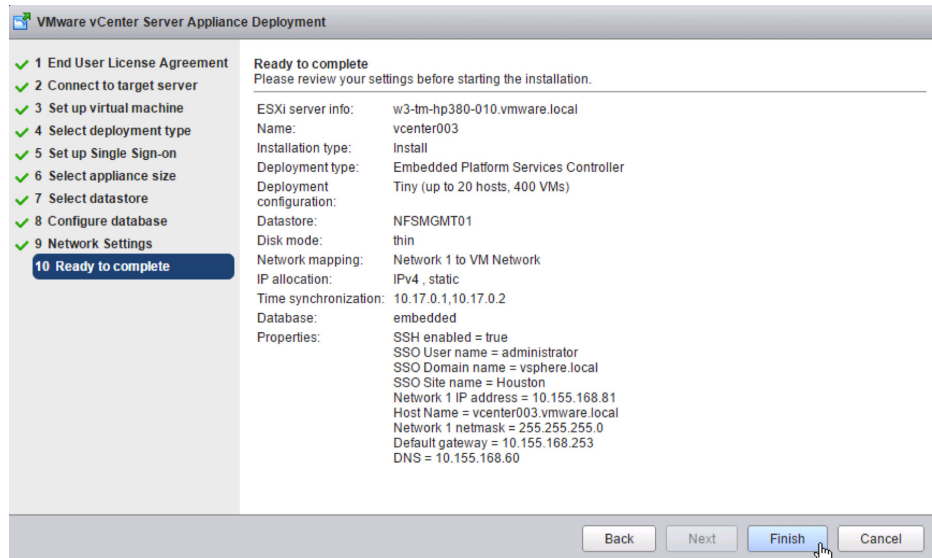
The screenshot shows the 'VMware vCenter Server Appliance Deployment' wizard at step 8, 'Configure database'. The left sidebar lists steps 1 through 10, with step 8 highlighted. The main area is titled 'Configure database' and 'Configure the database for this deployment'. It contains two radio buttons: 'Use an embedded database (vPostgres)' (selected) and 'Use Oracle database'. At the bottom, there are four buttons: 'Back', 'Next' (highlighted with a mouse cursor), 'Finish', and 'Cancel'.

14. Enter **Network Settings** and click **Next**.

*NOTE: The FQDN and IP addresses entered here must be resolvable by the DNS server specified or the deployment will fail.*

The screenshot shows the 'VMware vCenter Server Appliance Deployment' wizard at step 9, 'Network Settings'. The left sidebar lists steps 1 through 10, with step 9 highlighted. The main area contains several configuration fields: 'Choose a network:' (dropdown menu set to 'VM Network'), 'IP address family:' (dropdown menu set to 'IPv4'), 'Network type:' (dropdown menu set to 'static'), 'Network address:' (text box with '10.155.168.81'), 'System name [FQDN or IP address]:' (text box with 'vcenter003.vmware.local'), 'Subnet mask:' (text box with '255.255.255.0'), 'Network gateway:' (text box with '10.155.168.253'), 'Network DNS Servers separated by commas' (text box with '10.155.168.60'), and 'Configure time sync:' (radio buttons for 'Synchronize appliance time with ESXi host' and 'Use NTP servers (Separated by commas)', with the latter selected and a text box containing '10.17.0.1,10.17.0.2'). At the bottom, there are four buttons: 'Back', 'Next' (highlighted with a mouse cursor), 'Finish', and 'Cancel'.

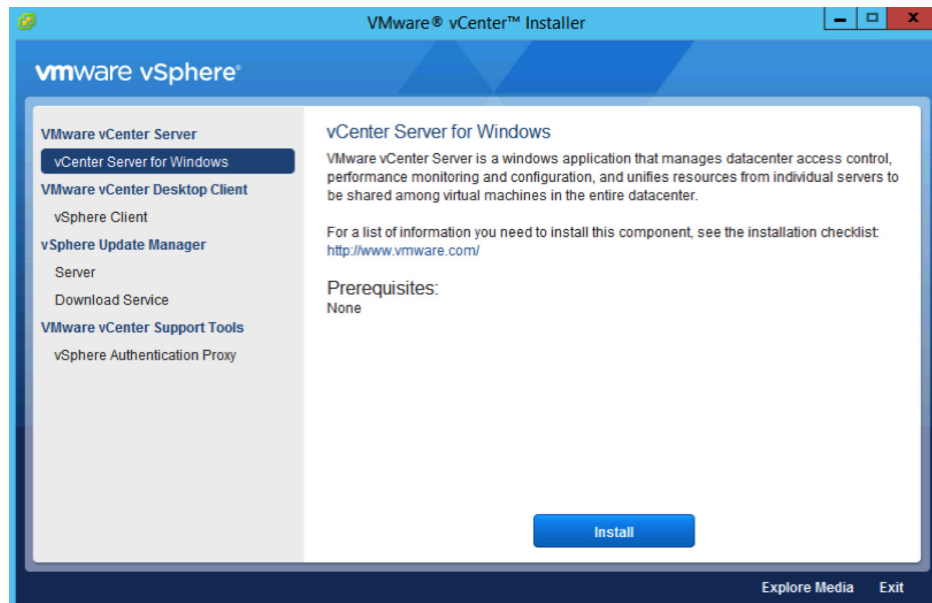
15. Review and click **Finish**.



## Upgrade in Which All vCenter Server Components Are Installed on a Single Machine

### Windows Upgrade

1. Verify all prerequisites.
2. Mount the vCenter Server 6.0 ISO image.
3. If autorun does not start, execute autorun.exe.
4. Select **vCenter Server for Windows** and click **Install**.



5. Click **Next**.
6. Accept the license agreements.
7. Enter the **vCenter Single Sign-On password** and the service account **password** if applicable. Click **Next**.

**VMware vCenter Server 6.0.0**

**vCenter Single Sign-On and vCenter Server Credentials**  
Enter your vCenter Single Sign-On 5.5 and vCenter Server 5.5 administrator credentials.

vCenter Single Sign-On user name: administrator@vsphere.local

vCenter Single Sign-On password: .....

☒ Use the same credentials for vCenter Server

vCenter Server user name: administrator@vsphere.local

vCenter Server password:

The installer has detected that the vCenter Server service is running under the following service account. Enter the credentials for this service account:

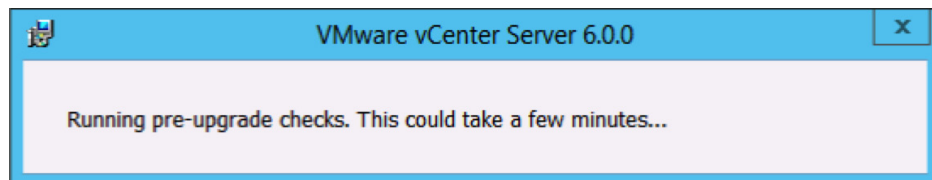
Account user name: VMWARE\svccenter

Account password: .....

The vCenter Single Sign-On credentials must be of a user with vCenter Single Sign-On administrative privileges to your existing vCenter Single Sign-On domain. The vCenter Server credentials must be of a user with administrative privileges to your vCenter Server instance. If the default accounts and domain names were used, the administrator@vsphere.local account would meet both requirements.

< Back   Next >   Cancel

8. Wait for the **pre-upgrade checks** to complete.



9. Accept the default ports and click **Next**.

**Configure Ports**  
Configure network settings and ports for this deployment.

**Common Ports**

|                          |      |
|--------------------------|------|
| HTTP Port:               | 80   |
| HTTPS Port:              | 443  |
| Syslog Service Port:     | 514  |
| Syslog Service TLS Port: | 1514 |

**Platform Services Controller Ports**

|                            |      |
|----------------------------|------|
| Secure Token Service Port: | 7444 |
|----------------------------|------|

**vCenter Server Ports**

|                              |      |
|------------------------------|------|
| Auto Deploy Management Port: | 6502 |
| Auto Deploy Service Port:    | 6501 |
| ESXi Dump Collector Port:    | 6500 |
| ESXi Heartbeat Port:         | 902  |
| vSphere Web Client Port:     | 9443 |

**Some ports are not configurable. To proceed, make the following ports available:**  
88, 389, 636, 2012, 2014, 2020, 7080, 11711, and 11712

< Back   Next >   Cancel

10. Accept or change the installation paths as necessary. Click **Next**.

**Destination Directory**  
Select the storage location for this deployment.

Install vCenter Server with an embedded Platform Services Controller to:  
C:\Program Files\VMware\   Change...

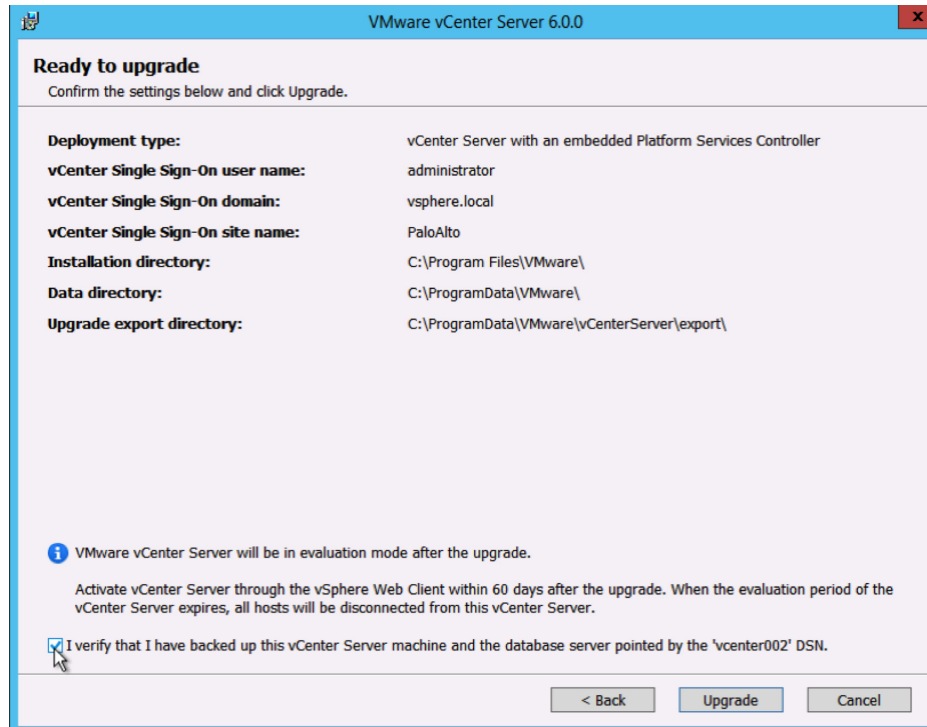
Store data for vCenter Server with an embedded Platform Services Controller in:  
C:\ProgramData\VMware\   Change...

Export your 5.X data to:  
C:\ProgramData\VMware\vCenterServer\export\   Change...

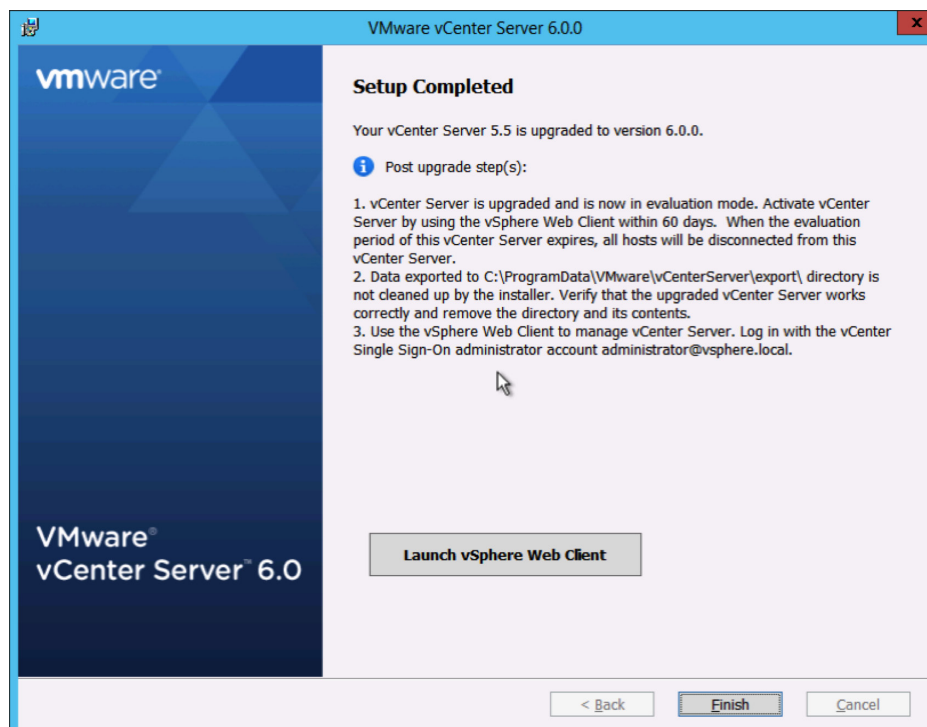
Note: During the upgrade, 5.x data will be stored in this directory, and then migrated to the 6.0.0 deployment. Data exported to this directory will not be cleaned up by the installer. Remove this directory and its contents after the upgrade completes.

< Back   Next >   Cancel

11. Check the box to verify that you have backed up this vCenter Server and its database. Click **Upgrade**.

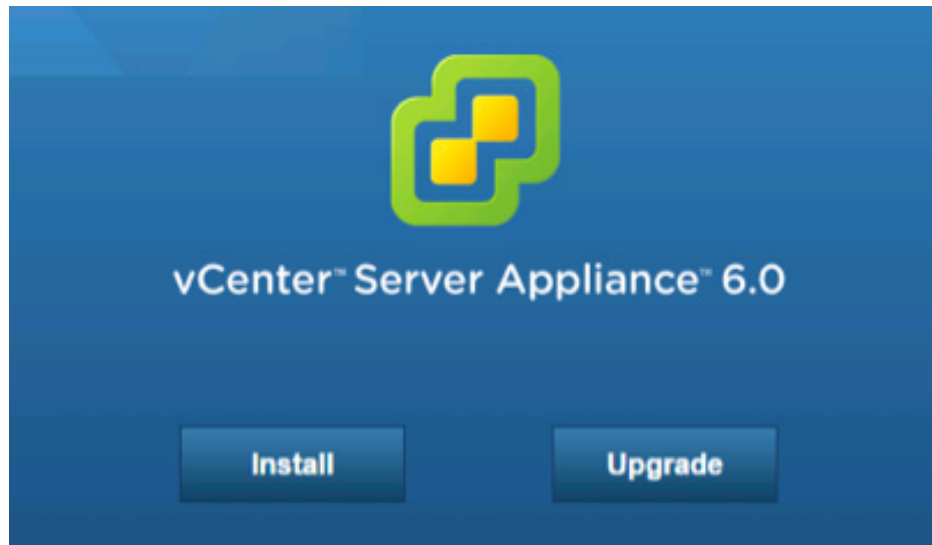


12. When completed, click **Finish**.

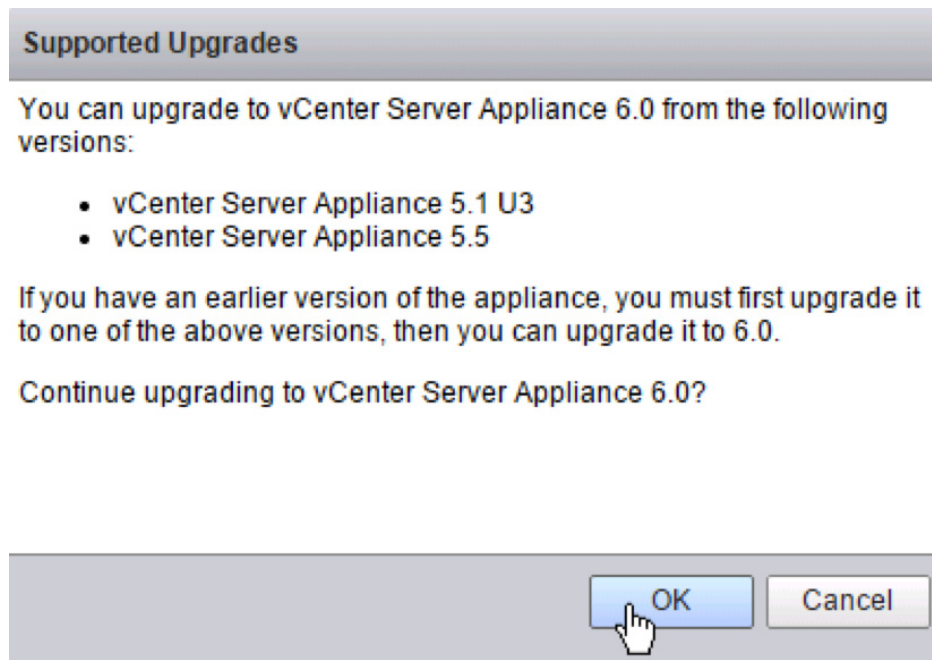


## vCenter Server Appliance Upgrade

1. Mount the ISO image on PC.
2. Open the vcsa folder and install the plug-in.
3. In the root of the ISO image, double-click the vcsa-setup.html file.
4. Wait until you are prompted to enable the client integration plug-in to run. Click **Upgrade**.



5. Click **OK** to the supported upgrades pop-up.



6. Accept the license agreement and click **Next**.
7. Enter a target host and a **User name** and **Password** on the host with root access.

**VMware vCenter Server Appliance Deployment**

✓ 1 End User License Agreement  
**2 Connect to target server**  
 3 Set up virtual machine  
 4 Connect to source appliance  
 5 Set up Single Sign-on  
 6 Select appliance size  
 7 Select datastore  
 8 Network Settings  
 9 Ready to complete

**Connect to target server**  
 Specify the ESXi host on which to deploy the vCenter Server Appliance.

FQDN or IP Address:

User name:  ⓘ

Password:

⚠ Before proceeding:

- Make sure the ESXi host is not in lock down mode or maintenance mode.
- When deploying to a vSphere Distributed Switch (VDS), the appliance must be deployed to an ephemeral portgroup. After deployment, it can be moved to a static or dynamic portgroup.

Back Next Finish Cancel

- Click **Yes** to accept the host's certificate.
- Enter an **Appliance name** and **Enable SSH** if required. Click **Next**.

**VMware vCenter Server Appliance Deployment**

✓ 1 End User License Agreement  
 ✓ 2 Connect to target server  
**3 Set up virtual machine**  
 4 Connect to source appliance  
 5 Set up Single Sign-on  
 6 Select appliance size  
 7 Select datastore  
 8 Network Settings  
 9 Ready to complete

**Set up virtual machine**  
 Specify virtual machine settings for the vCenter Server Appliance to be deployed.

Appliance name:  ⓘ

Back Next Finish Cancel

- Enter the **vCenter Server** version, **FQDN**, **Password**, **vCenter SSO Port** (443), **ESXi host FQDN**, user name, and **password**. Click **Next**.



**VMware vCenter Server Appliance Deployment**

- ✓ 1 End User License Agreement
- ✓ 2 Connect to target server
- ✓ 3 Set up virtual machine
- 4 Connect to source appliance**
- 5 Select appliance size
- 6 Select datastore
- 7 Network Settings
- 8 Ready to complete

Existing Appliance Type: vCSA 5.5

**vCenter Server Appliance**

vCenter Server IP address/FQDN: vcsa01.vmware.local

vCenter Administrator User name: administrator@vsphere.local

vCenter Administrator Password: [masked]

vCenter SSO Port: 443

Appliance (OS) Root password: [masked]

Temporary Upgrade Files Path: /tmp/vmware/cis-export-folder

Migrate Performance & other historical data: ☐ Enabled

**Source ESXi Host**

ESXi host IP address/FQDN: w3-tm-hp380-010.vmware.local

ESXi host user name: root

ESXi host password: [masked]

Back Next Finish Cancel

11. Select **Appliance size** from the drop-down list and click **Next**.

**VMware vCenter Server Appliance Deployment**

- ✓ 1 End User License Agreement
- ✓ 2 Connect to target server
- ✓ 3 Set up virtual machine
- ✓ 4 Select deployment type
- ✓ 5 Set up Single Sign-on
- 6 Select appliance size**
- 7 Select datastore
- 8 Configure database
- 9 Network Settings
- 10 Ready to complete

**Select appliance size**  
Specify a deployment size for the new appliance

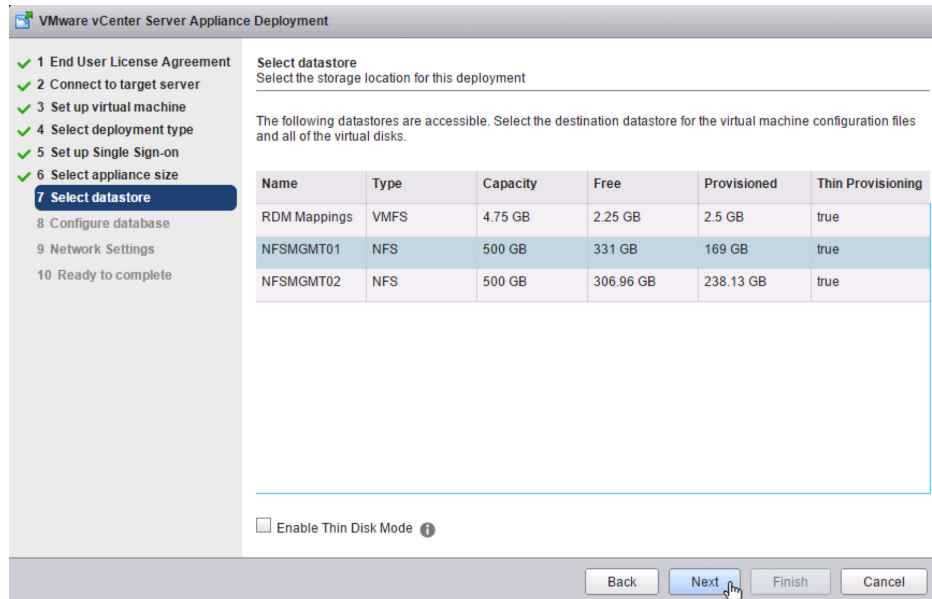
Appliance size: Tiny (up to 20 hosts, 400 VMs)

**Description**

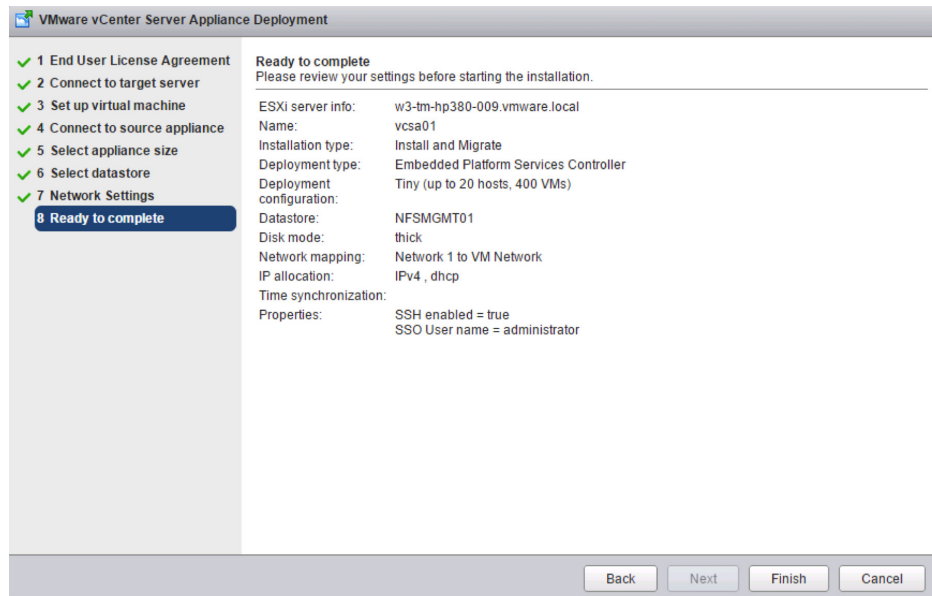
This will deploy a Tiny VM configured with 2 vCPUs and 8 GB of memory and requires 120 GB of disk space. This option contains vCenter Server with an embedded Platform Services Controller.

Back Next Finish Cancel

12. Select **datastore** to deploy the appliance on and click **Next**.



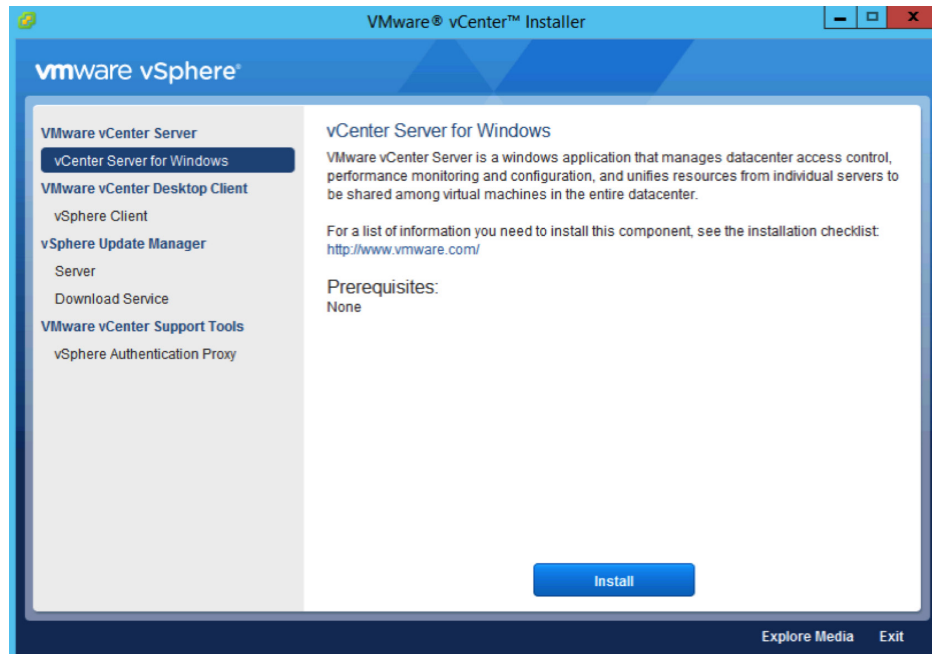
13. Review and click **Finish**.



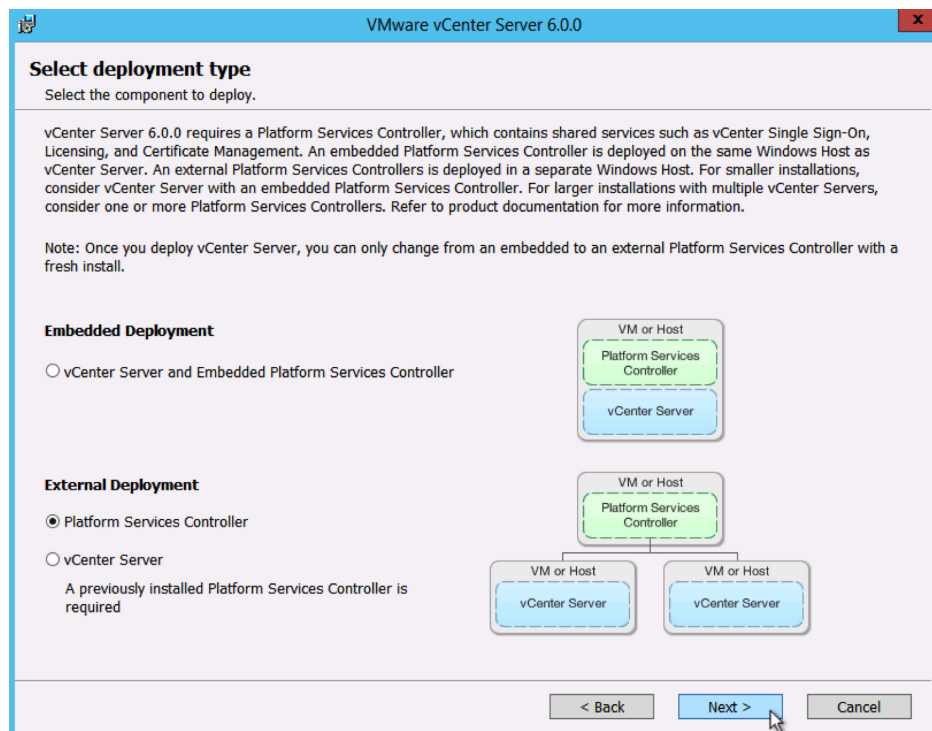
## Fresh External Platform Services Controller Deployment

### Windows Deployment

1. Verify all prerequisites.
2. Mount the vCenter Server 6.0 ISO image.
3. If autorun does not start, execute autorun.exe.
4. Select **vCenter Server for Windows** and click **Install**.



5. Click **Next**.
6. Accept the license agreements.
7. Select **External Deployment Platform Services Controller** and click **Next**.



8. Verify the system name and click **Next**.

**System Network Name**  
Configure the name of this system.

Enter the system name to use for managing the local system. The system name will be encoded in the SSL certificate of the system so that the components can communicate with each other by using this name. Enter the system name as a fully-qualified domain name (FQDN). If DNS is not available, you can provide a static IPv4 address. IPv6 is supported only by using a name.

System Name:

**Note:** The System Network Name cannot be changed after deployment.

< Back   Next >   Cancel

9. If this is the first Platform Services Controller, select **Create a new vCenter Single Sign-On domain**. If this is an additional Platform Services Controller, select **Join a vCenter Single Sign-On domain**.
  - a. For a new vCenter Single Sign-On domain, enter a **password** for the vCenter Single Sign-On administrator, a **Domain name** such as vsphere.local, and a **Site name** such as a city or physical building name.

**vCenter Single Sign-On Configuration**  
Create or join a vCenter Single Sign-On domain.

☒ **Create a new vCenter Single Sign-On domain**

Domain name:

vCenter Single Sign-On user name:

vCenter Single Sign-On password:

Confirm password:

Site name:

☐ **Join a vCenter Single Sign-On domain**

Platform Services Controller FQDN or IP address:

vCenter Single Sign-On HTTPS port:

vCenter Single Sign-On user name:

vCenter Single Sign-On password:

**Note:** vCenter Single Sign-On configuration cannot be changed after deployment.

< Back   Next >   Cancel

- b. To join an existing vCenter Single Sign-On domain, enter the FQDN of an existing Platform Services Controller and the vCenter Single Sign-On administrator's password. Click **Next**. Choose a site to join from the drop-down list. Click **Next**.

**vCenter Single Sign-On Configuration**  
Create or join a vCenter Single Sign-On domain.

☐ Create a new vCenter Single Sign-On domain

Domain name: vsphere.local

vCenter Single Sign-On user name: administrator

vCenter Single Sign-On password: .....

Confirm password: .....

Site name: Houston

☒ Join a vCenter Single Sign-On domain

Platform Services Controller EQDN or IP address: psc01.vmware.local

vCenter Single Sign-On HTTPS port: 443

vCenter Single Sign-On user name: administrator

vCenter Single Sign-On password: .....

**Note:** vCenter Single Sign-On configuration cannot be changed after deployment.

< Back   Next >   Cancel

10. Accept the default ports and click **Next**.

**Configure Ports**  
Configure network settings and ports for this deployment.

**Common Ports**

HTTP Port: 80

HTTPS Port: 443

Syslog Service Port: 514

Syslog Service TLS Port: 1514

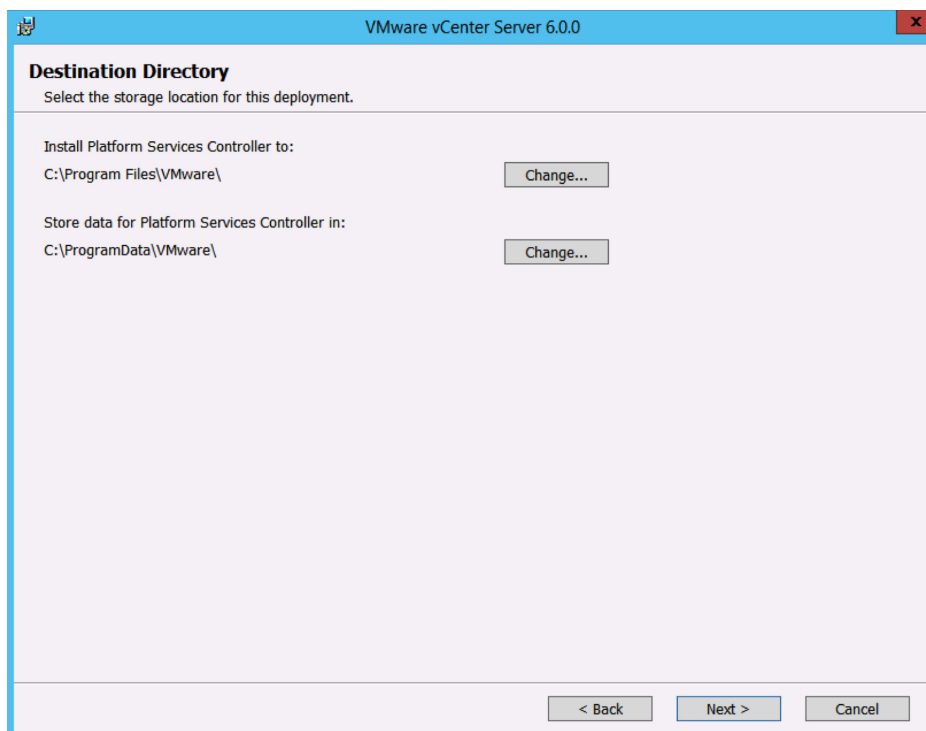
**Platform Services Controller Ports**

Secure Token Service Port: 7444

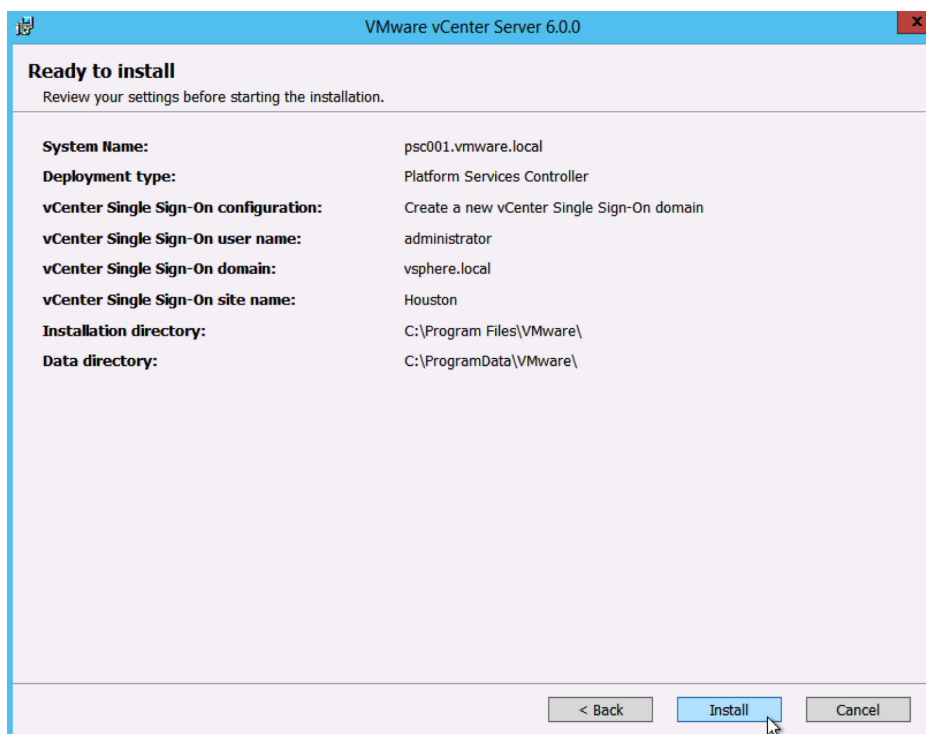
**Note:** Some ports are not configurable. To proceed, make the following ports available:  
88, 389, 636, 2012, 2014, 2020, 7080, 11711, and 11712

< Back   Next >   Cancel

11. Accept or change the installation paths as necessary. Click **Next**.

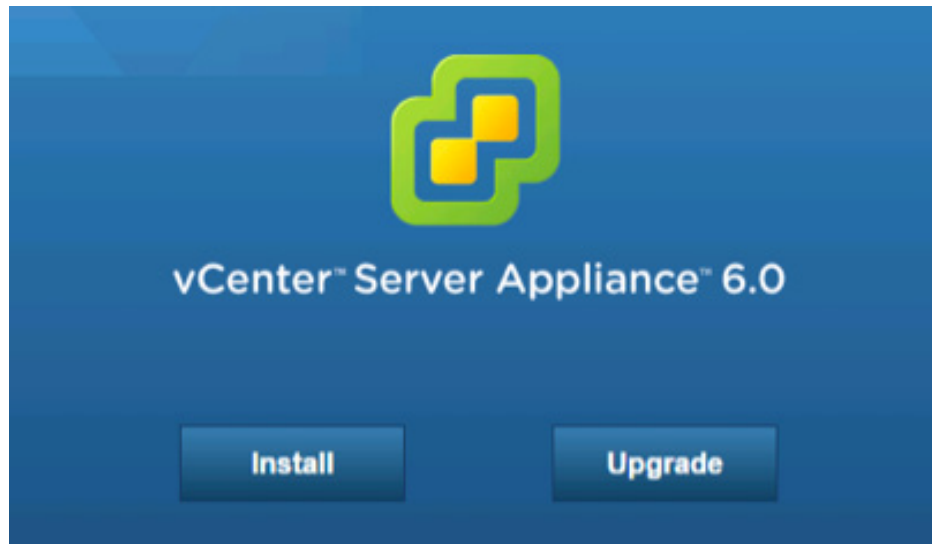


12. Review and click **Install**.



## vCenter Server Appliance Deployment

1. Mount the ISO image on a PC.
2. Open the vcsa folder and install the plug-in.
3. In the root of the ISO image, double-click the vcsa-setup.html file.
4. Wait until you are prompted to enable the client integration plug-in to run. Click **Install**.



5. Accept the license agreement and click **Next**.
6. Enter a target host and a **User name** and **Password** on the host with root access.

 The image is a screenshot of the "VMware vCenter Server Appliance Deployment" wizard. The left sidebar shows a list of steps: 1 End User License Agreement, 2 Connect to target server (highlighted), 3 Set up virtual machine, 4 Select deployment type, 5 Set up Single Sign-on, 6 Single Sign-on Site, 7 Select appliance size, 8 Select datastore, 9 Configure database, 10 Network Settings, and 11 Ready to complete. The main panel is titled "Connect to target server" and contains the following fields: "FQDN or IP Address" with the value "w3-tm-hp380-010.vmware.local", "User name" with the value "root", and "Password" with masked characters. Below these fields is a warning icon and the text "Before proceeding:". Underneath, there are two bullet points: "Make sure the ESXi host is not in lock down mode or maintenance mode." and "When deploying to a vSphere Distributed Switch (VDS), the appliance must be deployed to an ephemeral portgroup. After deployment, it can be moved to a static or dynamic portgroup." At the bottom right, there are four buttons: "Back", "Next" (with a mouse cursor pointing to it), "Finish", and "Cancel".

7. Click **Yes** to accept the host's certificate.
8. Enter an **Appliance name** and the root **password** you want to assign. Click **Next**.

**VMware vCenter Server Appliance Deployment**

✓ 1 End User License Agreement  
✓ 2 Connect to target server  
**3 Set up virtual machine**  
4 Select deployment type  
5 Set up Single Sign-on  
6 Single Sign-on Site  
7 Select appliance size  
8 Select datastore  
9 Configure database  
10 Network Settings  
11 Ready to complete

**Set up virtual machine**  
Specify virtual machine settings for the vCenter Server Appliance to be deployed.

Appliance name:  ⓘ

OS user name: root

OS password:  ⓘ

Confirm OS password:

Back Next Finish Cancel

9. Under **External Platform Services Controller**, select **Install Platform Services Controller**. Click **Next**.

**VMware vCenter Server Appliance Deployment**

✓ 1 End User License Agreement  
✓ 2 Connect to target server  
✓ 3 Set up virtual machine  
**4 Select deployment type**  
5 Set up Single Sign-on  
6 Single Sign-on Site  
7 Select appliance size  
8 Select datastore  
9 Network Settings  
10 Ready to complete

**Select deployment type**  
Select the services to deploy onto this appliance.

vCenter Server 6.0 requires a Platform Services Controller, which contains shared services such as Single Sign-On, Licensing, and Certificate Management. An embedded Platform Services Controller is deployed on the same Appliance VM as vCenter Server. An external Platform Services Controller is deployed in a separate Appliance VM. For smaller installations, consider vCenter Server with an embedded Platform Services Controller. For larger installations with multiple vCenter Servers, consider one or more external Platform Services Controllers. Refer to the vCenter Server documentation for more information.

Note: Once you install vCenter Server, you can only change from an embedded to an external Platform Services Controller with a fresh install.

**Embedded Platform Services Controller**

☐ Install vCenter Server with an Embedded Platform Services Controller

**External Platform Services Controller**

☒ Install Platform Services Controller  
☐ Install vCenter Server (Requires External Platform Services Controller)

Diagram illustrating the deployment options:

- Embedded Platform Services Controller:** A single box labeled "VM or Host" containing "Platform Services Controller" and "vCenter Server".
- External Platform Services Controller:** A box labeled "VM or Host" containing "Platform Services Controller" is connected to two separate boxes labeled "VM or Host", each containing "vCenter Server".

Back Next Finish Cancel

10. If this is the first Platform Services Controller, select **Create a new SSO domain**. If this is an additional Platform Services Controller, select **Join an SSO Domain**.
- For a new vCenter Single Sign-On domain, enter an administrator **vCenter SSO Password**, an **SSO Domain name** such as vsphere.local, and an **SSO Site name**.



**VMware vCenter Server Appliance Deployment**

- ✓ 1 End User License Agreement
- ✓ 2 Connect to target server
- ✓ 3 Set up virtual machine
- ✓ 4 Select deployment type
- 5 Set up Single Sign-on**
- 6 Select appliance size
- 7 Select datastore
- 8 Network Settings
- 9 Ready to complete

**Set up Single Sign-on (SSO)**  
Create or join a SSO domain. An SSO configuration cannot be changed after deployment.

☒ Create a new SSO domain  
☐ Join an SSO domain in an existing vCenter 6.0 platform services controller

vCenter SSO User name: administrator  
 vCenter SSO Password:  ?  
 Confirm password:   
 SSO Domain name: vsphere.local ?  
 SSO Site name: Houston ?

Back Next Finish Cancel

- b. To join an existing vCenter Single Sign-On domain, enter the FQDN of an existing Platform Services Controller and the vCenter Single Sign-On administrator's password. Then click **Next**. Choose a site to join from the drop-down list. Click **Next**.

**VMware vCenter Server Appliance Deployment**

- ✓ 1 End User License Agreement
- ✓ 2 Connect to target server
- ✓ 3 Set up virtual machine
- ✓ 4 Select deployment type
- 5 Set up Single Sign-on**
- 6 Single Sign-on Site
- 7 Select appliance size
- 8 Select datastore
- 9 Configure database
- 10 Network Settings
- 11 Ready to complete

**Set up Single Sign-on (SSO)**  
Create or join a SSO domain. An SSO configuration cannot be changed after deployment.

☐ Create a new SSO domain  
☒ Join an SSO domain in an existing vCenter 6.0 platform services controller

Platform Services Controller FQDN or IP address: psc01.vmware.local  
 vCenter SSO User name: administrator  
 vCenter SSO Password:  ?  
 Port: 443

⚠ Before proceeding make sure to type the correct site name that you want to join. Typing in the wrong site name will create a new site.

Back Next Finish Cancel

11. Click **Next**. There is only one appliance size for the Platform Services Controller.

**VMware vCenter Server Appliance Deployment**

- ✓ 1 End User License Agreement
- ✓ 2 Connect to target server
- ✓ 3 Set up virtual machine
- ✓ 4 Select deployment type
- ✓ 5 Set up Single Sign-on
- 6 Select appliance size**
- 7 Select datastore
- 8 Network Settings
- 9 Ready to complete

**Select appliance size**  
Specify a deployment size for the new appliance

Appliance size: Platform Services Controller

**Description**  
This will deploy an external Platform Services Controller VM with 2 vCPU and 2GB of memory and requires 30 GB of disk space.

Back Next Finish Cancel

12. Select a datastore to deploy the appliance on and click **Next**.

**VMware vCenter Server Appliance Deployment**

- ✓ 1 End User License Agreement
- ✓ 2 Connect to target server
- ✓ 3 Set up virtual machine
- ✓ 4 Select deployment type
- ✓ 5 Set up Single Sign-on
- ✓ 6 Select appliance size
- 7 Select datastore**
- 8 Configure database
- 9 Network Settings
- 10 Ready to complete

**Select datastore**  
Select the storage location for this deployment

The following datastores are accessible. Select the destination datastore for the virtual machine configuration files and all of the virtual disks.

| Name         | Type | Capacity | Free      | Provisioned | Thin Provisioning |
|--------------|------|----------|-----------|-------------|-------------------|
| RDM Mappings | VMFS | 4.75 GB  | 2.25 GB   | 2.5 GB      | true              |
| NFSMGMT01    | NFS  | 500 GB   | 331 GB    | 169 GB      | true              |
| NFSMGMT02    | NFS  | 500 GB   | 306.96 GB | 238.13 GB   | true              |

☐ Enable Thin Disk Mode ⓘ

Back Next Finish Cancel

13. Enter **Network Settings** and click **Next**.

*NOTE: The FQDN and IP addresses entered here must be resolvable by the DNS server specified or the deployment will fail.*

**VMware vCenter Server Appliance Deployment**

- ✓ 1 End User License Agreement
- ✓ 2 Connect to target server
- ✓ 3 Set up virtual machine
- ✓ 4 Select deployment type
- ✓ 5 Set up Single Sign-on
- ✓ 6 Select appliance size
- ✓ 7 Select datastore
- 8 Network Settings**
- 9 Ready to complete

Choose a network: VM Network

IP address family: IPv4

Network type: static

Network address: 10.155.168.73

System name [FQDN or IP address]: psc01.vmware.local

Subnet mask: 255.255.255.0

Network gateway: 10.155.168.253

Network DNS Servers separated by commas: 10.155.168.60

Configure time sync:
 

- ☐ Synchronize appliance time with ESXi host
- ☒ Use NTP servers (Separated by commas)
  - 10.17.0.1,10.17.0.2

Back Next Finish Cancel

14. Review and click **Finish**.

**VMware vCenter Server Appliance Deployment**

- ✓ 1 End User License Agreement
- ✓ 2 Connect to target server
- ✓ 3 Set up virtual machine
- ✓ 4 Select deployment type
- ✓ 5 Set up Single Sign-on
- ✓ 6 Select appliance size
- ✓ 7 Select datastore
- ✓ 8 Network Settings
- 9 Ready to complete**

**Ready to complete**  
Please review your settings before starting the installation.

ESXi server info: w3-tm-hp380-010.vmware.local  
 Name: psc01.vmware.local  
 Installation type: Install  
 Deployment type: Platform Services Controller  
 Datastore: NFSMGMT01  
 Disk mode: thin  
 Network mapping: Network 1 to VM Network  
 IP allocation: IPv4 , static  
 Time synchronization: 10.17.0.1,10.17.0.2  
 Properties:  
 SSH enabled = true  
 SSO User name = administrator  
 SSO Domain name = vsphere.local  
 SSO Site name = Houston  
 Network 1 IP address = 10.155.168.73  
 Host Name = psc01.vmware.local  
 Network 1 netmask = 255.255.255.0  
 Default gateway = 10.155.168.253  
 DNS = 10.155.168.60

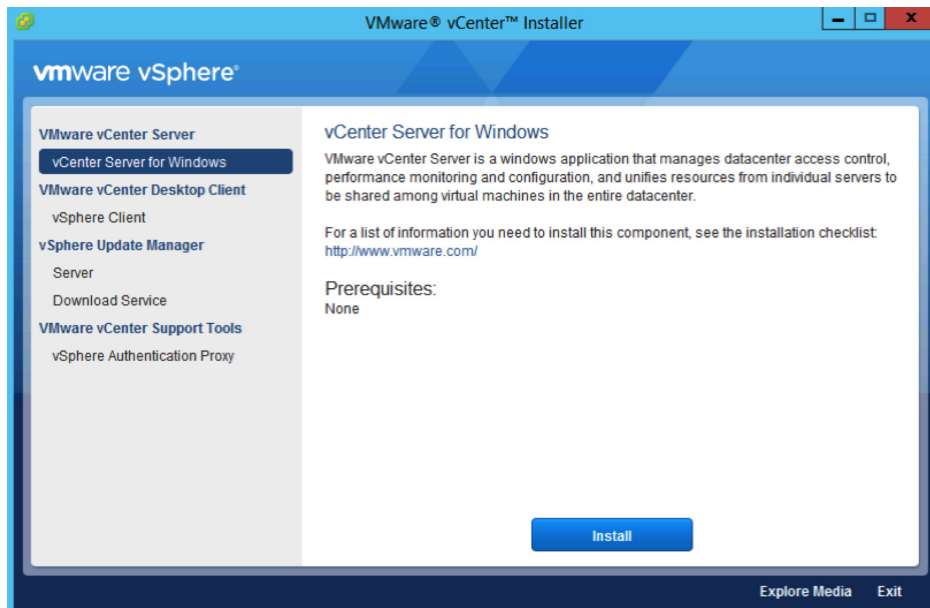
Back Next Finish Cancel

## Fresh External vCenter Server Deployment

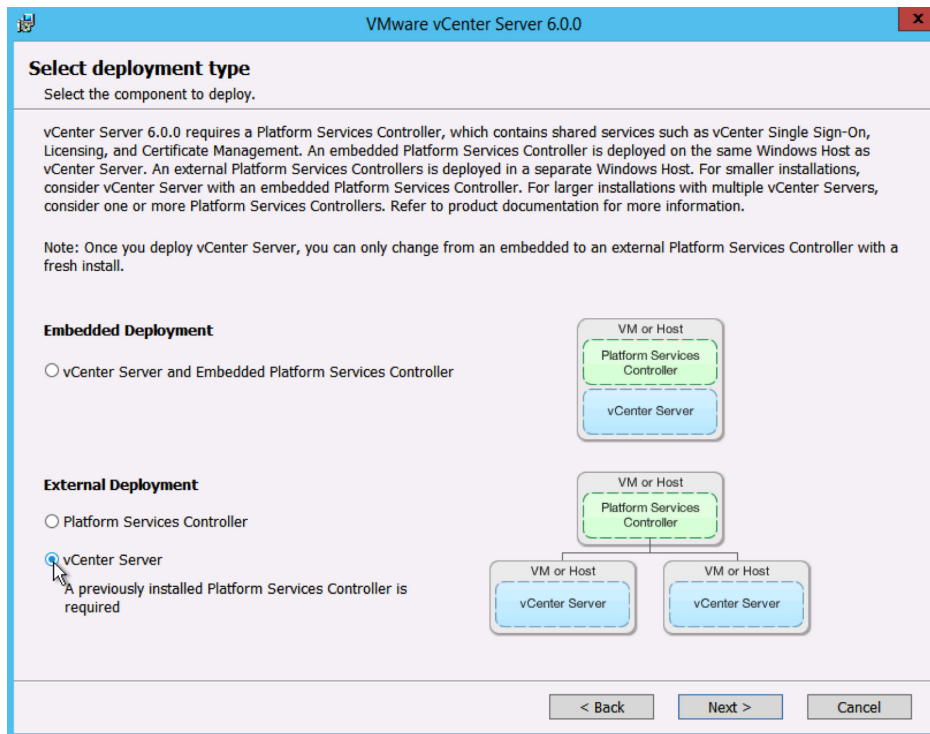
### Windows Deployment

1. Verify all prerequisites.
2. If using a remote database, ensure that a 64-bit DSN has been created. This step is not necessary if using the local PostgreSQL database.
3. Mount the vCenter Server 6.0 ISO image.
4. If autorun does not start, execute autorun.exe.

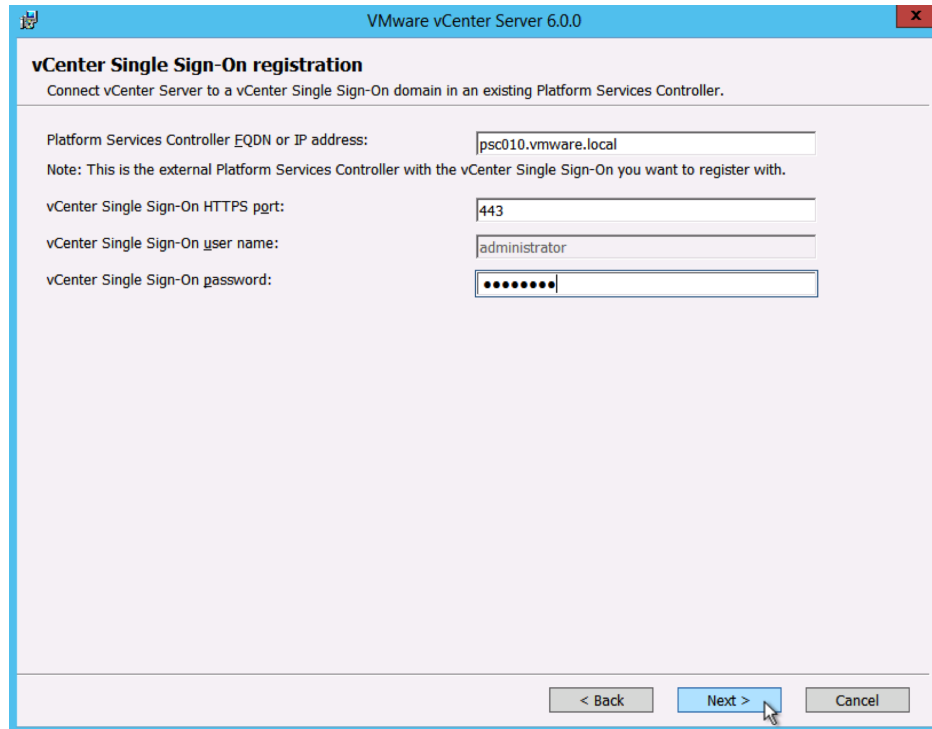
5. Select **vCenter Server for Windows** and click **Install**.



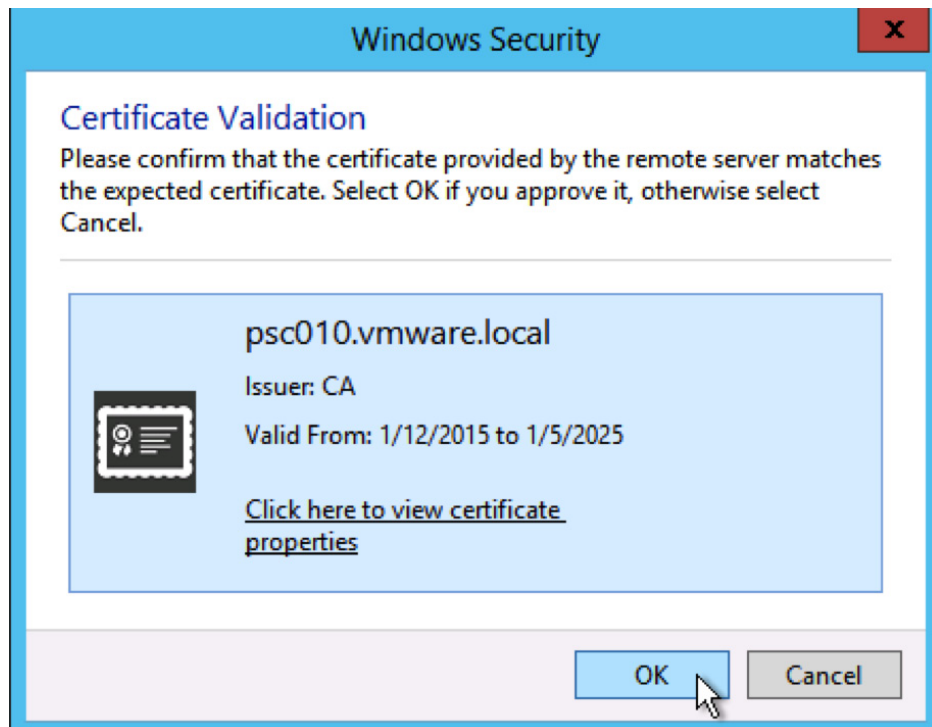
6. Click **Next**.
7. Accept the license agreements.
8. Under **External Deployment**, select **vCenter Server**. Click **Next**.



9. Verify that the FQDN is correct and click **Next**.
10. Enter the external **Platform Services Controller FQDN** and **vCenter Single Sign-On password**. Click **Enter**.



11. Click **OK** to accept the certificate.



12. Select **Use Windows Local System Account** or enter the service account **user name** and **password**.

**vCenter Server Service Account**  
Enter the vCenter Server service account information.

By default, the vCenter Server instance runs in the Windows Local System account. To run in another administrative user account, select the option to specify a user service account and provide the account credentials. The user service account must be granted the 'Log on as a service' privilege.

☐ Use Windows Local System Account  
Note: If you select this option, you cannot connect to an external database using Integrated Windows authentication.

☒ Specify a user service account

Account user name: VMWARE\svcvCenter

Account password: .....

< Back   Next >   Cancel

13. Select **Use an embedded database (vPostgres)** or **Use an external database** and enter the server's **DSN Name**. Click **Next**.

**Database Settings**  
Configure the database for this deployment.

☐ Use an embedded database (vPostgres)

☒ Use an external database

DSN Name: VCDB   Refresh

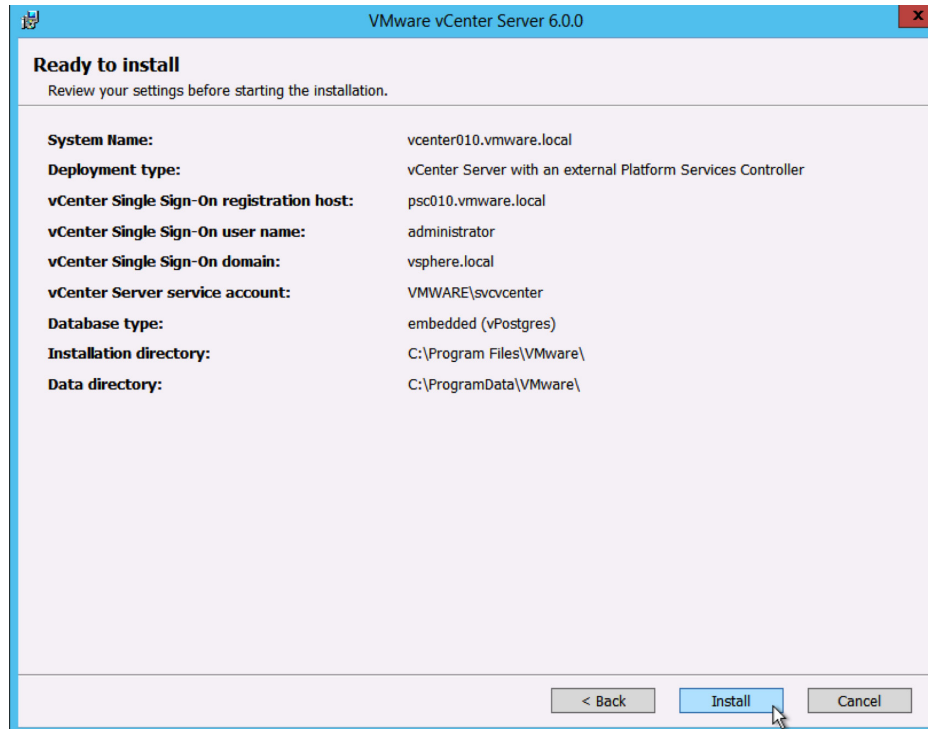
DB user name:

DB password:

The chosen DSN is configured to use Integrated Windows Authentication. SQL Server will use the credentials of the user to verify authenticity.

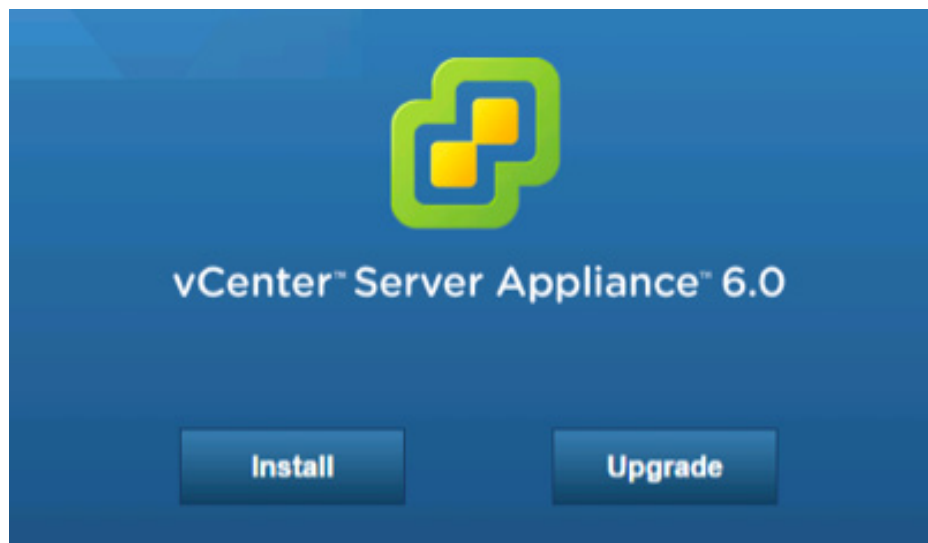
< Back   Next >   Cancel

14. Unless required, leave all ports at their defaults and click **Next**.
15. Unless required, leave the default paths for installation and click **Next**.
16. Review and then click **Install**.



## vCenter Server Appliance Deployment

1. Mount the ISO image on a PC.
2. Open the vcса folder and install the plug-in.
3. In the root of the ISO image, double-click the vcса-setup.html file.
4. Wait until you are prompted to enable the client integration plug-in to run. Click **Install**.



5. Accept the license agreement and click **Next**.
6. Enter a target host, a **user name**, and a **password** on the host with root access.

**VMware vCenter Server Appliance Deployment**

✓ 1 End User License Agreement  
**2 Connect to target server**  
 3 Set up virtual machine  
 4 Select deployment type  
 5 Set up Single Sign-on  
 6 Single Sign-on Site  
 7 Select appliance size  
 8 Select datastore  
 9 Configure database  
 10 Network Settings  
 11 Ready to complete

**Connect to target server**  
 Specify the ESXi host on which to deploy the vCenter Server Appliance.

FQDN or IP Address:

User name:  ⓘ

Password:  ⓘ

⚠ Before proceeding:

- Make sure the ESXi host is not in lock down mode or maintenance mode.
- When deploying to a vSphere Distributed Switch (VDS), the appliance must be deployed to an ephemeral portgroup. After deployment, it can be moved to a static or dynamic portgroup.

Back Next Finish Cancel

- Click **Yes** to accept the host's certificate.
- Enter **Appliance name** and the root **password** you want to assign. Click **Next**.

**VMware vCenter Server Appliance Deployment**

✓ 1 End User License Agreement  
 ✓ 2 Connect to target server  
**3 Set up virtual machine**  
 4 Select deployment type  
 5 Set up Single Sign-on  
 6 Single Sign-on Site  
 7 Select appliance size  
 8 Select datastore  
 9 Configure database  
 10 Network Settings  
 11 Ready to complete

**Set up virtual machine**  
 Specify virtual machine settings for the vCenter Server Appliance to be deployed.

Appliance name:  ⓘ

OS user name:

OS password:  ⓘ

Confirm OS password:

Back Next Finish Cancel

- Under **External Platform Services Controller**, select **Install vCenter Server**. Click **Next**.



**VMware vCenter Server Appliance Deployment**

- ✓ 1 End User License Agreement
- ✓ 2 Connect to target server
- ✓ 3 Set up virtual machine
- 4 Select deployment type**
- 5 Configure Single Sign-On
- 6 Select appliance size
- 7 Select datastore
- 8 Configure database
- 9 Network Settings
- 10 Ready to complete

**Select deployment type**  
Select the services to deploy onto this appliance.

vCenter Server 6.0 requires a Platform Services Controller, which contains shared services such as Single Sign-On, Licensing, and Certificate Management. An embedded Platform Services Controller is deployed on the same Appliance VM as vCenter Server. An external Platform Services Controller is deployed in a separate Appliance VM. For smaller installations, consider vCenter Server with an embedded Platform Services Controller. For larger installations with multiple vCenter Servers, consider one or more external Platform Services Controllers. Refer to the vCenter Server documentation for more information.

Note: Once you install vCenter Server, you can only change from an embedded to an external Platform Services Controller with a fresh install.

**Embedded Platform Services Controller**

☐ Install vCenter Server with an Embedded Platform Services Controller

**External Platform Services Controller**

☒ Install Platform Services Controller

☒ Install vCenter Server (Requires External Platform Services Controller)

Back Next Finish Cancel

10. Enter the external **Platform Services Controller FQDN** and **vCenter SSO password**. Click **Next**.

**VMware vCenter Server Appliance Deployment**

- ✓ 1 End User License Agreement
- ✓ 2 Connect to target server
- ✓ 3 Set up virtual machine
- ✓ 4 Select deployment type
- 5 Configure Single Sign-On**
- 6 Select appliance size
- 7 Select datastore
- 8 Configure database
- 9 Network Settings
- 10 Ready to complete

**Configure Single Sign-On (SSO)**  
Connect vCenter Server to a SSO domain in an existing platform services controller. An SSO configuration cannot be changed after deployment.

Platform Services Controller FQDN or IP address:

vCenter SSO User name:

vCenter SSO password:

vCenter Single Sign-On HTTPS Port:

Back Next Finish Cancel

11. Select **Appliance size** from the drop-down list. Click **Next**.

**VMware vCenter Server Appliance Deployment**

- ✓ 1 End User License Agreement
- ✓ 2 Connect to target server
- ✓ 3 Set up virtual machine
- ✓ 4 Select deployment type
- ✓ 5 Set up Single Sign-on
- 6 Select appliance size**
- 7 Select datastore
- 8 Configure database
- 9 Network Settings
- 10 Ready to complete

**Select appliance size**  
Specify a deployment size for the new appliance

Appliance size:

- Tiny (up to 20 hosts, 400 VMs)
- Tiny (up to 20 hosts, 400 VMs)**
- Small (up to 150 hosts, 3,000 VMs)
- Medium (up to 300 hosts, 6,000 VMs)
- Large (up to 1000 hosts, 10,000 VMs)

**Description**

This will deploy a Tiny VM configured with 2 vCPUs and 8 GB of memory and requires 120 GB of disk space. This option contains vCenter Server with an embedded Platform Services Controller.

Back Next Finish Cancel

12. Select **datastore** to deploy the appliance on. Click **Next**.

**VMware vCenter Server Appliance Deployment**

- ✓ 1 End User License Agreement
- ✓ 2 Connect to target server
- ✓ 3 Set up virtual machine
- ✓ 4 Select deployment type
- ✓ 5 Set up Single Sign-on
- ✓ 6 Select appliance size
- 7 Select datastore**
- 8 Configure database
- 9 Network Settings
- 10 Ready to complete

**Select datastore**  
Select the storage location for this deployment

The following datastores are accessible. Select the destination datastore for the virtual machine configuration files and all of the virtual disks.

| Name         | Type | Capacity | Free      | Provisioned | Thin Provisioning |
|--------------|------|----------|-----------|-------------|-------------------|
| RDM Mappings | VMFS | 4.75 GB  | 2.25 GB   | 2.5 GB      | true              |
| NFSMGMT01    | NFS  | 500 GB   | 331 GB    | 169 GB      | true              |
| NFSMGMT02    | NFS  | 500 GB   | 306.96 GB | 238.13 GB   | true              |

☐ Enable Thin Disk Mode ⓘ

Back Next Finish Cancel

13. Select **Use an embedded database (vPostgres)**, which is recommended, or **Use Oracle database**. Click **Next**.

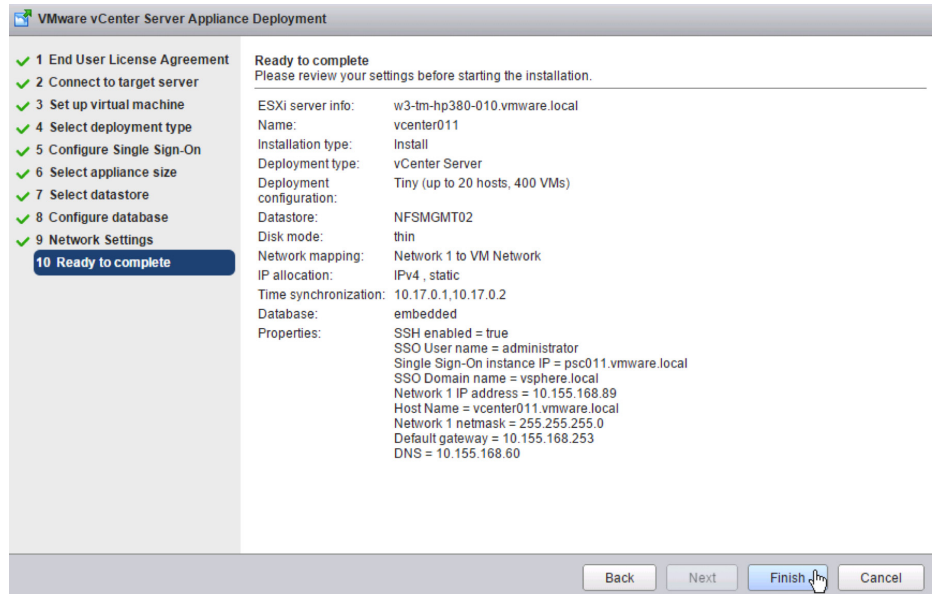
The screenshot shows the 'Configure database' step of the VMware vCenter Server Appliance Deployment wizard. On the left, a progress list shows steps 1 through 10, with step 8 'Configure database' highlighted. The main area is titled 'Configure database' and 'Configure the database for this deployment'. It contains two radio buttons: 'Use an embedded database (vPostgres)' which is selected, and 'Use Oracle database'. At the bottom, there are four buttons: 'Back', 'Next', 'Finish', and 'Cancel'. A mouse cursor is pointing at the 'Next' button.

14. Enter **Network settings** and click **Next**.

*NOTE: The FQDN or IP address entered here must be resolvable by the DNS server specified or the deployment will fail.*

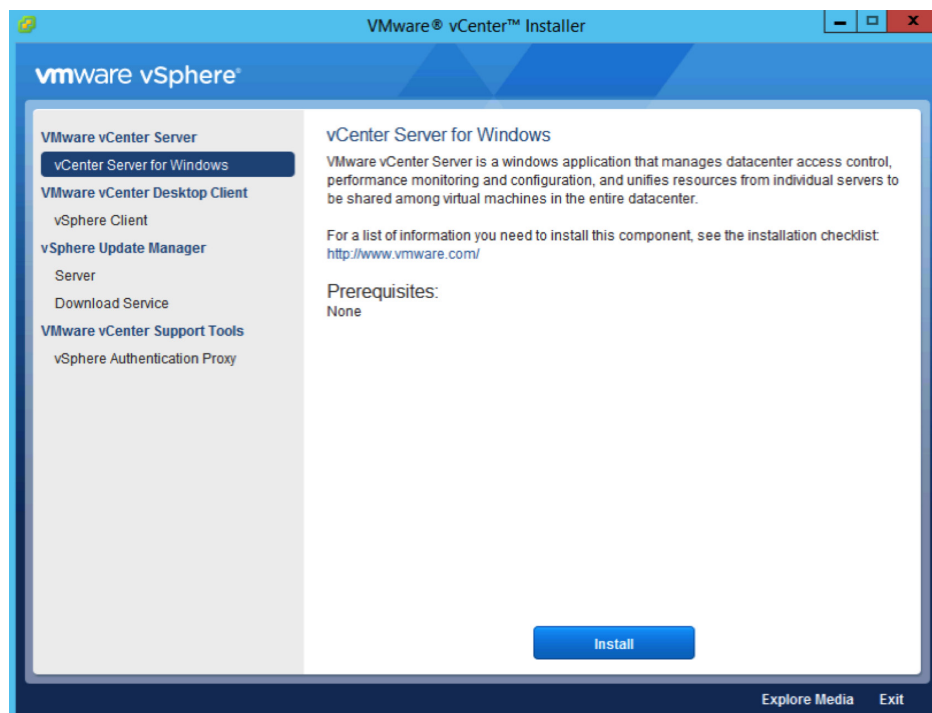
The screenshot shows the 'Network Settings' step of the VMware vCenter Server Appliance Deployment wizard. On the left, the progress list shows step 9 'Network Settings' highlighted. The main area contains several configuration fields: 'Network type' (static), 'Network address' (10.155.168.89), 'System name [FQDN or IP address]' (vcenter011.vmware.local), 'Subnet mask' (255.255.255.0), 'Network gateway' (10.155.168.253), and 'Network DNS Servers separated by commas' (10.155.168.60). There is also a 'Configure time sync' section with two radio buttons: 'Synchronize appliance time with ESXi host' and 'Use NTP servers (Separated by commas)', with the latter selected and a text box containing '10.17.0.1,10.17.0.2'. A checkbox for 'Enable ssh' is checked. At the bottom, there are four buttons: 'Back', 'Next', 'Finish', and 'Cancel'. A mouse cursor is pointing at the 'Next' button. A warning icon and text at the bottom state: 'Before proceeding make sure there is time synchronization between ESXi host and the NTP servers. If not, deployment will fail.'

15. Review and click **Finish**.

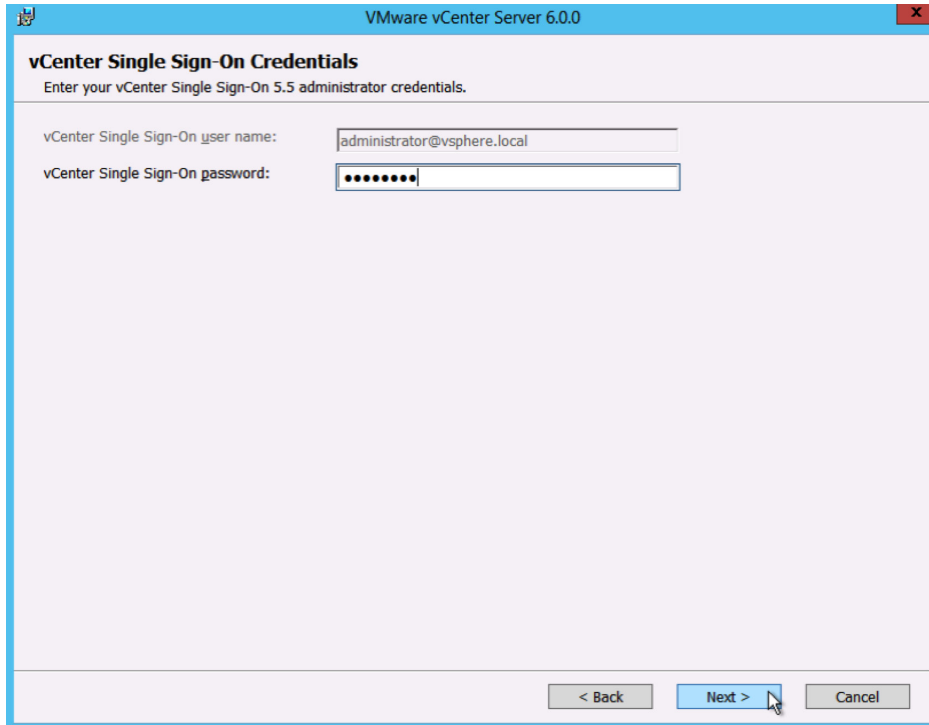


## Upgrade External vCenter Single Sign-On

1. Back up the vCenter Single Sign-On and vCenter Server machines.
2. Log in to the vCenter Single Sign-On machine.
3. Mount the vCenter Server 6.0 ISO image.
4. If autorun does not start, execute autorun.exe.
5. Select **vCenter Server for Windows** and click **Install**.

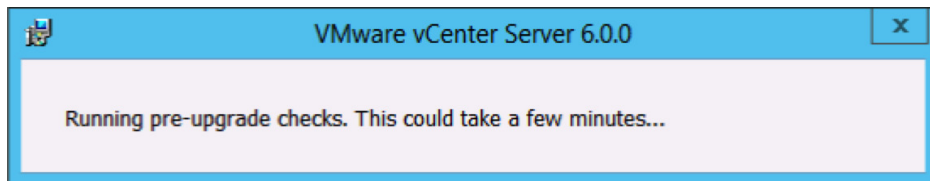


6. Click **Next**.
7. Accept the license agreements.
8. Enter the **vCenter Single Sign-On password** for the administrator@vsphere.local account. Click **Next**.



The screenshot shows a Windows-style dialog box titled "VMware vCenter Server 6.0.0". The main heading is "vCenter Single Sign-On Credentials" with a subtitle "Enter your vCenter Single Sign-On 5.5 administrator credentials." Below this, there are two input fields. The first is labeled "vCenter Single Sign-On user name:" and contains the text "administrator@vsphere.local". The second is labeled "vCenter Single Sign-On password:" and contains a series of dots. At the bottom right, there are three buttons: "< Back", "Next >", and "Cancel". A mouse cursor is pointing at the "Next >" button.

9. Wait for the **pre-upgrade checks** to complete.



10. Accept the default ports and click **Next**.

**Configure Ports**  
Configure network settings and ports for this deployment.

**Common Ports**

|                          |      |
|--------------------------|------|
| HTTP Port:               | 80   |
| HTTPS Port:              | 443  |
| Syslog Service Port:     | 514  |
| Syslog Service TLS Port: | 1514 |

**Platform Services Controller Ports**

|                            |      |
|----------------------------|------|
| Secure Token Service Port: | 7444 |
|----------------------------|------|

**i** Some ports are not configurable. To proceed, make the following ports available:  
88, 389, 636, 12012, 2014, 2020, 7080, 11711, and 11712

< Back   **Next >**   Cancel

11. Select your installation path or take the defaults. Click **Next**.

**Destination Directory**  
Select the storage location for this deployment.

Install Platform Services Controller to:  
C:\Program Files\VMware\   **Change...**

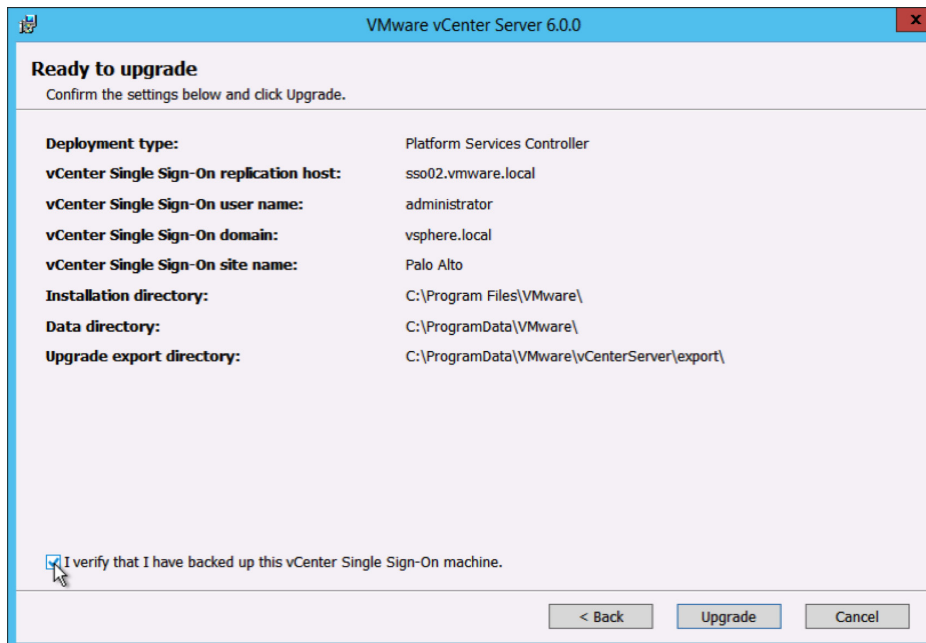
Store data for Platform Services Controller in:  
C:\ProgramData\VMware\   **Change...**

Export your 5.X data to:  
C:\ProgramData\VMware\vCenterServer\export\   **Change...**

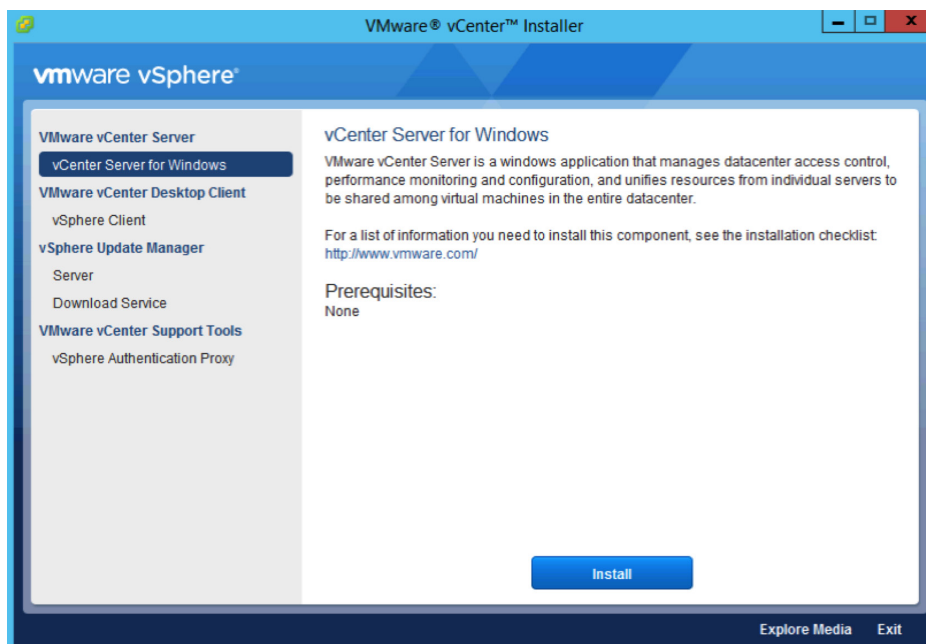
**Note:** During the upgrade, 5.x data will be stored in this directory, and then migrated to the 6.0.0 deployment. Data exported to this directory will not be cleaned up by the installer. Remove this directory and its contents after the upgrade completes.

< Back   **Next >**   Cancel

12. Check **I verify that I have backed up this vCenter Single Sign-On machine**. Click **Upgrade**.

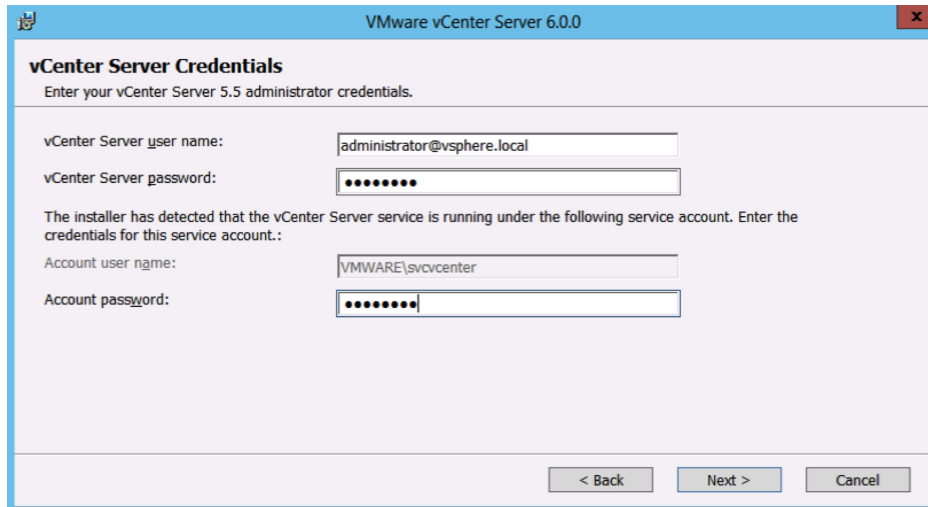


13. Click **Finish**.
14. Log in to the vCenter Server you want to upgrade.
15. Mount the vCenter Server 6.0 ISO image.
16. If autorun does not start, execute autorun.exe.
17. Select **vCenter Server for Windows** and click **Install**.



18. Click **Next**.
19. Accept the license agreements.

20. Enter the **vCenter Server password** for the administrator@vsphere.local account and the **Account password** for the service account (if applicable). Click **Next**.



**VMware vCenter Server 6.0.0**

**vCenter Server Credentials**  
Enter your vCenter Server 5.5 administrator credentials.

vCenter Server user name: administrator@vsphere.local

vCenter Server password: [masked]

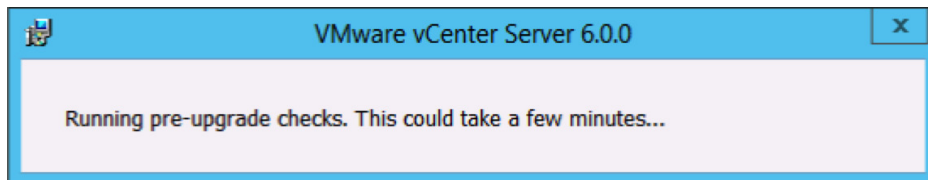
The installer has detected that the vCenter Server service is running under the following service account. Enter the credentials for this service account.:

Account user name: VMWARE\svccenter

Account password: [masked]

< Back   Next >   Cancel

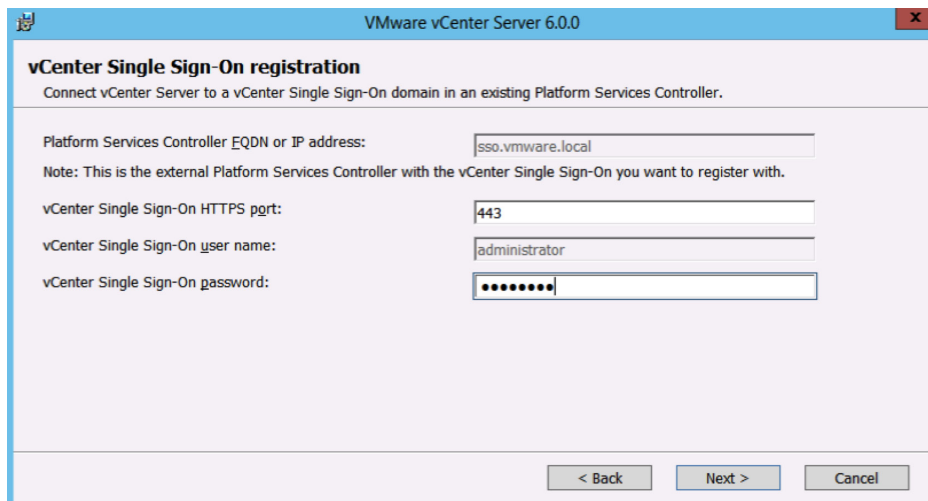
21. Wait for the **pre-upgrade checks** to complete.



**VMware vCenter Server 6.0.0**

Running pre-upgrade checks. This could take a few minutes...

22. Enter the **vCenter Single Sign-On password** for the administrator@vsphere.local account. Click **Next**.



**VMware vCenter Server 6.0.0**

**vCenter Single Sign-On registration**  
Connect vCenter Server to a vCenter Single Sign-On domain in an existing Platform Services Controller.

Platform Services Controller EQDN or IP address: sso.vmware.local

Note: This is the external Platform Services Controller with the vCenter Single Sign-On you want to register with.

vCenter Single Sign-On HTTPS port: 443

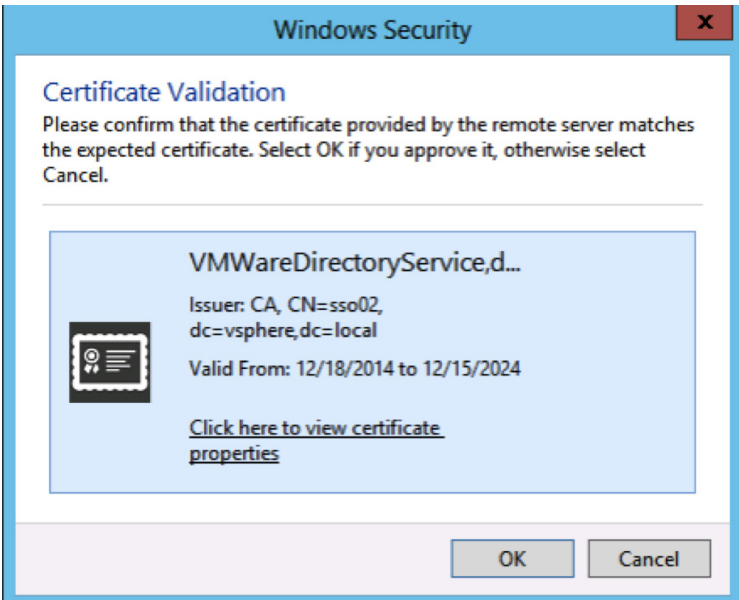
vCenter Single Sign-On user name: administrator

vCenter Single Sign-On password: [masked]

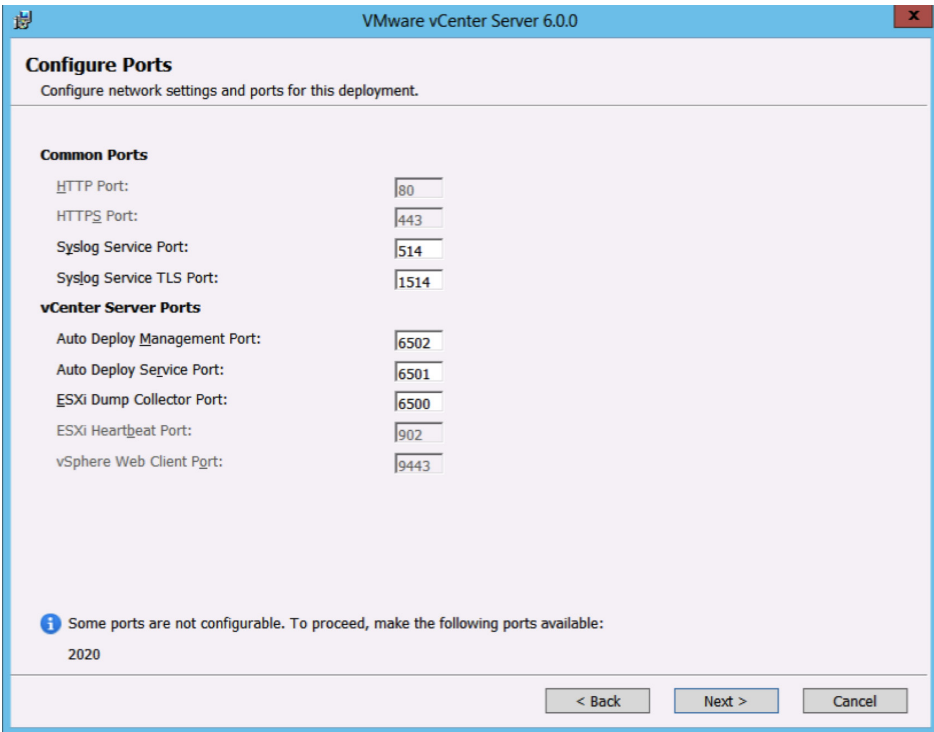
< Back   Next >   Cancel



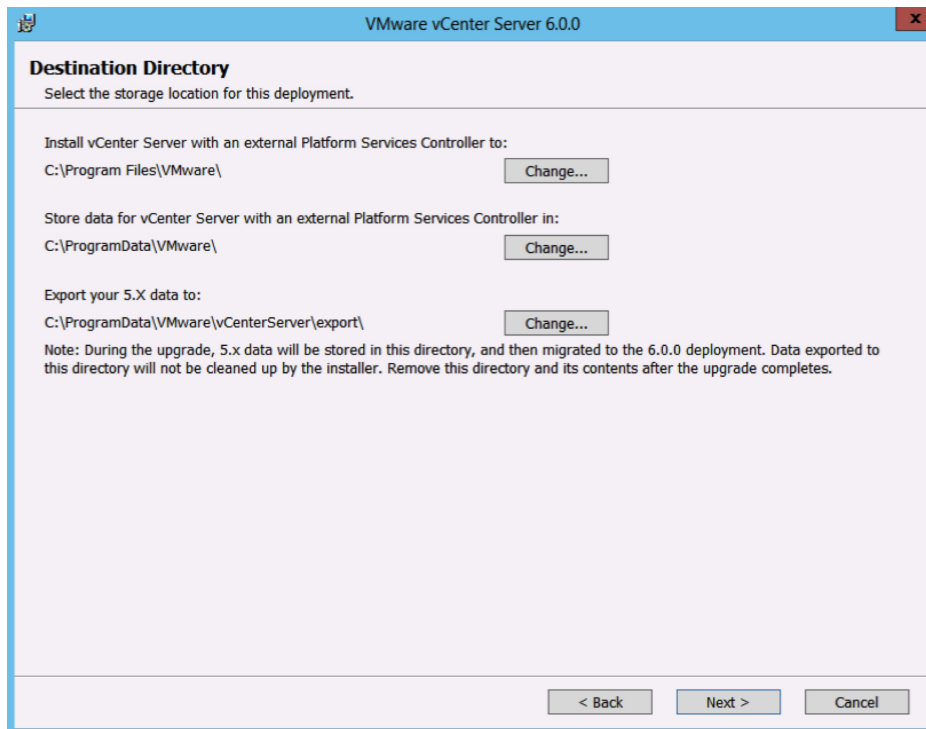
23. Click **OK** to accept the certificate.



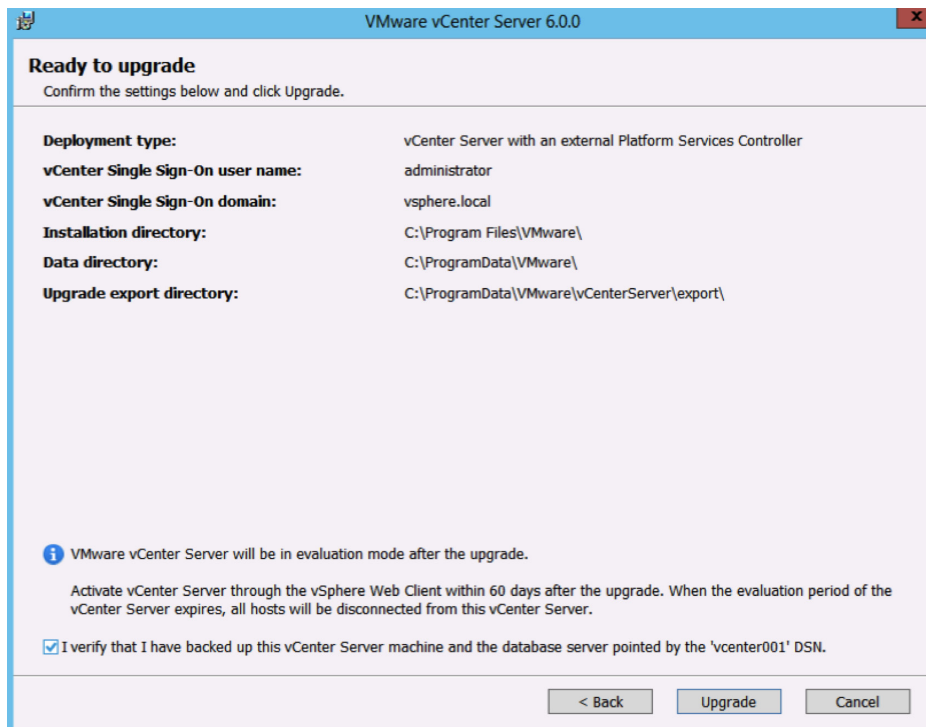
24. Accept the default ports and click **Next**.



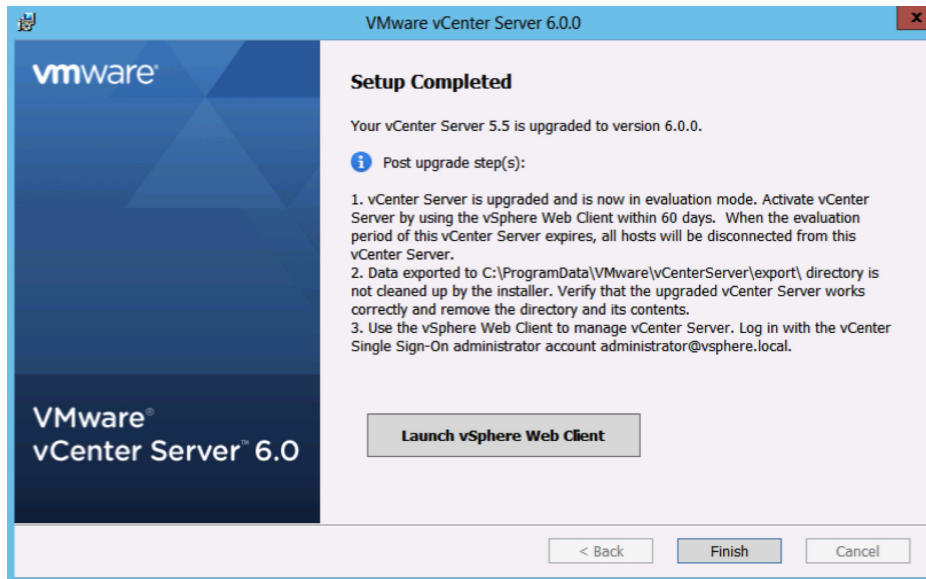
25. Accept or change the installation paths as necessary. Click **Next**.



26. Check the box to verify that you have backed up the vCenter Server and its database. Click **Upgrade**.



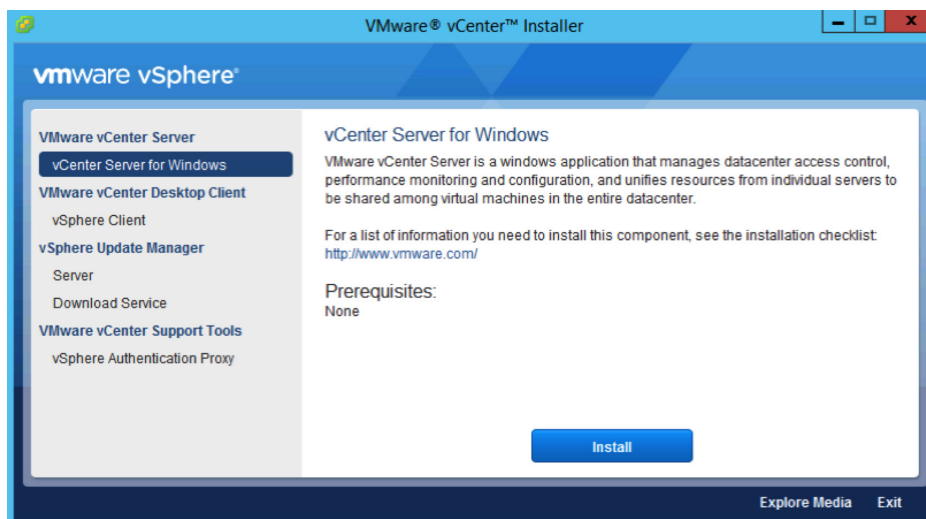
27. When completed, click **Finish**.



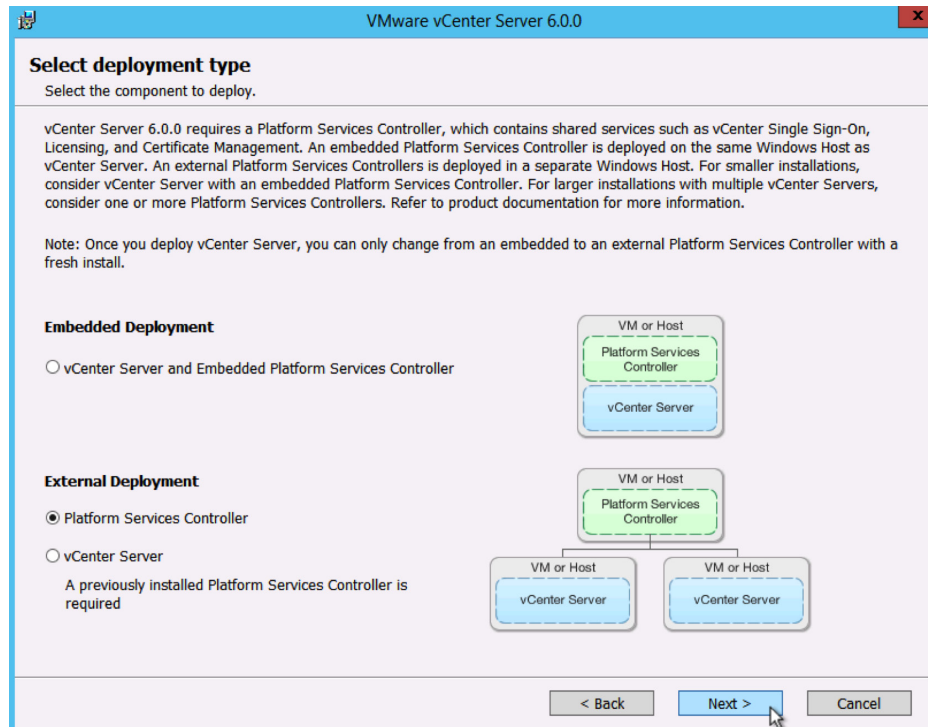
## Fresh vCenter Single Sign-On High Availability Deployment

### Windows Deployment

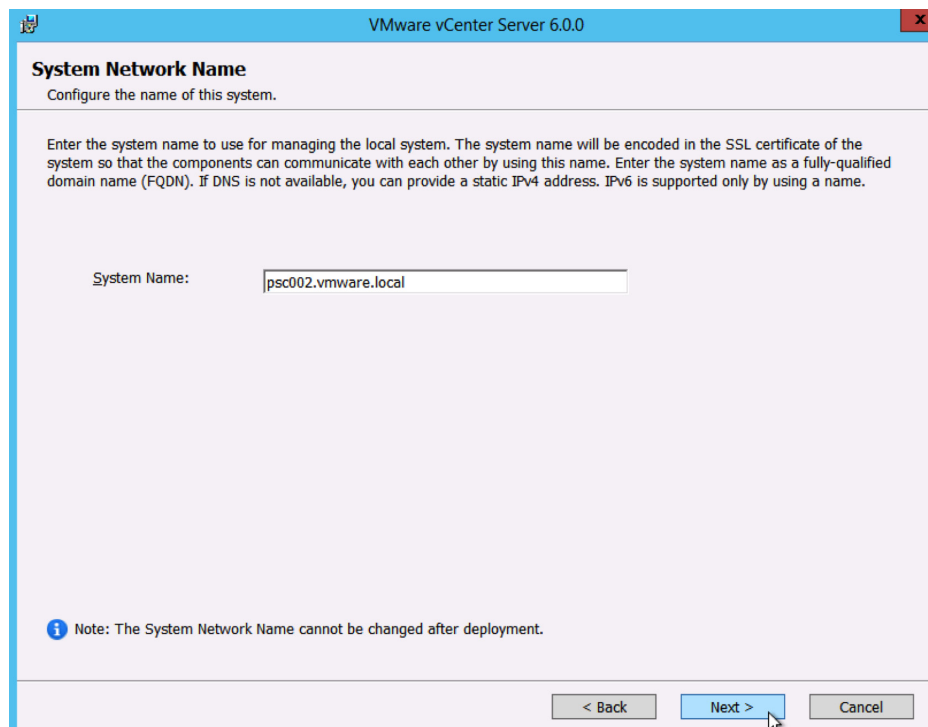
1. Complete steps 1-12 in the “Fresh External Platform Services Controller Deployment” section.
2. Log in to the second Windows Server to become a Platform Services Controller.
3. Mount the vCenter Server 6.0 ISO image.
4. If autorun does not start, execute autorun.exe.
5. Select **vCenter Server for Windows** and click **Install**.



6. Click **Next**.
7. Accept the license agreements.
8. Under **External Deployment**, select **Platform Services Controller**. Click **Next**.



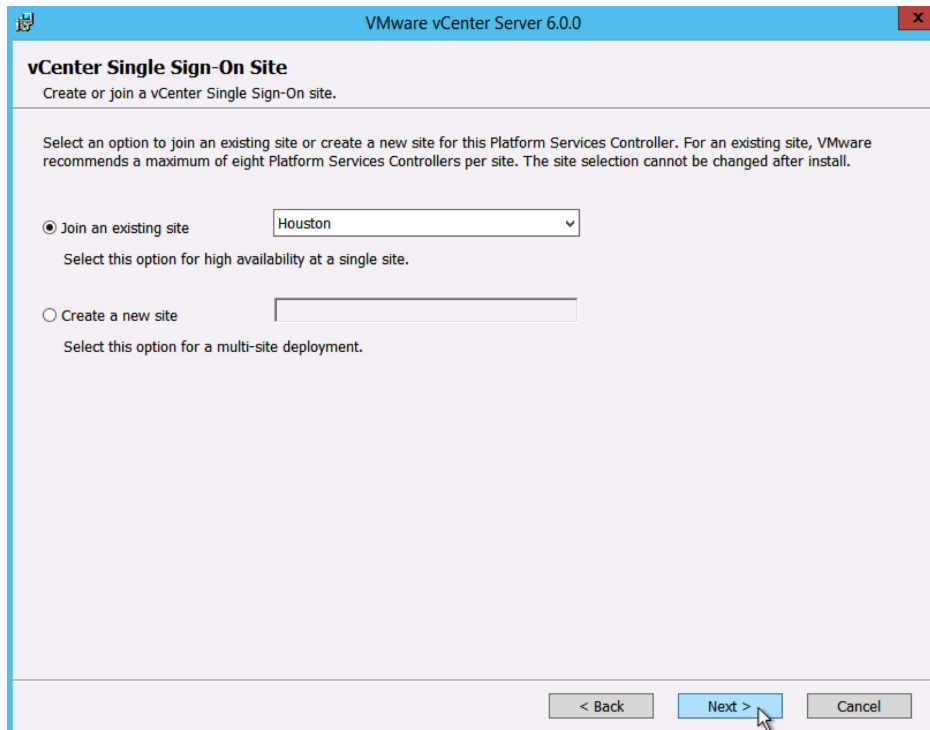
9. Verify the **System Name** and click **Next**.



10. Select **Join a vCenter Single Sign-On domain** and enter the **FQDN** and **password**. Click **Next**.

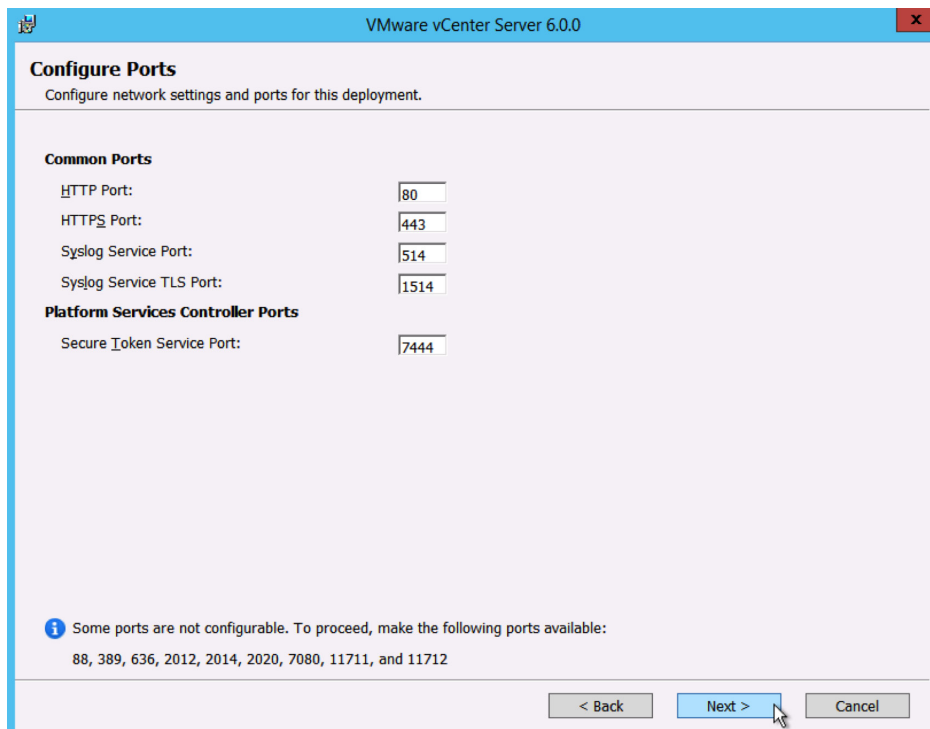
11. Click **OK** to accept the certificate from the Platform Services Controller.

12. Select **Join an existing site** and enter the site. Click **Next**.



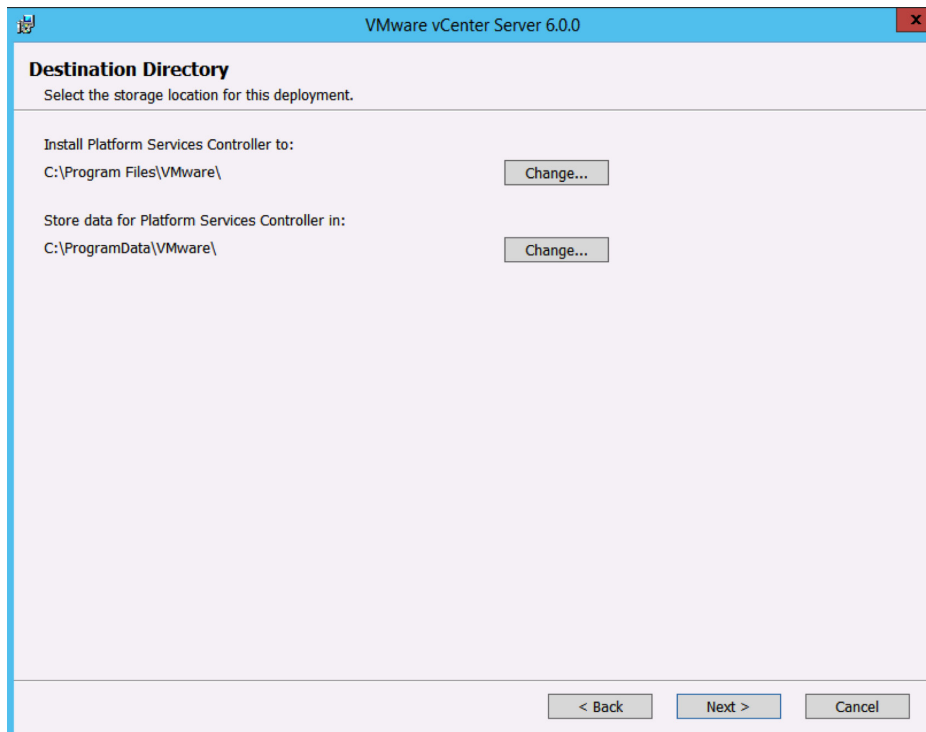
The screenshot shows the "vCenter Single Sign-On Site" configuration window in VMware vCenter Server 6.0.0. The window title is "vCenter Single Sign-On Site" and the subtitle is "Create or join a vCenter Single Sign-On site." The main text reads: "Select an option to join an existing site or create a new site for this Platform Services Controller. For an existing site, VMware recommends a maximum of eight Platform Services Controllers per site. The site selection cannot be changed after install." There are two radio button options: "Join an existing site" (selected) and "Create a new site". The "Join an existing site" option has a dropdown menu showing "Houston". Below the radio buttons, there is a note: "Select this option for high availability at a single site." for the first option and "Select this option for a multi-site deployment." for the second option. At the bottom right, there are three buttons: "< Back", "Next >" (highlighted with a mouse cursor), and "Cancel".

13. Accept the default ports and click **Next**.

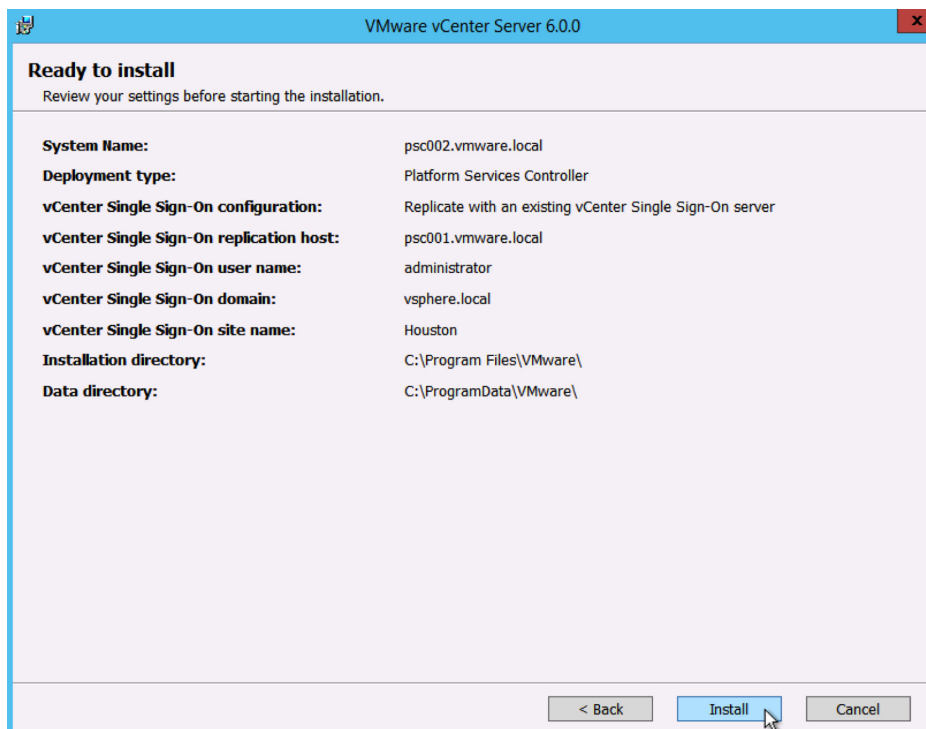


The screenshot shows the "Configure Ports" window in VMware vCenter Server 6.0.0. The window title is "Configure Ports" and the subtitle is "Configure network settings and ports for this deployment." The main text reads: "Configure network settings and ports for this deployment." There are two sections: "Common Ports" and "Platform Services Controller Ports". Under "Common Ports", there are four rows: "HTTP Port:" with a value of "80", "HTTPS Port:" with a value of "443", "Syslog Service Port:" with a value of "514", and "Syslog Service TLS Port:" with a value of "1514". Under "Platform Services Controller Ports", there is one row: "Secure Token Service Port:" with a value of "7444". At the bottom, there is an information icon (i) and a message: "Some ports are not configurable. To proceed, make the following ports available: 88, 389, 636, 2012, 2014, 2020, 7080, 11711, and 11712". At the bottom right, there are three buttons: "< Back", "Next >" (highlighted with a mouse cursor), and "Cancel".

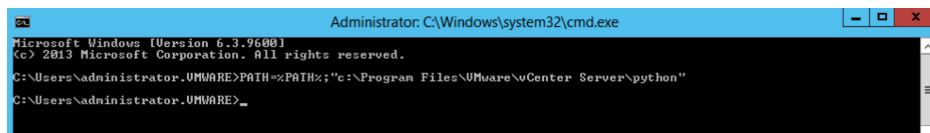
14. Accept or change the installation paths as necessary. Click **Next**.



15. Review and click **Install**.



16. Log back in to the first Platform Services Controller.
17. Download the vCenter Single Sign-On high availability configuration scripts from the vCenter Server product download page.
18. Extract the vCenter Single Sign-On high availability scripts to c:\sso-ha.
19. Open a command prompt.
20. Add Python to your path by typing:  
PATH=%PATH%;%VMWARE\_PYTHON\_HOME%



```
Administrator: C:\Windows\system32\cmd.exe
Microsoft Windows [Version 6.3.9600]
(c) 2013 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved.

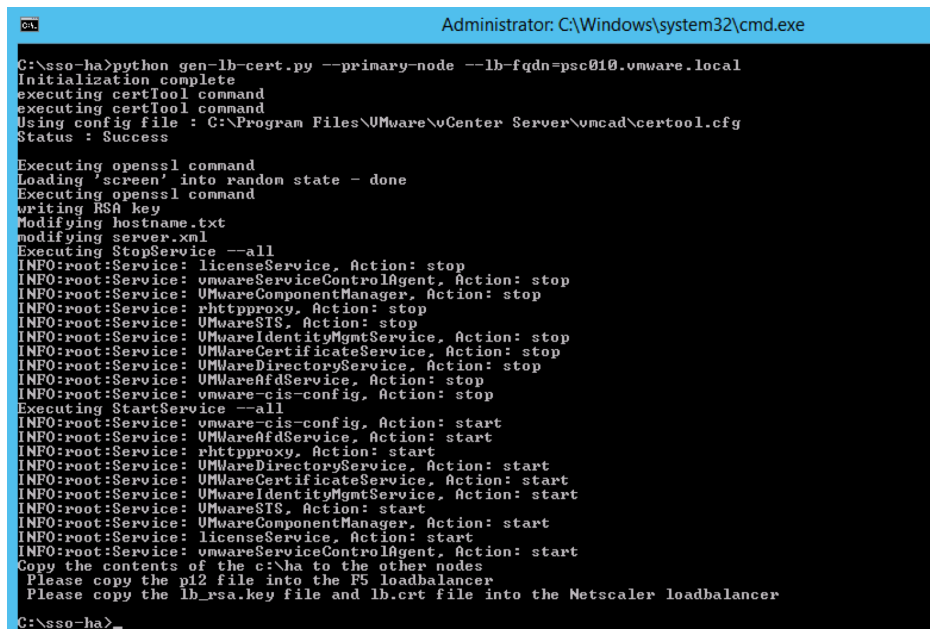
C:\Users\Administrator\UMWARE>PATH=%PATH%; "c:\Program Files\VMware\VMware vCenter Server\python"
C:\Users\Administrator\UMWARE>
```

21. Change directories to c:\sso-ha.

22. Run:

```
python gen-lb-cert.py --primary-node --lb-fqdn=loadbalancerFQDN
```

where *loadbalancerFQDN* is the FQDN of the load balancer's virtual IP (VIP) used for load-balancing the Platform Services Controllers.



```
Administrator: C:\Windows\system32\cmd.exe

C:\sso-ha>python gen-lb-cert.py --primary-node --lb-fqdn=pvc010.vsphere.local
Initialization complete
executing certtool command
executing certtool command
Using config file : C:\Program Files\VMware\VMware vCenter Server\vmcad\certtool.cfg
Status : Success

Executing openssl command
Loading 'screen' into random state - done
Executing openssl command
writing RSA key
Modifying hostname.txt
modifying server.xml
Executing StopService --all
INFO:root:Service: licenseService, Action: stop
INFO:root:Service: vmwareServiceControlAgent, Action: stop
INFO:root:Service: VMwareComponentManager, Action: stop
INFO:root:Service: rhttpproxy, Action: stop
INFO:root:Service: VMwareSIS, Action: stop
INFO:root:Service: VMwareIdentityMgmtService, Action: stop
INFO:root:Service: VMwareCertificateService, Action: stop
INFO:root:Service: VMwareDirectoryService, Action: stop
INFO:root:Service: VMwareAfdService, Action: stop
INFO:root:Service: vmware-cis-config, Action: stop
Executing StartService --all
INFO:root:Service: vmware-cis-config, Action: start
INFO:root:Service: VMwareAfdService, Action: start
INFO:root:Service: rhttpproxy, Action: start
INFO:root:Service: VMwareDirectoryService, Action: start
INFO:root:Service: VMwareCertificateService, Action: start
INFO:root:Service: VMwareIdentityMgmtService, Action: start
INFO:root:Service: VMwareSIS, Action: start
INFO:root:Service: VMwareComponentManager, Action: start
INFO:root:Service: licenseService, Action: start
INFO:root:Service: vmwareServiceControlAgent, Action: start
Copy the contents of the c:\ha to the other nodes
Please copy the p12 file into the F5 loadbalancer
Please copy the lb_rsa.key file and lb.crt file into the Netscaler loadbalancer

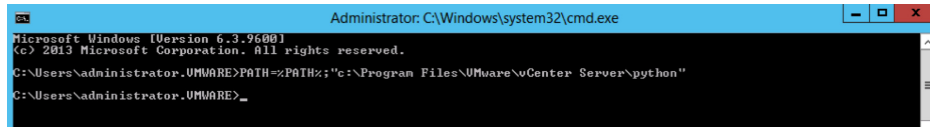
C:\sso-ha>
```

23. Set up your load balancer to balance between the two or more Platform Services Controllers on ports 443, 2012, 2014, 2020, 389, and 636.
  - a. An SSL certificate (generated earlier and stored in c:\ha) is required for port 443 only.
  - b. For configuration steps for the F5 BIG-IP, see the appendix in this document.
24. Create a forward and reverse DNS entry for the VIP created to load balance the Platform Services Controller traffic.
25. Log in to the second Platform Services Controller.



26. Copy the sso-ha and ha folder from the first Platform Services Controller into the c: drive.
27. Copy C:\ProgramData\VMware\vCenterServer\cfg\sso\keys from the first Platform Services Controller to c:\ha\keys.
28. Open a command prompt.
29. Add Python to your path by typing:

```
PATH=%PATH%;%VMWARE_PYTHON_HOME%
```



```
Administrator: C:\Windows\system32\cmd.exe
Microsoft Windows [Version 6.3.9600]
(c) 2013 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved.

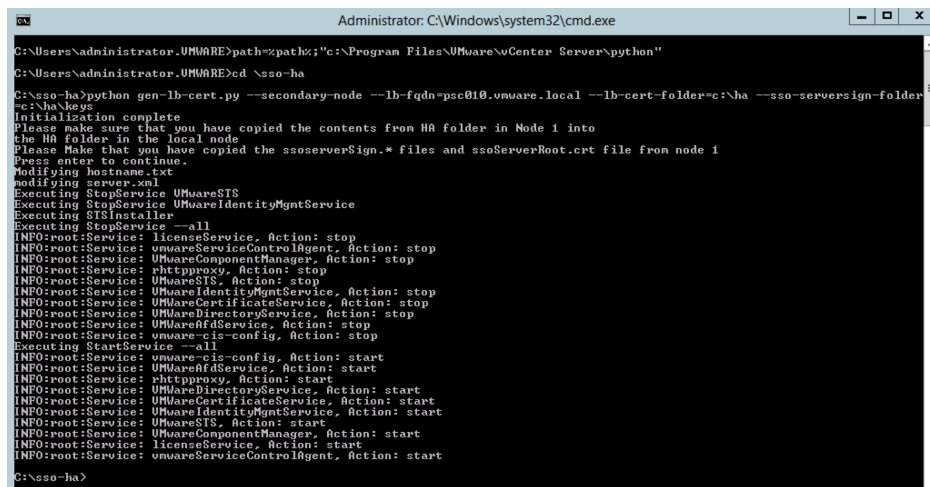
C:\Users\administrator.UMWARE>PATH=%PATH%;%VMWARE_PYTHON_HOME%
C:\Users\administrator.UMWARE>
```

30. Change directories to c:\sso-ha.

31. Run:

```
python gen-lb-cert.py --secondary-node --lb-fqdn=loadbalancerFQDN --lb-cert-
folder=C:\ha --sso-server-sign-folder=c:\ha\keys\
```

where *loadbalancerFQDN* is the FQDN of the load balancer's VIP used for load-balancing the Platform Services Controllers.



```
Administrator: C:\Windows\system32\cmd.exe
C:\Users\administrator.UMWARE>path=%path%;%c:\Program Files\VMware\vCenter Server\python"
C:\Users\administrator.UMWARE>cd \sso-ha
C:\sso-ha>python gen-lb-cert.py --secondary-node --lb-fqdn=psc010.umware.local --lb-cert-folder=c:\ha --sso-server-sign-folder
c:\ha\keys
Initialization complete
Please make sure that you have copied the contents from HA folder in Node 1 into
the HA folder in the local node
Please make that you have copied the ssoServerSign.* files and ssoServerRoot.crt file from node 1
Press enter to continue.
Modifying hostname.txt
Modifying server.xml
Executing StopService VMwareSTS
Executing StopService VMwareIdentityMgmtService
Executing STSInstaller
Executing StopService --all
INFO:root:Service: licenseService, Action: stop
INFO:root:Service: vmwareServiceControlAgent, Action: stop
INFO:root:Service: VMwareComponentManager, Action: stop
INFO:root:Service: rhttpproxy, Action: stop
INFO:root:Service: VMwareSTS, Action: stop
INFO:root:Service: VMwareIdentityMgmtService, Action: stop
INFO:root:Service: VMwareDirectoryService, Action: stop
INFO:root:Service: VMwareAfFdService, Action: stop
INFO:root:Service: vmware-cis-config, Action: stop
Executing StartService --all
INFO:root:Service: vmware-cis-config, Action: start
INFO:root:Service: VMwareAfFdService, Action: start
INFO:root:Service: rhttpproxy, Action: start
INFO:root:Service: VMwareDirectoryService, Action: start
INFO:root:Service: VMwareCertificateService, Action: start
INFO:root:Service: VMwareIdentityMgmtService, Action: start
INFO:root:Service: VMwareSTS, Action: start
INFO:root:Service: VMwareComponentManager, Action: start
INFO:root:Service: licenseService, Action: start
INFO:root:Service: vmwareServiceControlAgent, Action: start
C:\sso-ha>
```

32. Repeat steps 26–32 for any additional Platform Services Controllers.

33. On one Platform Services Controller, update the endpoint URL by running:

```
python l1stoolHA.py --hostname=FQDNofLocalMachine --lb-fqdn=loadbalancerFQDN --lb-cert-
folder=C:\ha --user=Administrator@SSODomain --password="password"
```

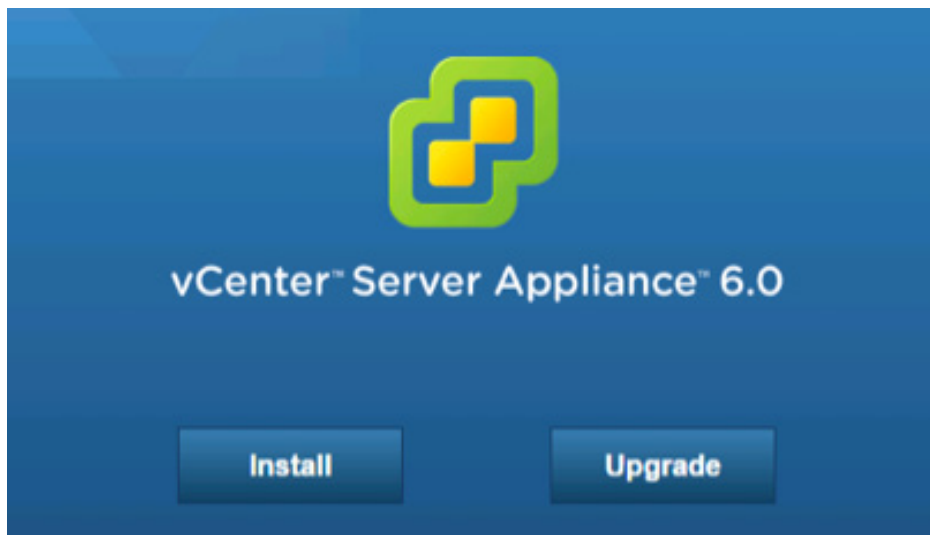
where *FQDNofLocalMachine* is the FQDN of the machine where the script is being run, *loadbalancerFQDN* is the FQDN of the load balancer's VIP used for load balancing the Platform Services Controllers, *SSODomain* is the vCenter Single Sign-On domain (by default vsphere.local), and *password* is the password for the vCenter Single Sign-On administrator. The password parameter is optional; if not specified, you will be prompted for it.

```
Administrator: C:\Windows\system32\cmd.exe
C:\Users\administrator.VMWARE>path=%path%;%c:\Program Files\VMware\VMware Server\python"
C:\Users\administrator.VMWARE>cd \sso-ha
C:\sso-ha>python gen-lb-cert.py --secondary-node --lb-fqdn=psc010.vmware.local --lb-cert-folder=c:\ha --sso-server-sign-folder
c:\ha\keys
Initialization complete
Please make sure that you have copied the contents from HA folder in Node 1 into
the HA folder in the local node
Please make that you have copied the ssoServerSign.* files and ssoServerRoot.crt file from node 1
Press enter to continue.
Modifying hostname.txt
Modifying server.xml
Executing StopService VMwareSTS
Executing StopService VMwareIdentityMgmtService
Executing STSInstaller
Executing StopService --all
INFO:root:Service: licenseService, Action: stop
INFO:root:Service: vmwareServiceControlAgent, Action: stop
INFO:root:Service: VMwareComponentManager, Action: stop
INFO:root:Service: httpProxy, Action: stop
INFO:root:Service: VMwareSTS, Action: stop
INFO:root:Service: VMwareIdentityMgmtService, Action: stop
INFO:root:Service: VMwareCertificateService, Action: stop
INFO:root:Service: VMwareDirectoryService, Action: stop
INFO:root:Service: VMwareAfddService, Action: stop
INFO:root:Service: vmware-cis-config, Action: stop
Executing StartService --all
INFO:root:Service: vmware-cis-config, Action: start
INFO:root:Service: VMwareAfddService, Action: start
INFO:root:Service: httpProxy, Action: start
INFO:root:Service: VMwareDirectoryService, Action: start
INFO:root:Service: VMwareIdentityMgmtService, Action: start
INFO:root:Service: VMwareSTS, Action: start
INFO:root:Service: VMwareComponentManager, Action: start
INFO:root:Service: licenseService, Action: start
INFO:root:Service: vmwareServiceControlAgent, Action: start
C:\sso-ha>
```

34. Follow the steps to install a new external vCenter Server. When asked for the Platform Services Controller, enter the FQDN of the load balancer's VIP.

## vCenter Server Appliance Deployment

1. Complete steps 1-14 in the "Fresh External Platform Services Controller Deployment" section.
2. Click **Install** to start the installation for the second Platform Services Controller.



3. Accept the license agreement and click **Next**.
4. Enter a target host and a **User name** and **Password** on the host with root access.

**VMware vCenter Server Appliance Deployment**

✓ 1 End User License Agreement  
**2 Connect to target server**  
 3 Set up virtual machine  
 4 Select deployment type  
 5 Set up Single Sign-on  
 6 Single Sign-on Site  
 7 Select appliance size  
 8 Select datastore  
 9 Configure database  
 10 Network Settings  
 11 Ready to complete

**Connect to target server**  
 Specify the ESXi host on which to deploy the vCenter Server Appliance.

FQDN or IP Address:

User name:  ⓘ

Password:  ⓘ

⚠ Before proceeding:

- Make sure the ESXi host is not in lock down mode or maintenance mode.
- When deploying to a vSphere Distributed Switch (VDS), the appliance must be deployed to an ephemeral portgroup. After deployment, it can be moved to a static or dynamic portgroup.

Back Next Finish Cancel

5. Click **Yes** to accept the host's certificate.
6. Enter an **Appliance name** and the root **password** you want to assign. Click **Next**.

**VMware vCenter Server Appliance Deployment**

✓ 1 End User License Agreement  
 ✓ 2 Connect to target server  
**3 Set up virtual machine**  
 4 Select deployment type  
 5 Set up Single Sign-on  
 6 Single Sign-on Site  
 7 Select appliance size  
 8 Select datastore  
 9 Configure database  
 10 Network Settings  
 11 Ready to complete

**Set up virtual machine**  
 Specify virtual machine settings for the vCenter Server Appliance to be deployed.

Appliance name:  ⓘ

OS user name:

OS password:  ⓘ

Confirm OS password:

Back Next Finish Cancel

7. Under **External Platform Services Controller**, select **Install Platform Services Controller**. Click **Next**.

**VMware vCenter Server Appliance Deployment**

- ✓ 1 End User License Agreement
- ✓ 2 Connect to target server
- ✓ 3 Set up virtual machine
- 4 Select deployment type**
- 5 Set up Single Sign-on
- 6 Single Sign-on Site
- 7 Select appliance size
- 8 Select datastore
- 9 Network Settings
- 10 Ready to complete

**Select deployment type**  
Select the services to deploy onto this appliance.

vCenter Server 6.0 requires a Platform Services Controller, which contains shared services such as Single Sign-On, Licensing, and Certificate Management. An embedded Platform Services Controller is deployed on the same Appliance VM as vCenter Server. An external Platform Services Controller is deployed in a separate Appliance VM. For smaller installations, consider vCenter Server with an embedded Platform Services Controller. For larger installations with multiple vCenter Servers, consider one or more external Platform Services Controllers. Refer to the vCenter Server documentation for more information.

Note: Once you install vCenter Server, you can only change from an embedded to an external Platform Services Controller with a fresh install.

**Embedded Platform Services Controller**

☐ Install vCenter Server with an Embedded Platform Services Controller

**External Platform Services Controller**

☒ Install Platform Services Controller

☐ Install vCenter Server (Requires External Platform Services Controller)

Back Next Finish Cancel

8. Select **Join an SSO domain** and enter the **FQDN** and password. Click **Next**.

**VMware vCenter Server Appliance Deployment**

- ✓ 1 End User License Agreement
- ✓ 2 Connect to target server
- ✓ 3 Set up virtual machine
- ✓ 4 Select deployment type
- 5 Set up Single Sign-on**
- 6 Single Sign-on Site
- 7 Select appliance size
- 8 Select datastore
- 9 Network Settings
- 10 Ready to complete

**Set up Single Sign-on (SSO)**  
Create or join a SSO domain. An SSO configuration cannot be changed after deployment.

☐ Create a new SSO domain

☒ Join an SSO domain in an existing vCenter 6.0 platform services controller

Platform Services Controller FQDN or IP address:

vCenter SSO User name:

vCenter SSO Password:

Port:

⚠ Before proceeding make sure to type the correct site name that you want to join. Typing in the wrong site name will create a new site.

Back Next Finish Cancel

9. Select **Join an existing site**. Choose the site and click **Next**.

The screenshot shows the 'Single Sign-on Site' step of the VMware vCenter Server Appliance Deployment wizard. The left sidebar lists steps 1 through 10, with step 6 'Single Sign-on Site' highlighted. The main panel has the title 'Single Sign-on Site' and the instruction 'Create or join a vCenter Single Sign-on site.' Below this, there are two radio buttons: 'Join an existing site' (which is selected) and 'Create a new site'. Under the 'Join an existing site' option, there is a text field labeled 'Choose SSO Site name from the list' with the value 'Palo-Alto' entered. At the bottom of the wizard, there are four buttons: 'Back', 'Next' (highlighted), 'Finish', and 'Cancel'.

10. Click **Next**. There is only one appliance size for the Platform Services Controller.

The screenshot shows the 'Select appliance size' step of the VMware vCenter Server Appliance Deployment wizard. The left sidebar lists steps 1 through 9, with step 6 'Select appliance size' highlighted. The main panel has the title 'Select appliance size' and the instruction 'Specify a deployment size for the new appliance.' Below this, there is a text field labeled 'Appliance size:' with the value 'Platform Services Controller' entered. Under the 'Appliance size:' field, there is a section titled 'Description' with the text: 'This will deploy an external Platform Services Controller VM with 2 vCPU and 2GB of memory and requires 30 GB of disk space.' At the bottom of the wizard, there are four buttons: 'Back', 'Next' (highlighted), 'Finish', and 'Cancel'.

11. Select a datastore to deploy the appliance on and click **Next**.

The screenshot shows the 'Select datastore' step of the VMware vCenter Server Appliance Deployment wizard. On the left, a progress list shows steps 1 through 10, with '7 Select datastore' highlighted. The main area is titled 'Select datastore' and 'Select the storage location for this deployment'. It states: 'The following datastores are accessible. Select the destination datastore for the virtual machine configuration files and all of the virtual disks.' Below this is a table of available datastores:

| Name         | Type | Capacity | Free      | Provisioned | Thin Provisioning |
|--------------|------|----------|-----------|-------------|-------------------|
| RDM Mappings | VMFS | 4.75 GB  | 2.25 GB   | 2.5 GB      | true              |
| NFSMGMT01    | NFS  | 500 GB   | 331 GB    | 169 GB      | true              |
| NFSMGMT02    | NFS  | 500 GB   | 306.96 GB | 238.13 GB   | true              |

Below the table is a checkbox labeled 'Enable Thin Disk Mode' with an information icon. At the bottom right, there are four buttons: 'Back', 'Next' (highlighted with a mouse cursor), 'Finish', and 'Cancel'.

12. Enter **Network Settings** and click **Next**.

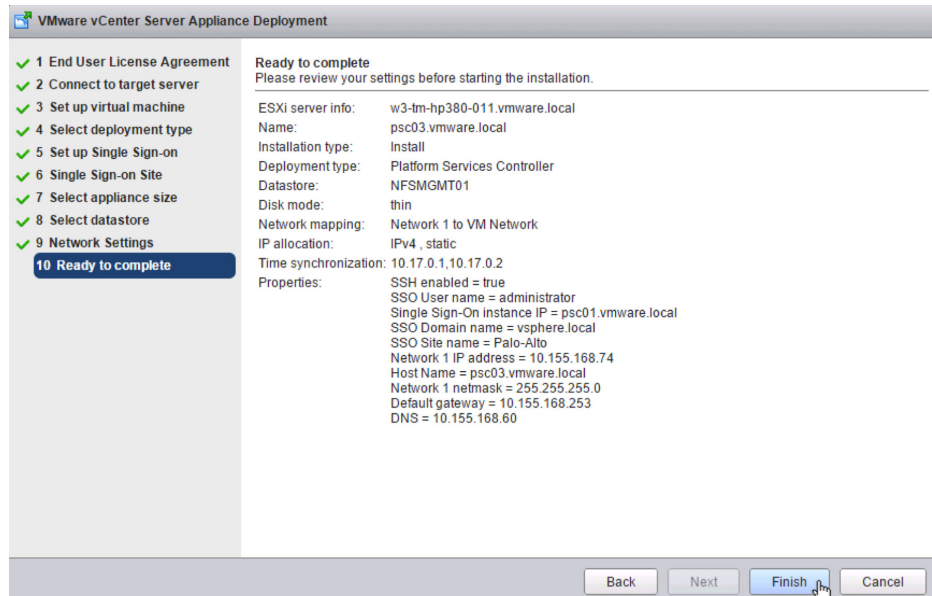
*NOTE: The FQDN and IP addresses entered here must be resolvable by the DNS server specified or the deployment will fail.*

The screenshot shows the 'Network Settings' step of the VMware vCenter Server Appliance Deployment wizard. On the left, the progress list shows steps 1 through 10, with '9 Network Settings' highlighted. The main area is titled 'Choose a network:' and contains several configuration fields:

- 'Choose a network:' dropdown menu set to 'VM Network'.
- 'IP address family:' dropdown menu set to 'IPv4'.
- 'Network type:' dropdown menu set to 'static'.
- 'Network address:' text field containing '10.155.168.74'.
- 'System name [FQDN or IP address:]' text field containing 'psc03.vmware.local'.
- 'Subnet mask:' text field containing '255.255.255.0'.
- 'Network gateway:' text field containing '10.155.168.253'.
- 'Network DNS Servers separated by commas' text field containing '10.155.168.60'.
- 'Configure time sync:' section with two radio buttons:
  - 'Synchronize appliance time with ESXi host' (unselected).
  - 'Use NTP servers (Separated by commas)' (selected).

Below the 'Configure time sync' section is a text field containing '10.17.0.1,10.17.0.2'. At the bottom right, there are four buttons: 'Back', 'Next' (highlighted with a mouse cursor), 'Finish', and 'Cancel'.

13. Review and click **Finish**.



14. Connect to the first Platform Services Controller via SSH.

15. Type:

```
shell.set --enabled True
```

16. Type:

```
shell
```

17. Download the vCenter Single Sign-On high availability configuration scripts from the vCenter Server product download page.

18. Extract the vCenter Single Sign-On high availability scripts to /sso-ha.

19. Change directories to /sso-ha.

20. Run:

```
python gen-lb-cert.py --primary-node --lb-fqdn=loadbalancerFQDN
```

where *loadbalancerFQDN* is the FQDN of the load balancer's VIP used for load-balancing the Platform Services Controllers.

```

pdc01:~ # cd /sso-ha/
pdc01:/sso-ha # python gen-lb-cert.py --primary-node --lb-fqdn=pdc01.vware.local
[initialization complete]
Executing certTool command
Executing certTool command
Using config file : /usr/lib/vmware-vcac/share/config/certool.cfg
Status : Success

Executing openssl command
Executing openssl command
Writing RSA key
Modifying hostname.txt
Modifying server.xsl
Executing StopService --all
INFO:root:Service: vmware-syslog-health, Action: stop
INFO:root:Service: apptelnet, Action: stop
INFO:root:Service: vmware-cis-license, Action: stop
INFO:root:Service: vmware-syslog, Action: stop
INFO:root:Service: vmware-sca, Action: stop
INFO:root:Service: vmware-ca, Action: stop
INFO:root:Service: vmware-rhttpproxy, Action: stop
INFO:root:Service: vmware-std, Action: stop
INFO:root:Service: vmware-std-idw, Action: stop
INFO:root:Service: vacad, Action: stop
INFO:root:Service: vadird, Action: stop
INFO:root:Service: vaafdd, Action: stop
Executing StartService --all
INFO:root:Service: vaafdd, Action: start
INFO:root:Service: vmware-rhttpproxy, Action: start
INFO:root:Service: vadird, Action: start
INFO:root:Service: vacad, Action: start
INFO:root:Service: vmware-std-idw, Action: start
INFO:root:Service: vmware-std, Action: start
INFO:root:Service: vmware-ca, Action: start
INFO:root:Service: vmware-cis-license, Action: start
INFO:root:Service: vmware-sca, Action: start
INFO:root:Service: apptelnet, Action: start
INFO:root:Service: vmware-syslog, Action: start
INFO:root:Service: vmware-syslog-health, Action: start
Copy the contents of the /ha to the other nodes
Please copy the p12 file into the F5 loadbalancer
Please copy the lb_rsa.key file and lb.crt file into the Netscaler loadbalancer
pdc01:/sso-ha #

```

21. Set up your load balancer to balance between the two or more Platform Services Controllers on ports 443, 2012, 2014, 2020, 389, and 636.

- a. An SSL certificate (generated earlier) is required for port 443 only.
- b. For configuration steps for the F5 BIG-IP, see the appendix in this document.

22. Create a forward and reverse DNS entry for the VIP created to load-balance the Platform Services Controller traffic.

23. Connect to the second Platform Services Controller via SSH.

24. Copy the /sso-ha and /ha folder from the first Platform Services Controller.

25. Copy /etc/vmware-sso/keys/ from the first Platform Services Controller to /ha/keys.

26. Change directories to /sso-ha.

27. Run:

```
python gen-lb-cert.py --secondary-node --lb-fqdn=loadbalancerFQDN --lb-cert-folder=/ha
--sso-serversign-folder=/ha/keys
```

where *loadbalancerFQDN* is the FQDN of the load balancer's VIP used for load-balancing the Platform Services Controllers.



```
root@sso-ha # python gen-lb-cert.py --ssoserver-folder --lb-fqdn=psccbl1.vware.local --lb-cert-folder/hna --sso-server-sign-folder/hna/ha
Initialization complete
Please make sure that you have copied the contents from HA folder in Node 1 into
the HA folder in the local node
Please Make that you have copied the ssoServerSign.* files and ssoServerRoot.cert file from node 1
Press enter to continue.
Modifying hostname.txt
modifying server.val
Executing StopService vware-std
Executing StopService vware-std-idm
Executing STSInstaller
Executing StopService --all
INFO:root:Service: vware-syslog-health, Action: stop
INFO:root:Service: sspkgmgr, Action: stop
INFO:root:Service: vware-cis-license, Action: stop
INFO:root:Service: vware-syslog, Action: stop
INFO:root:Service: vware-sca, Action: stop
INFO:root:Service: vware-cs, Action: stop
INFO:root:Service: vware-rhhttpproxy, Action: stop
INFO:root:Service: vware-std, Action: stop
INFO:root:Service: vware-std-idm, Action: stop
INFO:root:Service: vmacd, Action: stop
INFO:root:Service: vmidrd, Action: stop
INFO:root:Service: vmfdd, Action: stop
Executing StartService --all
INFO:root:Service: vmfdd, Action: start
INFO:root:Service: vmidrd, Action: start
INFO:root:Service: vmacd, Action: start
INFO:root:Service: vware-std-idm, Action: start
INFO:root:Service: vware-std, Action: start
INFO:root:Service: vware-cs, Action: start
INFO:root:Service: vware-cis-license, Action: start
INFO:root:Service: vware-sca, Action: start
INFO:root:Service: sspkgmgr, Action: start
INFO:root:Service: vware-syslog, Action: start
INFO:root:Service: vware-syslog-health, Action: start
psccbl3@sso-ha #
```

28. Repeat steps 24-28 for any additional Platform Services Controllers.

29. On one Platform Services Controller, update the endpoint URL by running:

```
python lstoolHA.py --hostname=FQDNofLocalMachine --lb-fqdn=loadbalancerFQDN --lb-cert-  
folder=/ha --user=Administrator@SSODomain --password=password
```

where *FQDNofLocalMachine* is the FQDN of the machine where the script is being run, *loadbalancerFQDN* is the FQDN of the load balancer's VIP used for load-balancing the Platform Services Controllers, *SSODomain* is the vCenter Single Sign-On domain (by default, vsphere.local), and *password* is the password for the vCenter Single Sign-On administrator. The password parameter is optional; if not specified, you will be prompted for it.

```

2015-01-13 18:00:18.252 INFO org.springframework.beans.factory.xml.XmlBeanDefinitionReader - Loading XML bean definitions from class path resource [com/vware/vi/binding/lookup/context.xml]
2015-01-13 18:00:18.363 INFO com.vware.via.vmoem.core.types.impl.VmoedContextImplNonValidatingClassPathApplicationContext - Closing com.vware.via.vmoem.core.types.impl.VmoedContextImplNonValidatingClassPathApplicationContext@7d72ca: startup date [Tue Jan 13 18:00:18 UTC 2015]; root of context hierarchy
2015-01-13 18:00:19.206 WARN com.vware.via.vmoem.client.impl.HttpConfigurationCompilerBaseConnectionMonitorThreadBase - Shutting down the connection monitor
2015-01-13 18:00:20.855 INFO com.vware.via.vmoem.core.types.impl.VmoedContextImplNonValidatingClassPathApplicationContext - Refreshing com.vware.via.vmoem.core.types.impl.VmoedContextImplNonValidatingClassPathApplicationContext@7d13ab: startup date [Tue Jan 13 18:00:20 UTC 2015]; root of context hierarchy
2015-01-13 18:00:20.112 INFO org.springframework.beans.factory.xml.XmlBeanDefinitionReader - Loading XML bean definitions from class path resource [com/vware/vi/binding/vmoed/context_v2.xml]
2015-01-13 18:00:20.430 INFO com.vware.via.vmoem.core.types.impl.VmoedContextImplNonValidatingClassPathApplicationContext - Closing com.vware.via.vmoem.core.types.impl.VmoedContextImplNonValidatingClassPathApplicationContext@7d13ab: startup date [Tue Jan 13 18:00:20 UTC 2015]; root of context hierarchy
2015-01-13 18:00:20.431 INFO com.vware.via.vmoem.core.types.impl.VmoedContextImplNonValidatingClassPathApplicationContext - Refreshing com.vware.via.vmoem.core.types.impl.VmoedContextImplNonValidatingClassPathApplicationContext@7d13ab: startup date [Tue Jan 13 18:00:20 UTC 2015]; root of context hierarchy
2015-01-13 18:00:20.433 INFO org.springframework.beans.factory.xml.XmlBeanDefinitionReader - Loading XML bean definitions from class path resource [com/vware/vi/binding/vmoed/context_v2.xml]
2015-01-13 18:00:20.482 INFO com.vware.via.vmoem.core.types.impl.VmoedContextImplNonValidatingClassPathApplicationContext - Closing com.vware.via.vmoem.core.types.impl.VmoedContextImplNonValidatingClassPathApplicationContext@7d4bb1a5: startup date [Tue Jan 13 18:00:20 UTC 2015]; root of context hierarchy
2015-01-13 18:00:20.486 INFO com.vware.via.vmoem.core.types.impl.VmoedContextImplNonValidatingClassPathApplicationContext - Refreshing com.vware.via.vmoem.core.types.impl.VmoedContextImplNonValidatingClassPathApplicationContext@2cac64df: startup date [Tue Jan 13 18:00:20 UTC 2015]; root of context hierarchy
2015-01-13 18:00:20.488 INFO org.springframework.beans.factory.xml.XmlBeanDefinitionReader - Loading XML bean definitions from class path resource [com/vware/vi/binding/vsoo/context.xml]
2015-01-13 18:00:20.596 INFO com.vware.via.vmoem.core.types.impl.VmoedContextImplNonValidatingClassPathApplicationContext - Closing com.vware.via.vmoem.core.types.impl.VmoedContextImplNonValidatingClassPathApplicationContext@2cac64df: startup date [Tue Jan 13 18:00:20 UTC 2015]; root of context hierarchy
2015-01-13 18:00:20.597 INFO com.vware.via.vmoem.core.types.impl.VmoedContextImplNonValidatingClassPathApplicationContext - Refreshing com.vware.via.vmoem.core.types.impl.VmoedContextImplNonValidatingClassPathApplicationContext@452640d7: startup date [Tue Jan 13 18:00:21 UTC 2015]; root of context hierarchy
2015-01-13 18:00:21.634 INFO org.springframework.beans.factory.xml.XmlBeanDefinitionReader - Loading XML bean definitions from class path resource [com/vware/vi/binding/vsoo/context.xml]
2015-01-13 18:00:22.000 INFO com.vware.via.vmoem.core.types.impl.VmoedContextImplNonValidatingClassPathApplicationContext - Closing com.vware.via.vmoem.core.types.impl.VmoedContextImplNonValidatingClassPathApplicationContext@452640d7: startup date [Tue Jan 13 18:00:21 UTC 2015]; root of context hierarchy
2015-01-13 18:00:22.368 INFO com.vware.via.vsoo.admin.client.vmoem.impl.AdminClientImpl - Client was created successfully
2015-01-13 18:00:22.424 WARN com.vware.via.vmoem.client.impl.HttpConfigurationCompilerBaseConnectionMonitorThreadBase - Shutting down the connection monitor
2015-01-13 18:00:22.424 INFO com.vware.via.vsoo.admin.client.vmoem.impl.AbstractClient - Client was disposed successfully
2015-01-13 18:00:22.991 INFO com.vware.identity.token.impl.Utl - Reading resources from zip file path[/usr/lib/identity/tools/sail/sailtoken.jar]
2015-01-13 18:00:23.000 INFO com.vware.identity.token.impl.Utl - Reading resources from decoded zip file path[/usr/lib/identity/tools/sail/sailtoken.jar]
2015-01-13 18:00:23.574 INFO com.vware.identity.token.impl.Utl - Reading resources from zip file path[/usr/lib/identity/tools/sail/sailtoken.jar]
2015-01-13 18:00:23.575 INFO com.vware.identity.token.impl.Utl - Reading resources from decoded zip file path[/usr/lib/identity/tools/sail/sailtoken.jar]
2015-01-13 18:00:23.576 INFO org.springframework.classmate.impl.SamlTokenImpl - SAML token for SubjectNameID [value=Administrator@SPHERE.LOCAL, format=http://schemas
2015-01-13 18:00:23.749 INFO com.vware.via.vsoo.client.impl.SmartTokenServiceImpl - Successfully acquired token for user: administrator@sphere.local
2015-01-13 18:00:24.161 WARN com.vware.via.vmoem.client.impl.HttpConfigurationCompilerBaseConnectionMonitorThreadBase - Shutting down the connection monitor

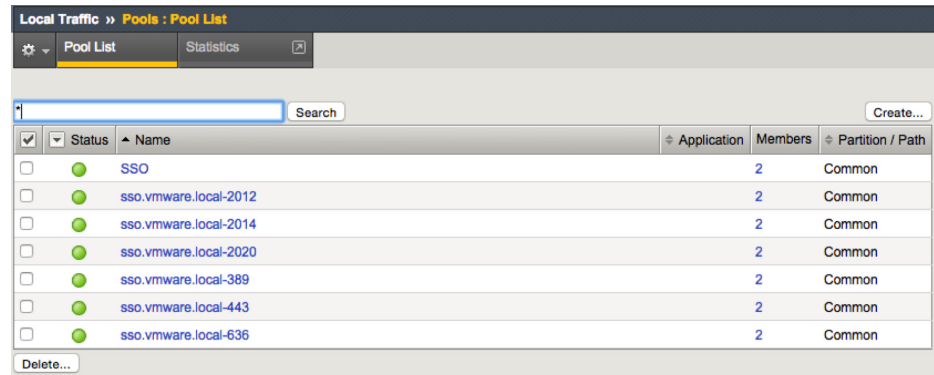
```

30. Follow the steps to install a new external vCenter Server. When asked for the Platform Services Controller, enter the FQDN of the load balancer VIP.

## Upgrade of vCenter Single Sign-On High Availability

1. Back up all vCenter Single Sign-On machines.
2. Log in to the load balancer. In this example, we're using an F5 BIG-IP.
3. Create a pool for ports 443, 2012, 2014, 2020, 389, and 636. Set health monitors to use **TCP** and **Load Balancing Method** to **Round Robin**.

When complete, the **Pool List** should look like this:

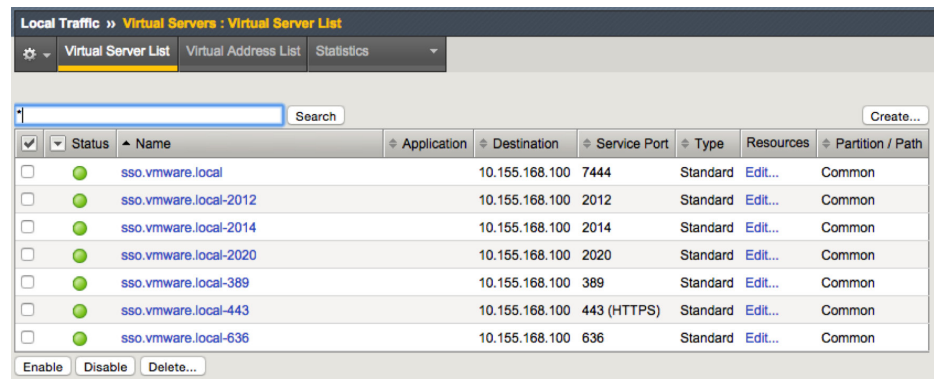


The screenshot shows the 'Local Traffic >> Pools : Pool List' interface. It features a search bar, a 'Create...' button, and a table with columns: Status, Name, Application, Members, and Partition / Path. The table lists six pools for the SSO application, each with 2 members and a 'Common' partition path. At the bottom, there is a 'Delete...' button.

| Status                   | Name                  | Application | Members | Partition / Path |
|--------------------------|-----------------------|-------------|---------|------------------|
| <input type="checkbox"/> | SSO                   |             | 2       | Common           |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | sso.vmware.local-2012 |             | 2       | Common           |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | sso.vmware.local-2014 |             | 2       | Common           |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | sso.vmware.local-2020 |             | 2       | Common           |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | sso.vmware.local-389  |             | 2       | Common           |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | sso.vmware.local-443  |             | 2       | Common           |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | sso.vmware.local-636  |             | 2       | Common           |

4. Create a virtual server using the same IP address as the original vCenter Single Sign-On high availability virtual server for each of the new pools. Use **TCP** for each virtual server. Set **Source Address Translation** to **Auto Map** and **Default Persistence Profile** to **Source Address**. Assign the client and server SSL profiles created when setting up vCenter Single Sign-On high availability for vCenter Server 5.5 to port 443 only. No other port requires a client or server SSL profile.

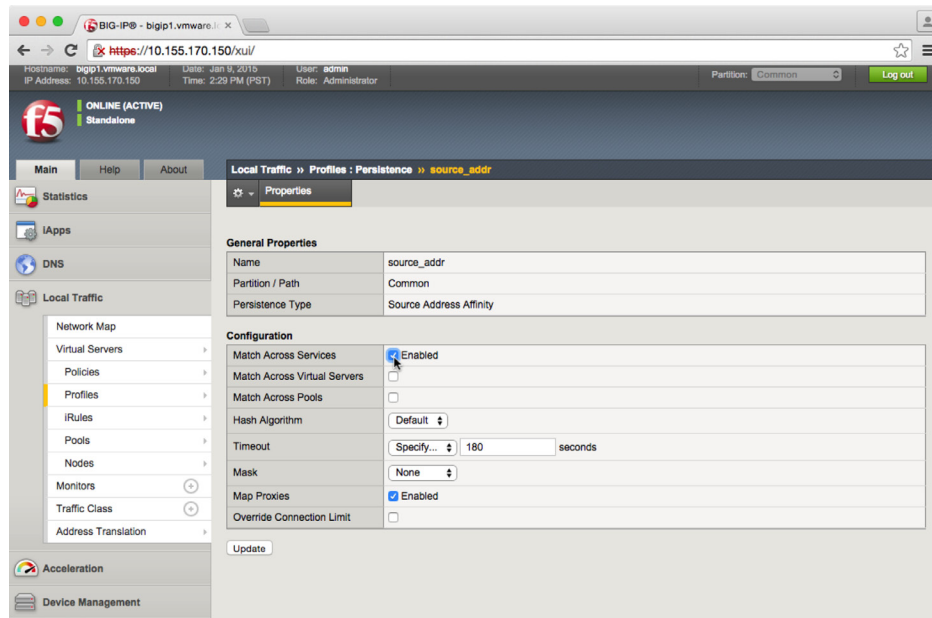
When complete, the **Virtual Server List** should look like this:



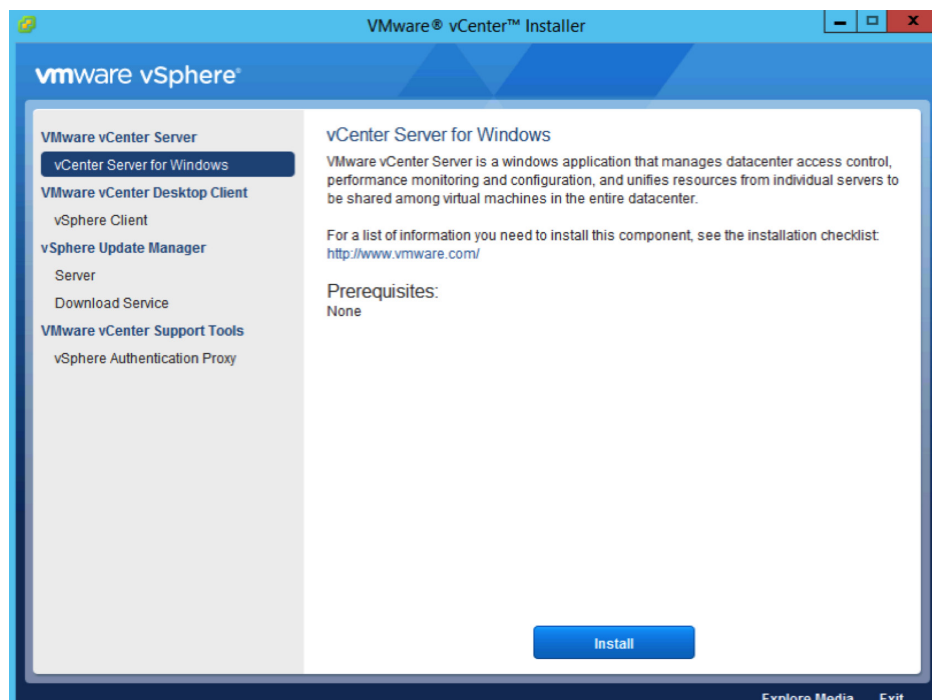
The screenshot shows the 'Local Traffic >> Virtual Servers : Virtual Server List' interface. It features a search bar, a 'Create...' button, and a table with columns: Status, Name, Application, Destination, Service Port, Type, Resources, and Partition / Path. The table lists six virtual servers, each with a 'Standard' type and a 'Common' partition path. At the bottom, there are 'Enable', 'Disable', and 'Delete...' buttons.

| Status                   | Name                  | Application | Destination    | Service Port | Type     | Resources | Partition / Path |
|--------------------------|-----------------------|-------------|----------------|--------------|----------|-----------|------------------|
| <input type="checkbox"/> | sso.vmware.local      |             | 10.155.168.100 | 7444         | Standard | Edit...   | Common           |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | sso.vmware.local-2012 |             | 10.155.168.100 | 2012         | Standard | Edit...   | Common           |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | sso.vmware.local-2014 |             | 10.155.168.100 | 2014         | Standard | Edit...   | Common           |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | sso.vmware.local-2020 |             | 10.155.168.100 | 2020         | Standard | Edit...   | Common           |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | sso.vmware.local-389  |             | 10.155.168.100 | 389          | Standard | Edit...   | Common           |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | sso.vmware.local-443  |             | 10.155.168.100 | 443 (HTTPS)  | Standard | Edit...   | Common           |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | sso.vmware.local-636  |             | 10.155.168.100 | 636          | Standard | Edit...   | Common           |

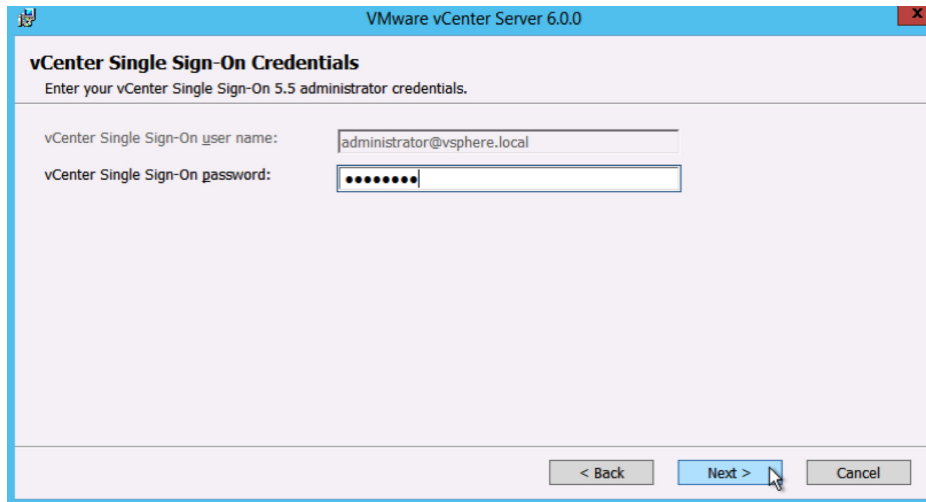
5. Edit the **source\_addr** Persistence Policy and check the **Match Across Services** box.



6. Log in to one of the vCenter Single Sign-On machines in your high availability configuration.
7. Mount the vCenter Server 6.0 ISO image.
8. If autorun doesn't start, execute autorun.exe.
9. Select **vCenter Server for Windows** and click **Install**.



10. Click **Next**.
11. Accept the license agreements.
12. Enter the **password** for the administrator@vsphere.local account and click **Next**.



VMware vCenter Server 6.0.0

### vCenter Single Sign-On Credentials

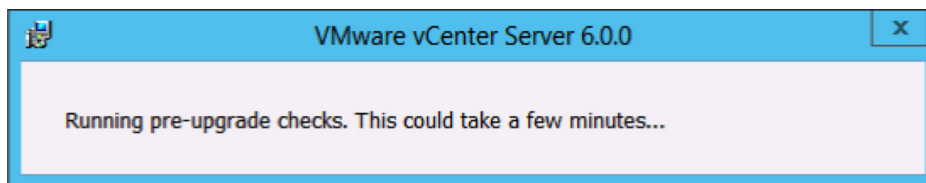
Enter your vCenter Single Sign-On 5.5 administrator credentials.

vCenter Single Sign-On user name:

vCenter Single Sign-On password:

< Back   Next >   Cancel

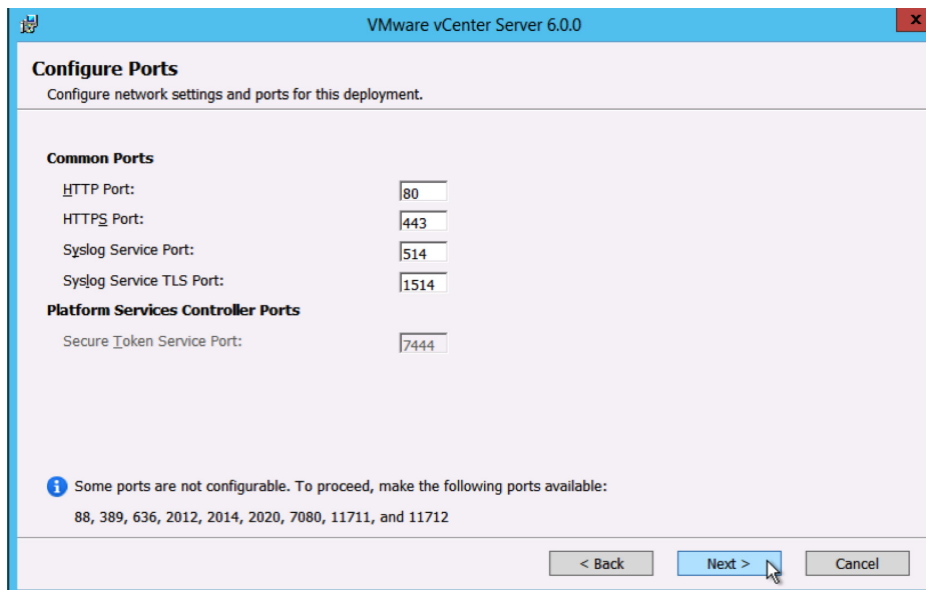
13. Wait for the **pre-upgrade checks** to complete.



VMware vCenter Server 6.0.0

Running pre-upgrade checks. This could take a few minutes...

14. Review the ports and click **Next**.



VMware vCenter Server 6.0.0

### Configure Ports

Configure network settings and ports for this deployment.

**Common Ports**

|                          |                                   |
|--------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| HTTP Port:               | <input type="text" value="80"/>   |
| HTTPS Port:              | <input type="text" value="443"/>  |
| Syslog Service Port:     | <input type="text" value="514"/>  |
| Syslog Service TLS Port: | <input type="text" value="1514"/> |

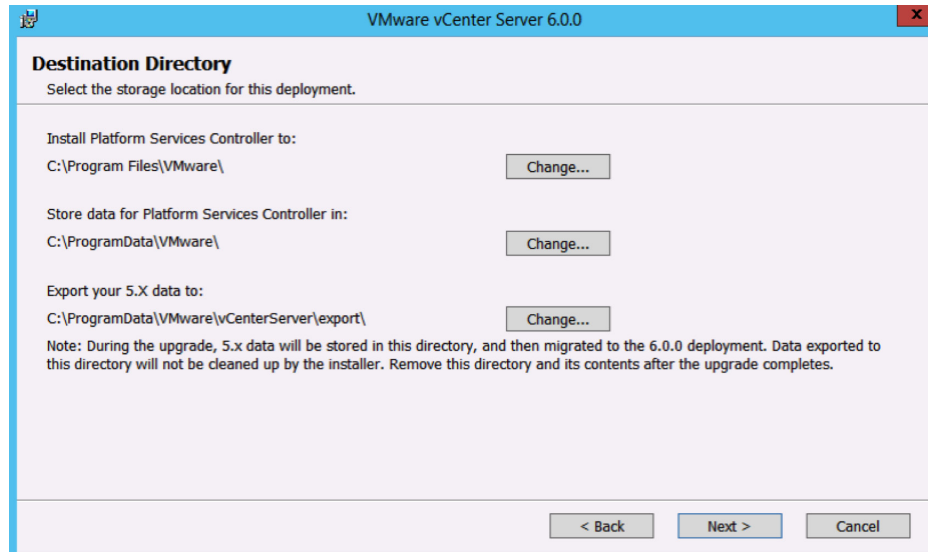
**Platform Services Controller Ports**

|                            |                                   |
|----------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Secure Token Service Port: | <input type="text" value="7444"/> |
|----------------------------|-----------------------------------|

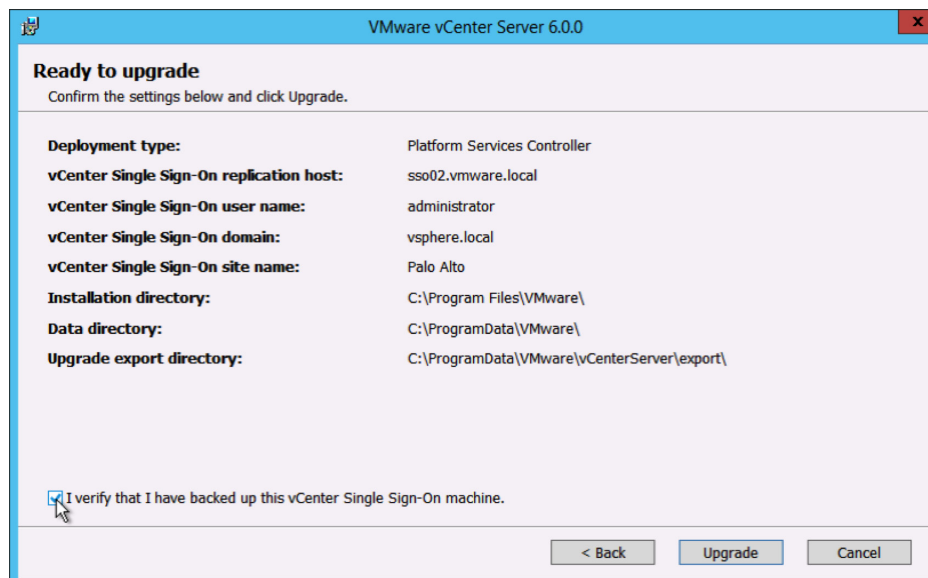
**Some ports are not configurable. To proceed, make the following ports available:**  
88, 389, 636, 2012, 2014, 2020, 7080, 11711, and 11712

< Back   Next >   Cancel

15. Choose your installation path or take the defaults. Click **Next**.



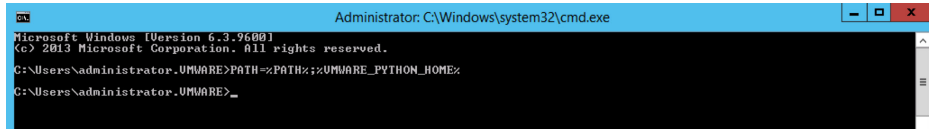
16. Check **I verify that I have backed up this vCenter Single Sign-On machine**. Click **Upgrade**.



17. Click **Finish**.
18. Repeat steps 6–17 on the remainder of the vCenter Single Sign-On machines.
19. Download the vCenter Single Sign-On high availability configuration scripts from the vCenter Server product download page.
20. Extract the vCenter Single Sign-On high availability scripts to c:\sso-ha.
21. Create a folder named HA in the root of c:\.
22. Copy rui.crt and rui.p12 from c:\certs\sso to c:\ha and Root64.cer from c:\certs to c:\ha.
23. Rename rui.crt to lb.crt, rui.p12 to lb.p12, and Root64.cer to root.cer.
24. Open a command prompt.

25. Add Python to your path by typing:

```
PATH=%PATH%;%VMWARE_PYTHON_HOME%
```



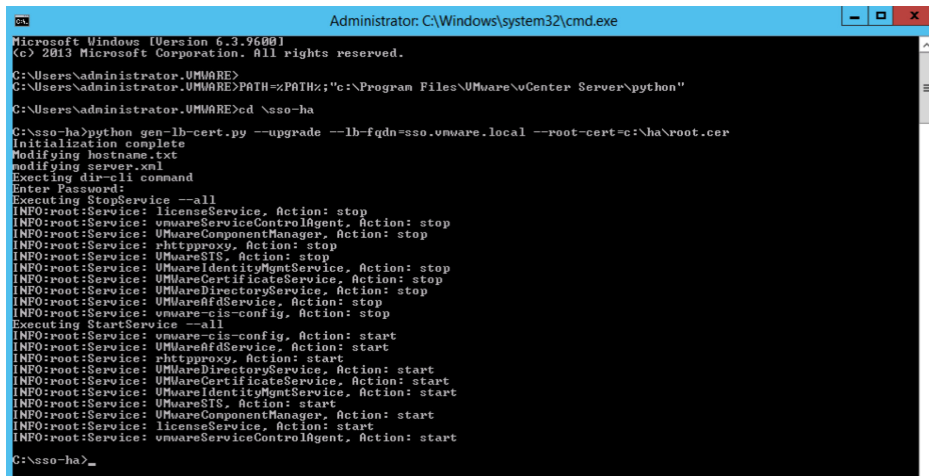
```
Administrator: C:\Windows\system32\cmd.exe
Microsoft Windows [Version 6.3.9600]
(c) 2013 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved.
C:\Users\Administrator\UMWARE>PATH=%PATH%;%VMWARE_PYTHON_HOME%
C:\Users\Administrator\UMWARE>
```

26. Change directories to c:\sso-ha.

27. Run:

```
python gen-lb-cert.py --upgrade --lb-fqdn=loadbalancerFQDN --root-cert=c:\ha\root.cer
```

where *loadbalancerFQDN* is the FQDN of the load balancer's VIP used for load-balancing vCenter Single Sign-On.



```
Administrator: C:\Windows\system32\cmd.exe
Microsoft Windows [Version 6.3.9600]
(c) 2013 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved.
C:\Users\Administrator\UMWARE>
C:\Users\Administrator\UMWARE>PATH=%PATH%;%VMWARE_PYTHON_HOME%
C:\Users\Administrator\UMWARE>cd \sso-ha
C:\sso-ha>python gen-lb-cert.py --upgrade --lb-fqdn=sso.vmware.local --root-cert=c:\ha\root.cer
Initialization complete
Modifying hostname.txt
Modifying server.xml
Executing dir-cli command
Enter Password:
Executing StopService --all
INFO:root:Service: licenseService, Action: stop
INFO:root:Service: vmwareServiceControlAgent, Action: stop
INFO:root:Service: VMwareComponentManager, Action: stop
INFO:root:Service: httpProxy, Action: stop
INFO:root:Service: VMwareSTS, Action: stop
INFO:root:Service: VMwareIdentityMgmtService, Action: stop
INFO:root:Service: VMwareCertificateService, Action: stop
INFO:root:Service: VMwareDirectoryService, Action: stop
INFO:root:Service: VMwareAfFdService, Action: stop
INFO:root:Service: vmware-cis-config, Action: stop
Executing StartService --all
INFO:root:Service: vmware-cis-config, Action: start
INFO:root:Service: VMwareAfFdService, Action: start
INFO:root:Service: httpProxy, Action: start
INFO:root:Service: VMwareDirectoryService, Action: start
INFO:root:Service: VMwareCertificateService, Action: start
INFO:root:Service: VMwareIdentityMgmtService, Action: start
INFO:root:Service: VMwareSTS, Action: start
INFO:root:Service: licenseService, Action: start
INFO:root:Service: vmwareServiceControlAgent, Action: start
C:\sso-ha>
```

28. When prompted, enter the **password** for the administrator@vsphere.local account.

29. Repeat steps 19-28 on the remaining Platform Services Controllers.

30. On one Platform Services Controller in the site, run:

```
python lstoolHA.py --hostname=FQDNofLocalMachine --lb-fqdn=loadbalancerFQDN --lb-cert-
folder=C:\ha --user=Administrator@vsphere.local --password="password"
```

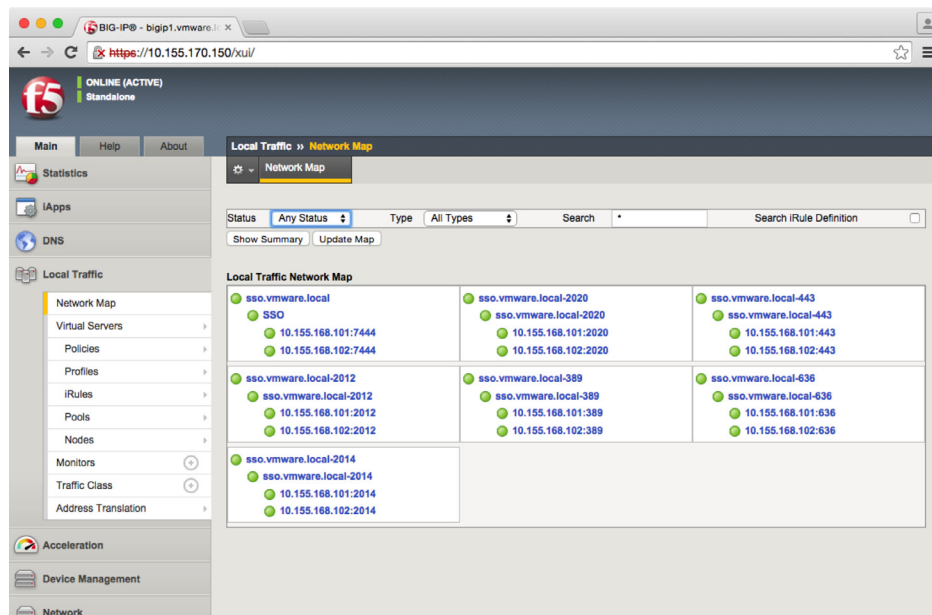
where *FQDNofLocalMachine* is the FQDN of the Platform Services Controller the command is being run on, *loadbalancerFQDN* is the FQDN of the load balancer's VIP used for load-balancing vCenter Single Sign-On, and *password* is the password for the administrator@vsphere.local account. The password parameter is optional; if not specified, you'll be prompted for it.



```
Administrator: C:\Windows\system32\cmd.exe
2015-01-09 14:15:20.434 INFO org.springframework.beans.factory.xml.XmlBeanDefinitionReader - Loading XML bean definitions from class path resource [con/vmware/vin/binding/umodl/context-2.xml]
2015-01-09 14:15:20.512 INFO con.vmware.vin.vmonl.core.types.impl.UmodlContextImpl$NonValidatingClassPathXmlApplicationContext - Closing con.vmware.vin.vmonl.core.types.impl.UmodlContextImpl$NonValidatingClassPathXmlApplicationContext@42bf2a35: startup date [Fri Jan 09 14:15:20 PST 2015]; root of context hierarchy
2015-01-09 14:15:20.520 INFO con.vmware.vin.vmonl.core.types.impl.UmodlContextImpl$NonValidatingClassPathXmlApplicationContext - Refreshing con.vmware.vin.vmonl.core.types.impl.UmodlContextImpl$NonValidatingClassPathXmlApplicationContext@5e12a554: startup date [Fri Jan 09 14:15:20 PST 2015]; root of context hierarchy
2015-01-09 14:15:20.524 INFO org.springframework.beans.factory.xml.XmlBeanDefinitionReader - Loading XML bean definitions from class path resource [con/vmware/vin/binding/lookup/context.xml]
2015-01-09 14:15:20.717 INFO con.vmware.vin.vmonl.core.types.impl.UmodlContextImpl$NonValidatingClassPathXmlApplicationContext - Closing con.vmware.vin.vmonl.core.types.impl.UmodlContextImpl$NonValidatingClassPathXmlApplicationContext@5e12a554: startup date [Fri Jan 09 14:15:20 PST 2015]; root of context hierarchy
2015-01-09 14:15:20.842 INFO con.vmware.vin.vmonl.core.types.impl.UmodlContextImpl$NonValidatingClassPathXmlApplicationContext - Refreshing con.vmware.vin.vmonl.core.types.impl.UmodlContextImpl$NonValidatingClassPathXmlApplicationContext@5e2266a: startup date [Fri Jan 09 14:15:20 PST 2015]; root of context hierarchy
2015-01-09 14:15:29.847 INFO org.springframework.beans.factory.xml.XmlBeanDefinitionReader - Loading XML bean definitions from class path resource [con/vmware/vin/binding/sso/context.xml]
2015-01-09 14:15:29.847 INFO con.vmware.vin.vmonl.core.types.impl.UmodlContextImpl$NonValidatingClassPathXmlApplicationContext - Closing con.vmware.vin.vmonl.core.types.impl.UmodlContextImpl$NonValidatingClassPathXmlApplicationContext@53e9296a: startup date [Fri Jan 09 14:15:29 PST 2015]; root of context hierarchy
2015-01-09 14:15:30.800 INFO con.vmware.vin.sso.admin.client.vmonl.impl.AdminClientImpl - Client was created successfully
2015-01-09 14:15:30.867 WARN con.vmware.vin.vmonl.client.http.impl.HttpConfigurationCompilerBase$ConnectionMonitorThreadBase - Shutting down the connection monitor.
2015-01-09 14:15:30.869 INFO con.vmware.vin.sso.admin.client.vmonl.impl.AbstactClient - Client was disposed successfully
2015-01-09 14:15:31.683 INFO con.vmware.identity.token.impl.Util - Reading resources from zip file path=[C:/Program20Files/VMware/vCenter/20Server/VMware20Identity/20Services/istool/lib/vstClient.jar]
2015-01-09 14:15:31.685 INFO con.vmware.identity.token.impl.Util - Reading resources from decoded zip file path=[C:/Program Files/VMware/vCenter Server/VMware Identity Services/istool/lib/vstClient.jar]
2015-01-09 14:15:32.357 INFO con.vmware.identity.token.impl.Util - Reading resources from zip file path=[C:/Program Files/VMware/vCenter/20Server/VMware20Identity/20Services/istool/lib/samltoken.jar]
2015-01-09 14:15:32.360 INFO con.vmware.identity.token.impl.Util - Reading resources from decoded zip file path=[C:/Program Files/VMware/vCenter Server/VMware Identity Services/istool/lib/samltoken.jar]
2015-01-09 14:15:32.482 INFO con.vmware.identity.token.impl.SamlTokenImpl - SAML token for SubjectNameId [value=Administrator@BUSPHERE.LOCAL, format=http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/claims/UPN] successfully parsed from Element
2015-01-09 14:15:32.541 INFO con.vmware.vin.sso.client.impl.SecurityTokenServiceImpl - Successfully acquired token for user: Administrator@busphere.local
2015-01-09 14:15:32.985 WARN con.vmware.vin.vmonl.client.http.impl.HttpConfigurationCompilerBase$ConnectionMonitorThreadBase - Shutting down the connection monitor.
C:\sso-ha>
```

31. View the **Network Map** and verify that all services are up (green).

See “Appendix” for full configuration instructions for the F5 BIG-IP load balancer.

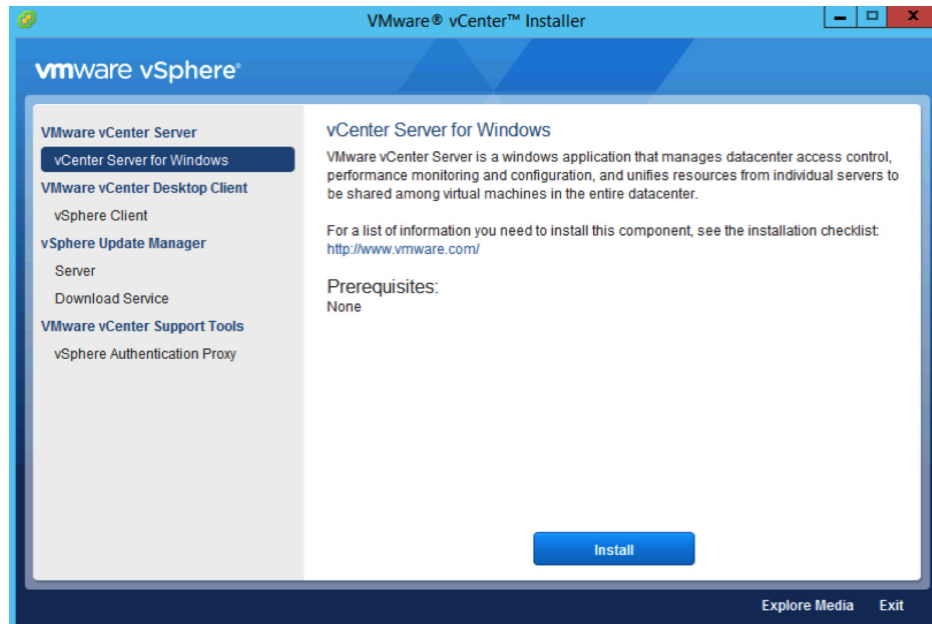


32. Log in to the vCenter Server you want to upgrade.

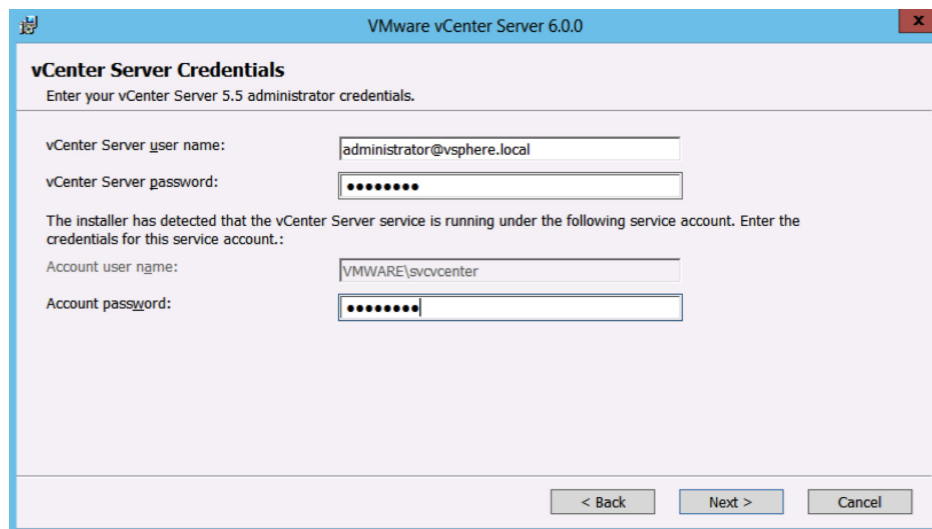
33. Mount the vCenter Server 6.0 ISO image.

34. If autorun doesn't start, execute autorun.exe.

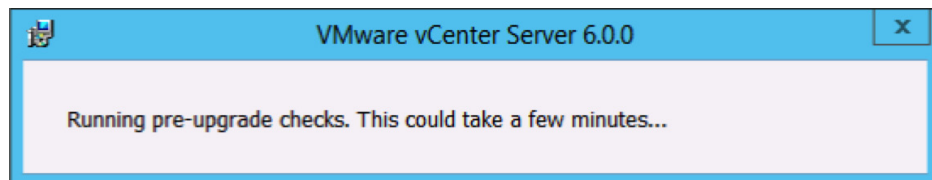
35. Select **vCenter Server for Windows** and click **Install**.



36. Click **Next**.
37. Accept the license agreements.
38. Enter the **password** for the administrator@vsphere.local account and the **password** for the service account (if applicable). Click **Next**.

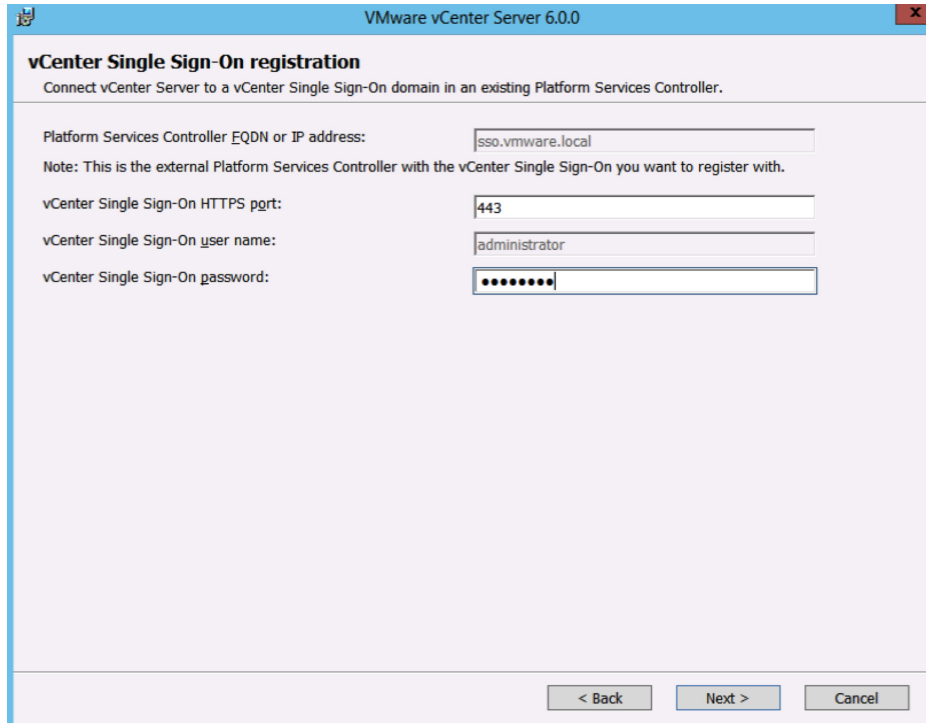


39. Wait for the **pre-upgrade checks** to complete.



40. Enter the **password** for the administrator@vsphere.local account. Click **Next**.





**VMware vCenter Server 6.0.0**

**vCenter Single Sign-On registration**  
Connect vCenter Server to a vCenter Single Sign-On domain in an existing Platform Services Controller.

Platform Services Controller FQDN or IP address:

Note: This is the external Platform Services Controller with the vCenter Single Sign-On you want to register with.

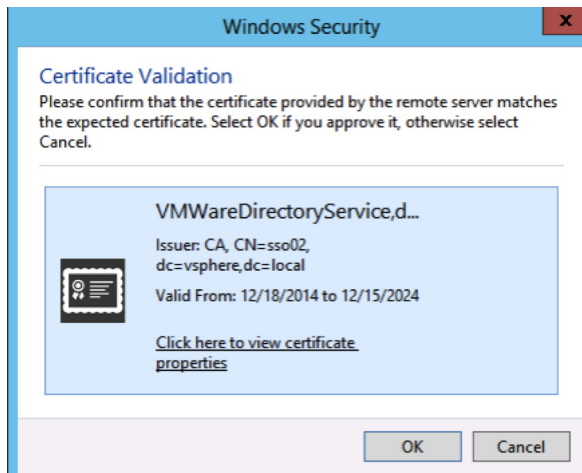
vCenter Single Sign-On HTTPS port:

vCenter Single Sign-On user name:

vCenter Single Sign-On password:

< Back   Next >   Cancel

41. Click **OK** to accept the certificate.



**Windows Security**

**Certificate Validation**  
Please confirm that the certificate provided by the remote server matches the expected certificate. Select OK if you approve it, otherwise select Cancel.

**VMWareDirectoryService,d...**

Issuer: CA, CN=sso02,  
dc=vsphere,dc=local

Valid From: 12/18/2014 to 12/15/2024

[Click here to view certificate properties](#)

OK   Cancel

42. Accept the default ports and click **Next**.

**Configure Ports**  
Configure network settings and ports for this deployment.

**Common Ports**

|                          |      |
|--------------------------|------|
| HTTP Port:               | 80   |
| HTTPS Port:              | 443  |
| Syslog Service Port:     | 514  |
| Syslog Service TLS Port: | 1514 |

**vCenter Server Ports**

|                              |      |
|------------------------------|------|
| Auto Deploy Management Port: | 6502 |
| Auto Deploy Service Port:    | 6501 |
| ESXi Dump Collector Port:    | 6500 |
| ESXi Heartbeat Port:         | 902  |
| vSphere Web Client Port:     | 9443 |

**i** Some ports are not configurable. To proceed, make the following ports available:  
2020

< Back   Next >   Cancel

43. Accept or change the installation paths as necessary. Click **Next**.

**Destination Directory**  
Select the storage location for this deployment.

Install vCenter Server with an external Platform Services Controller to:  
C:\Program Files\VMware\   Change...

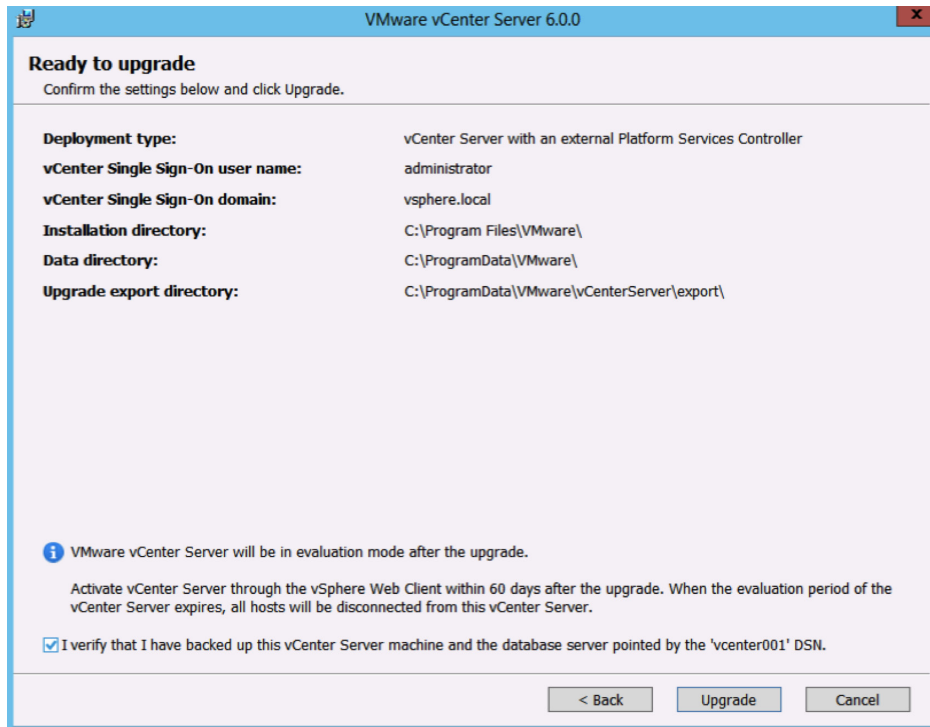
Store data for vCenter Server with an external Platform Services Controller in:  
C:\ProgramData\VMware\   Change...

Export your 5.X data to:  
C:\ProgramData\VMware\vCenterServer\export\   Change...

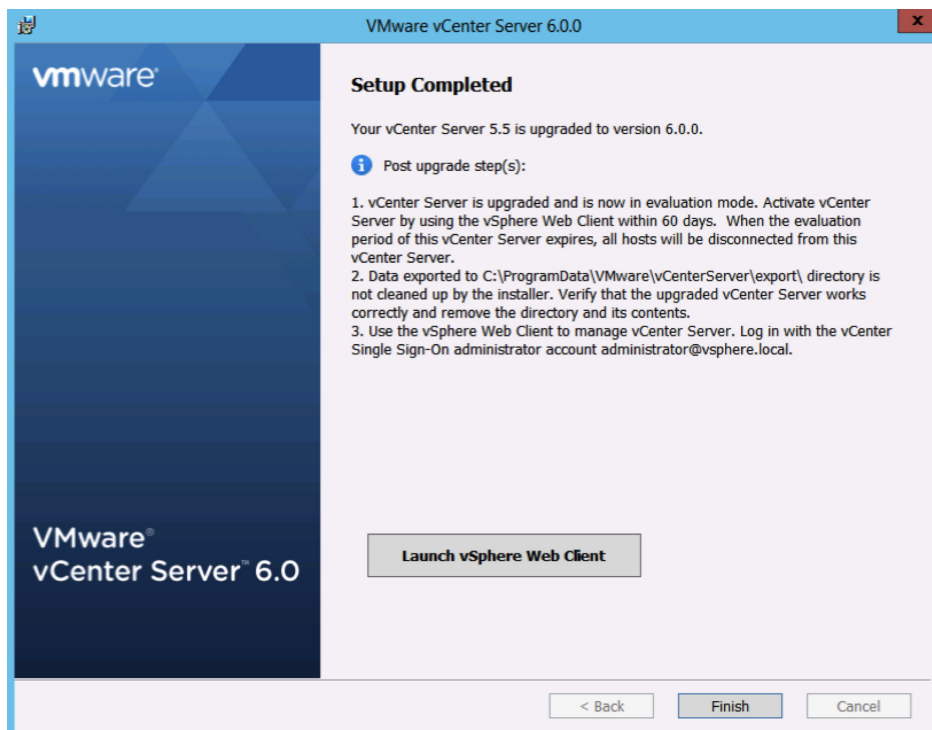
Note: During the upgrade, 5.x data will be stored in this directory, and then migrated to the 6.0.0 deployment. Data exported to this directory will not be cleaned up by the installer. Remove this directory and its contents after the upgrade completes.

< Back   Next >   Cancel

44. Check the box to verify that you have backed up the vCenter Server and its database. Click **Upgrade**.



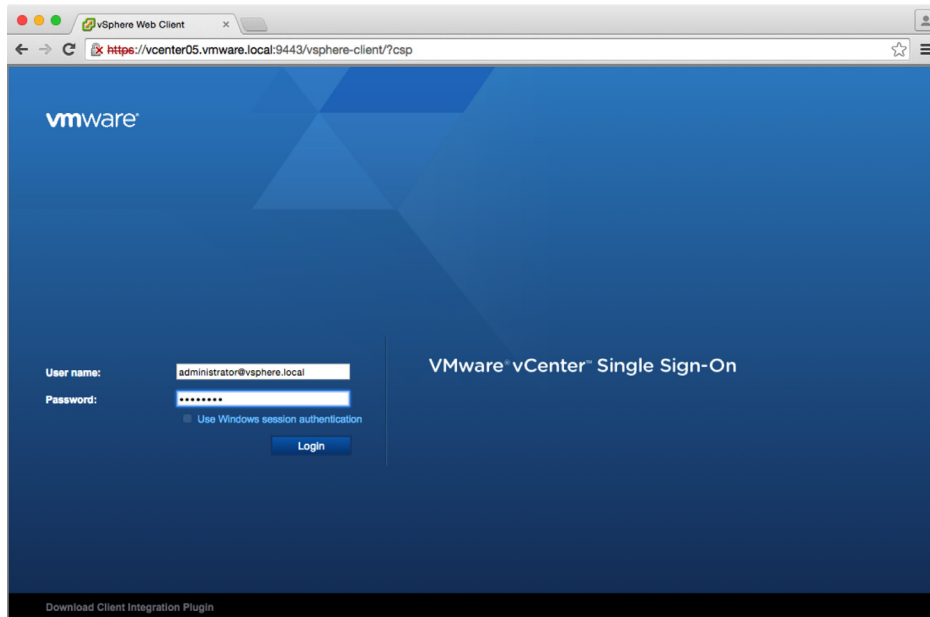
45. When completed, click **Finish**.



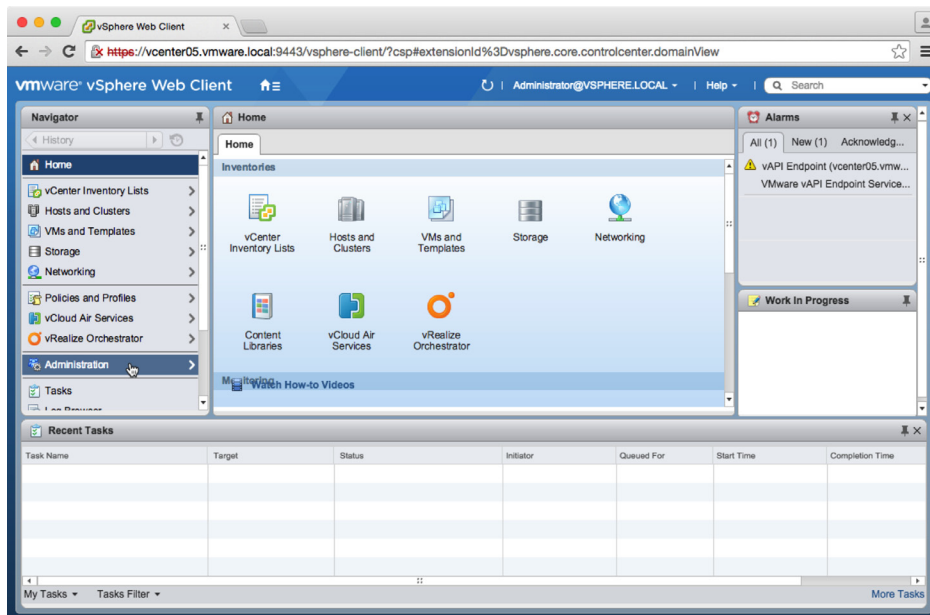
## Postdeployment Steps

### Configure Identity Sources

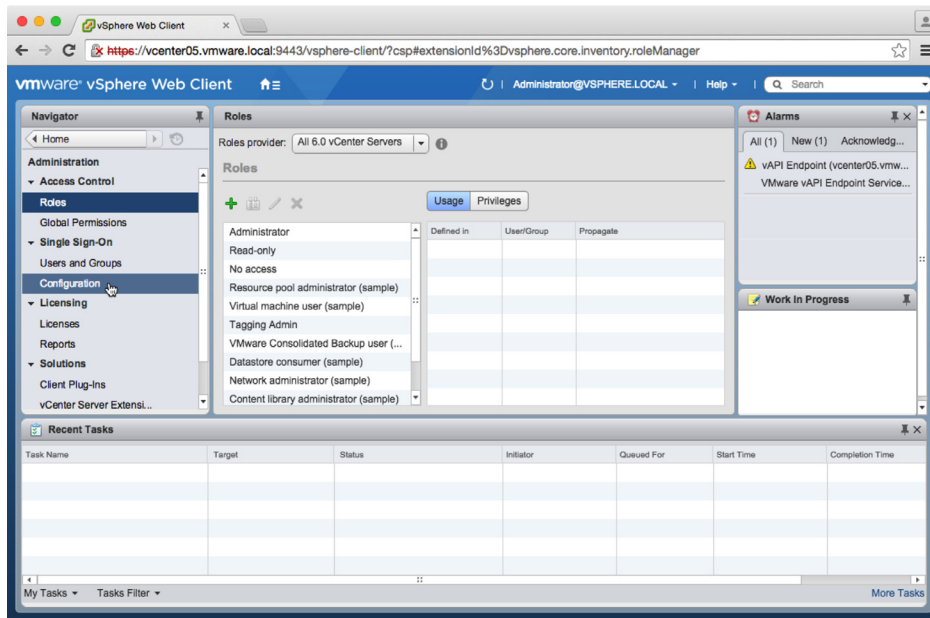
1. Open your Web browser and navigate to `https://vcenter:9443`, where `vcenter` is the FQDN of the vCenter Server.
2. Log in with **User name** `administrator@vsphere.local` and the **Password** used during installation.



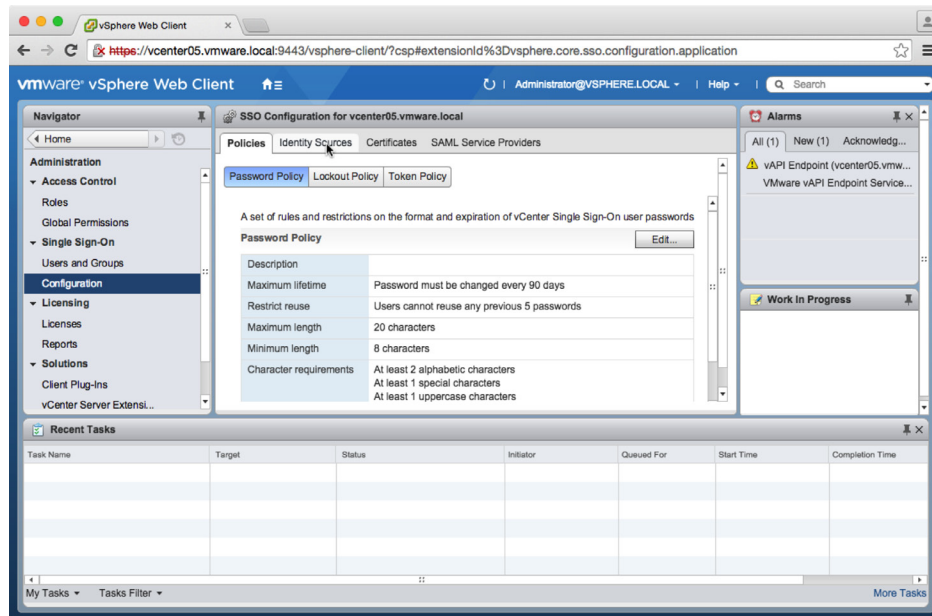
3. Click **Administration** in the left-hand **Navigator** pane.



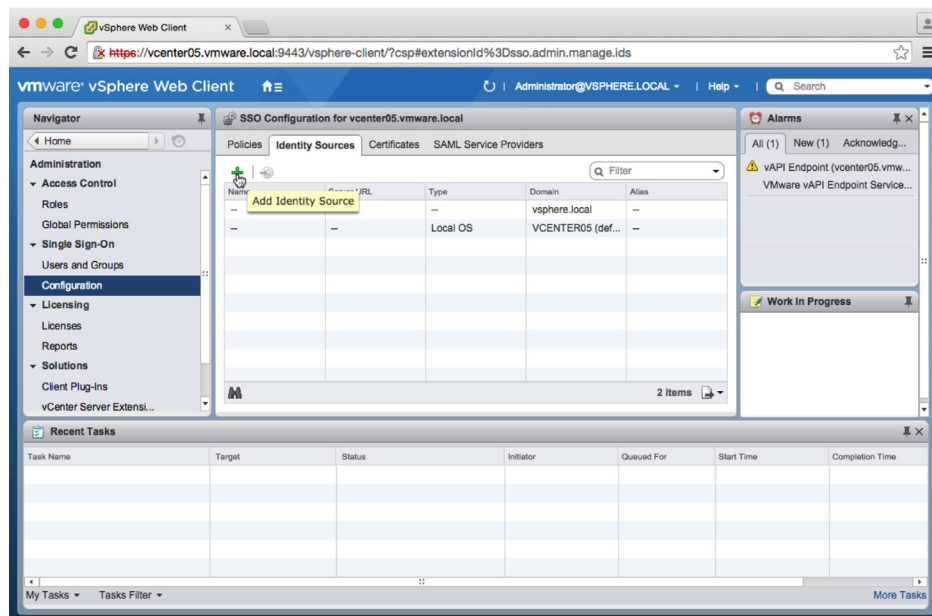
- Click **Configuration** under vCenter **Single Sign-On**.



- Click **Identity Sources**.



- Click the **green plus icon** to **Add Identity Source**.



- If using Microsoft Active Directory, select **Active Directory (Integrated Windows Authentication)**. It will autopopulate the root domain in the forest. If using Open LDAP, select and configure it.

**Add identity source**

Identity source type:

- ☒ Active Directory (Integrated Windows Authentication)
- ☐ Active Directory as an LDAP Server
- ☐ Open LDAP
- ☐ Local OS

Identity source settings

Domain name:  ⓘ

☒ Use machine account  
☐ Use Service Principal Name (SPN)

Service Principal Name (SPN):  ⓘ

User Principal Name (UPN):  ⓘ

Password:

8. Highlight the newly added identity source. Click the **Set as Default Domain** icon.

SSO Configuration for vcenter05.vmware.local

Navigation: Policies Identity Sources Certificates SAML Service Providers

Filter: [Search]

| Name         | Server (URI) | Type   | Domain            | Alias  |
|--------------|--------------|--|-------------------|--------|
| ---          | ---          | Local OS   | VCENTER05 (def... | ---    |
| vmware.local | ---          | Active Directory (Integrated Windows Authentication) | vmware.local      | VMWARE |

3 items

Alarms: All (1) New (1) Acknowledg...

Work In Progress

Recent Tasks

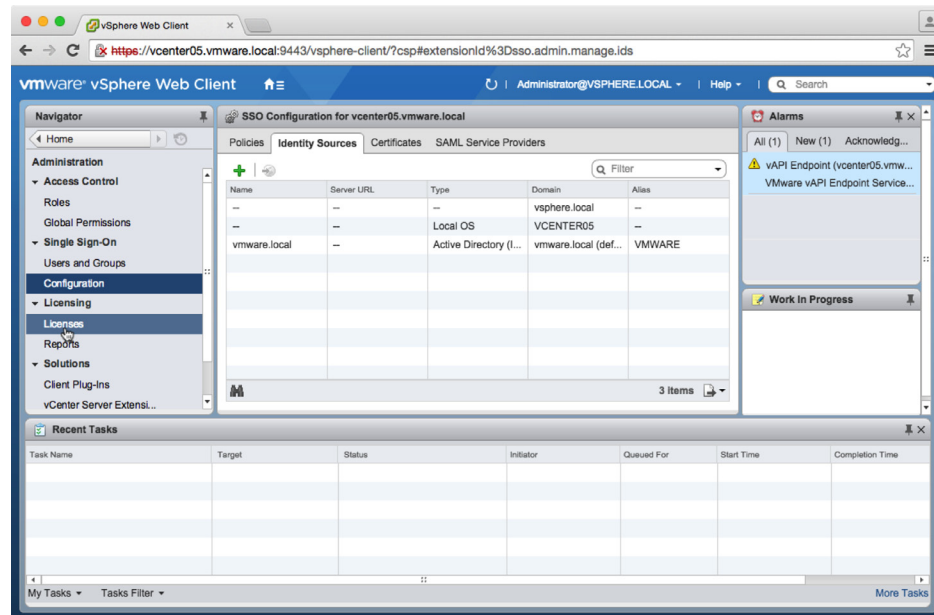
| Task Name | Target | Status | Initiator | Queued For | Start Time | Completion Time |
|-----------|--------|--------|-----------|------------|------------|-----------------|
|           |        |        |           |            |            |                 |
|           |        |        |           |            |            |                 |
|           |        |        |           |            |            |                 |
|           |        |        |           |            |            |                 |
|           |        |        |           |            |            |                 |
|           |        |        |           |            |            |                 |
|           |        |        |           |            |            |                 |
|           |        |        |           |            |            |                 |
|           |        |        |           |            |            |                 |
|           |        |        |           |            |            |                 |

My Tasks Tasks Filter More Tasks

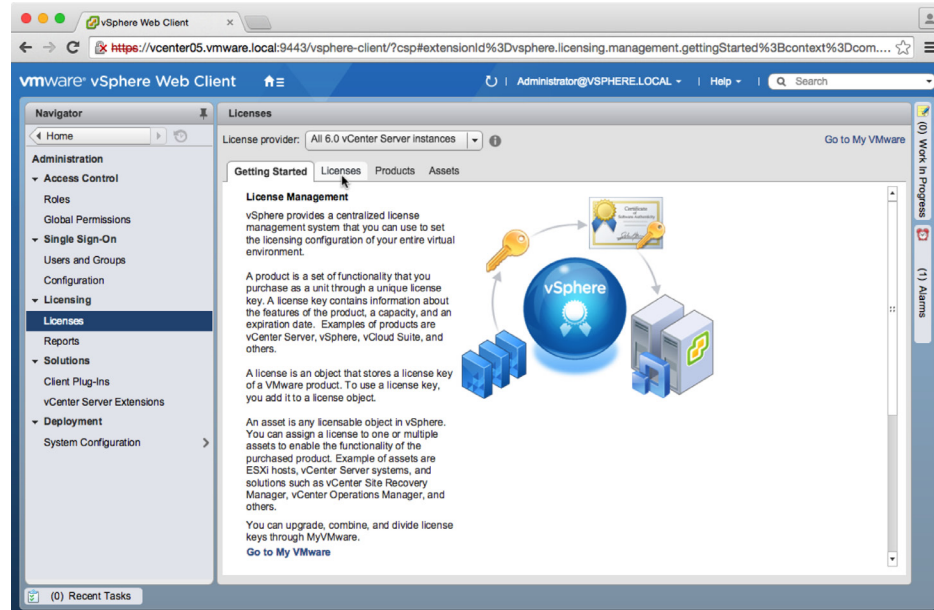
9. Click **Yes** in the pop-up.

## License Management

1. Click **Licenses** in the left-hand **Navigator** pane.

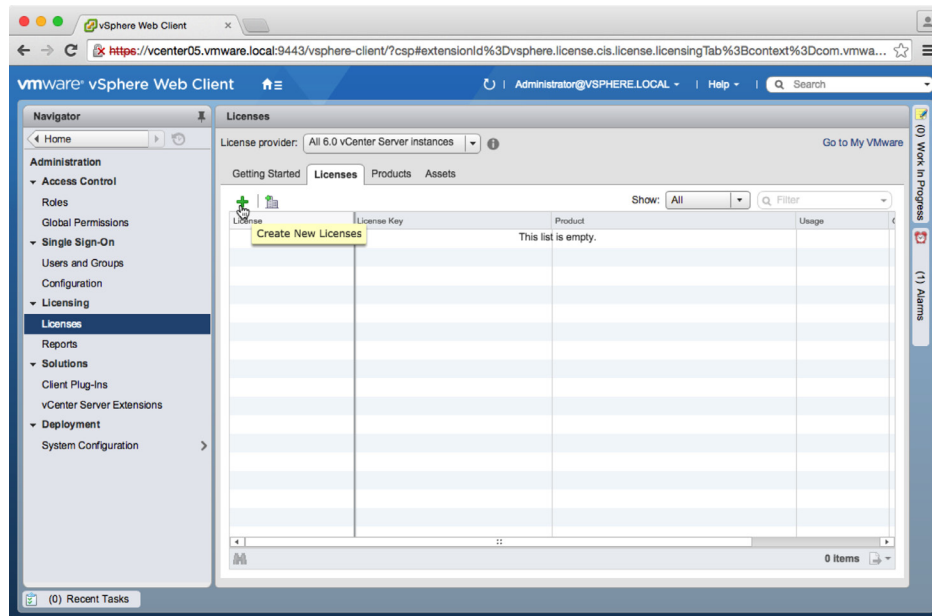


2. Click **Licenses**.

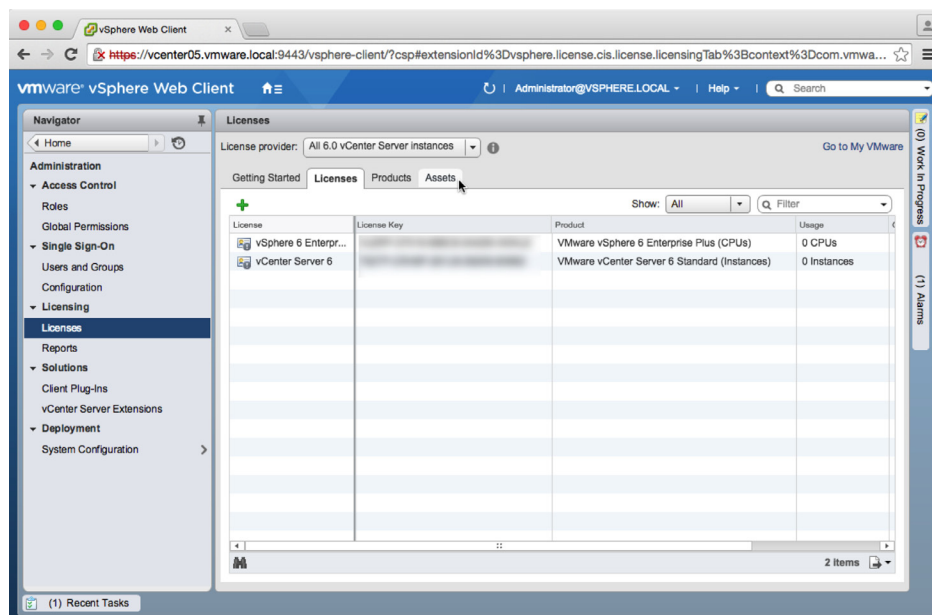


3. Click the **green plus** icon to add your licenses.

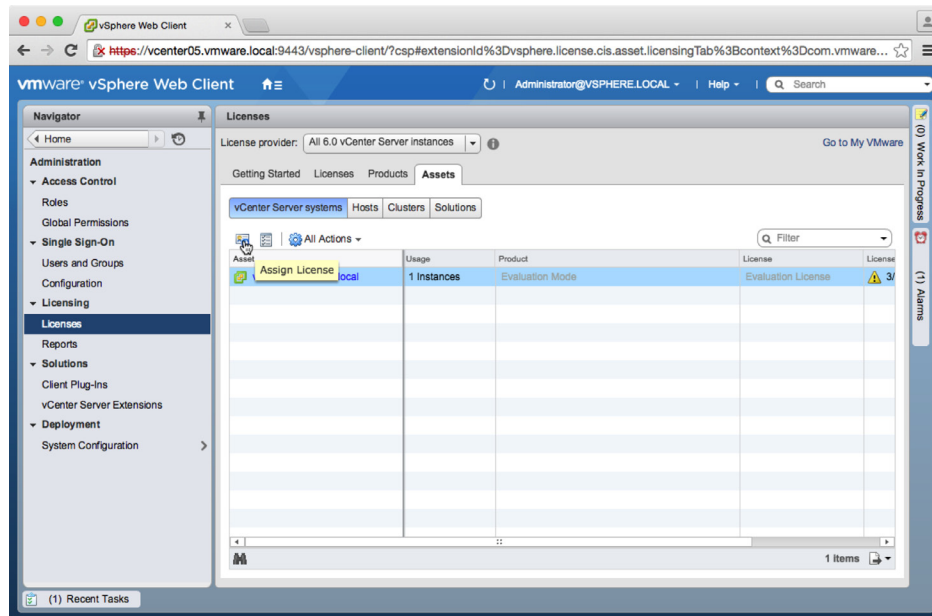




4. Enter your license keys, one per line, and click **Next**.
5. Give each license a descriptive name and click **Next**.
6. Click **Finish**.
7. Click **Assets**.



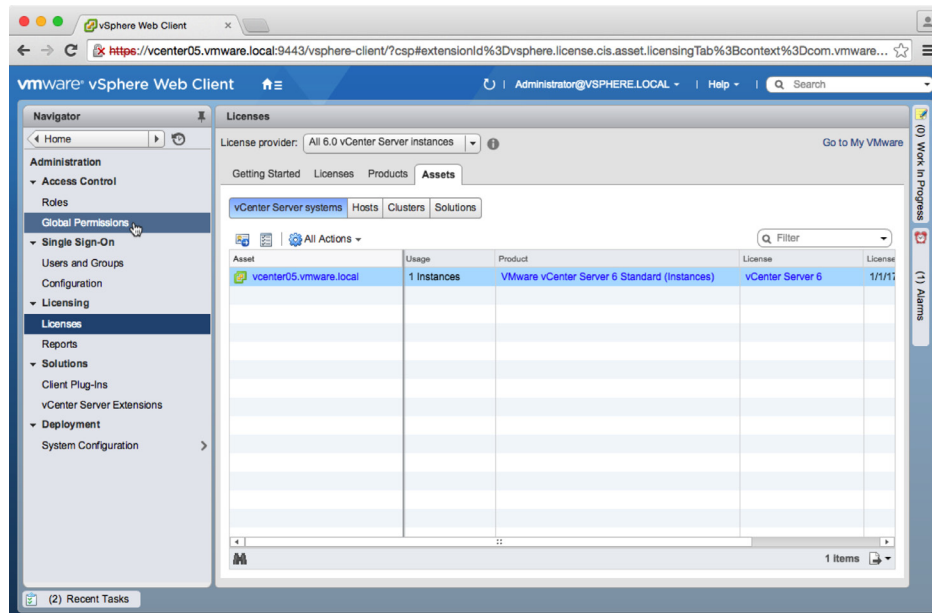
8. Highlight **vCenter Server systems** in evaluation mode and click the **Assign License** icon.



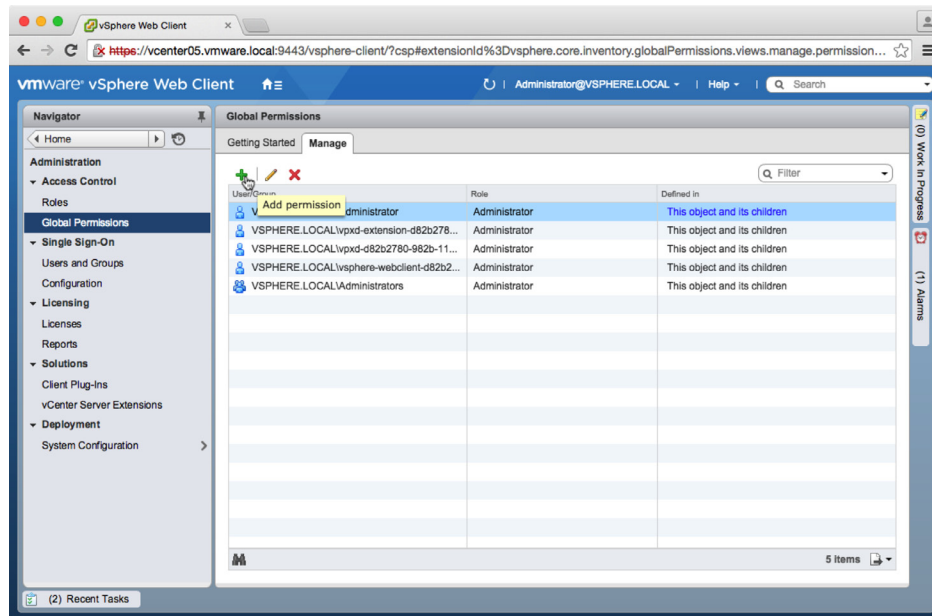
9. Select the vCenter Server license entered earlier and click **OK**.

## Global Permissions

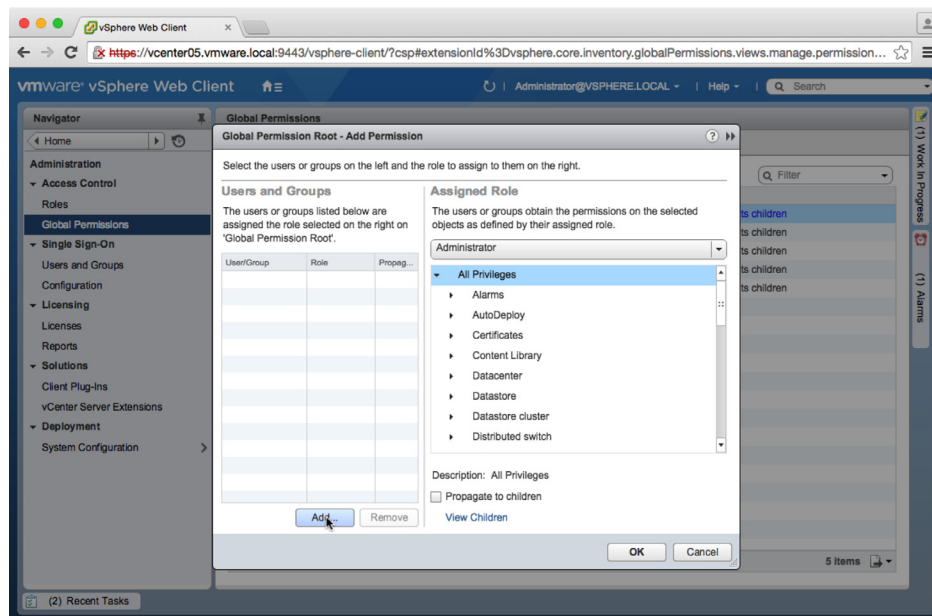
1. Click **Global Permissions** in the left-hand **Navigator** pane.



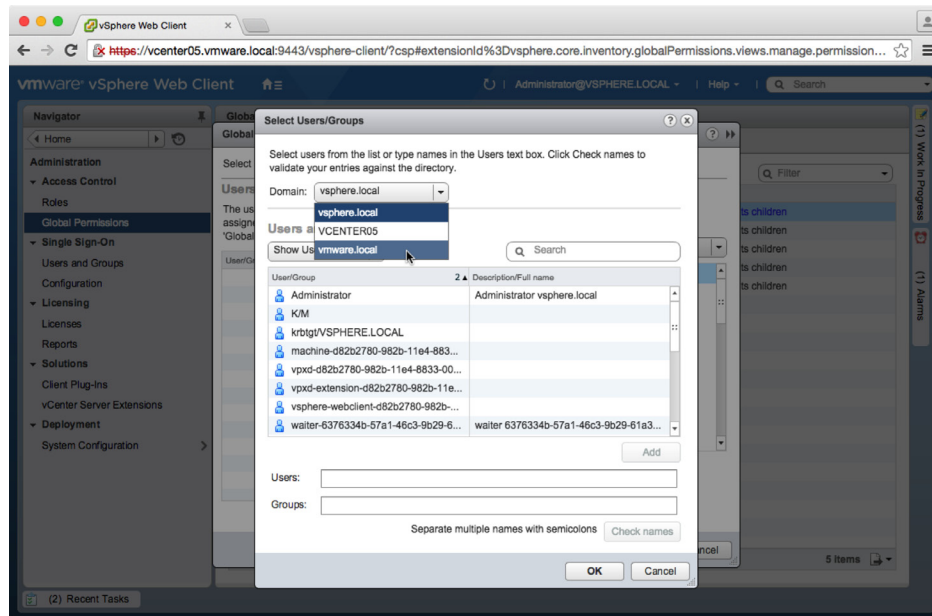
2. Click **Manage**.
3. Click the **green plus** icon to add a permission.



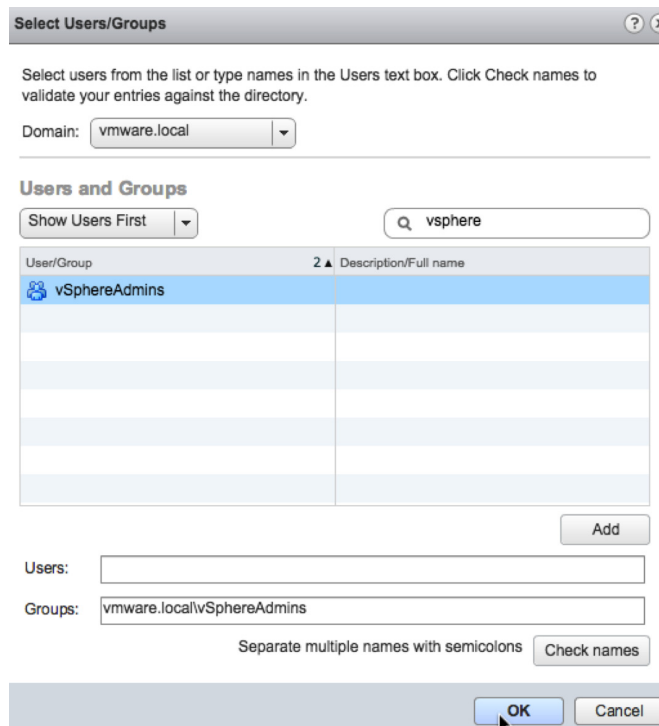
4. Click **Add**.



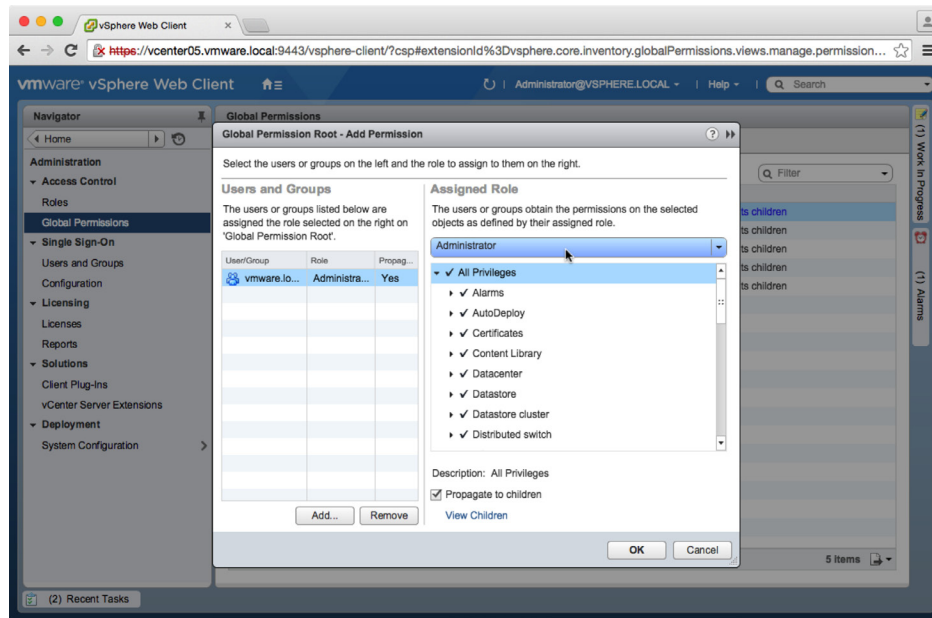
5. Select your Active Directory domain or other identity source you added earlier.



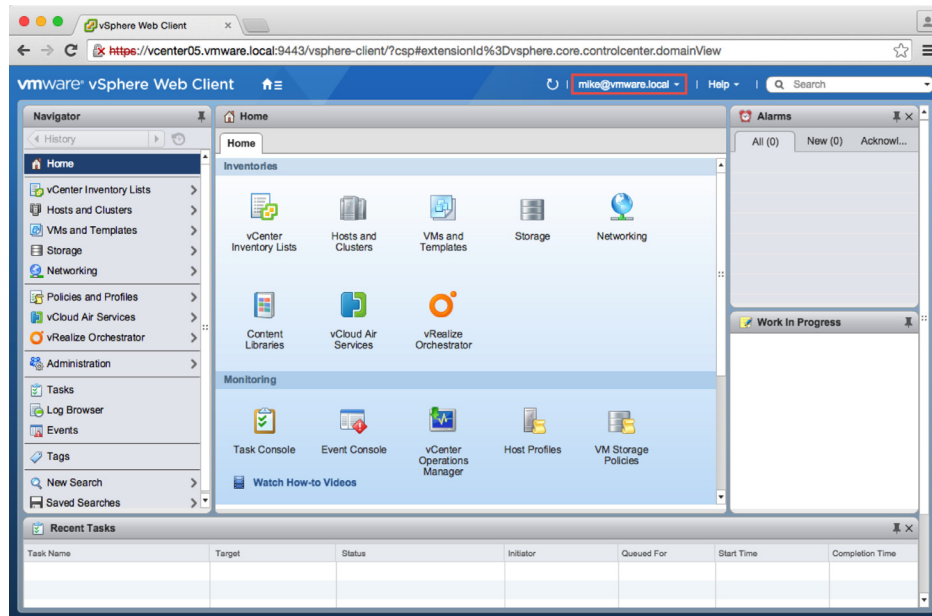
6. Add your vSphere Administrators group or users. Click **OK**.



7. Ensure that the **Administrator** role is selected and **Propagate to children** is checked. Click **OK**.



8. You can now log out and back in to vSphere Web Client as an **Administrator** you just added.



## Certificate Management

In most cases, certificate replacement in vSphere 6.0 is not necessary. This is because the Platform Services Controller contains the VMware Certificate Authority (VMCA), which issues certificate authority (CA) signed certificates with a validity period of 10 years.

These certificates are issued to solution users—the users created when a solution such as vCenter Server, vCenter Inventory Service, and so on, is registered with vCenter Single Sign-On—and are utilized as certificate endpoints. These users are issued certificates instead of individual services. This enables the services associated with a solution user to utilize the same certificate, substantially reducing the number of certificates required to manage in the environment.

ESXi hosts are also issued certificates from the VMCA when the hosts are added to the vCenter Server inventory or when vCenter Server is upgraded.

When certificates must be changed—such as when making the VMCA a subordinate of an existing enterprise CA or when generating new solution user certificates after the VMCA mode has changed—the certificate manager utility can be used.

```
Administrator: C:\Windows\system32\cmd.exe - certificate-manager
C:\Program Files\VMware\VMware Server\bin>certificate-manager

*** Welcome to the vSphere 6.0 Certificate Manager ***
-- Select Operation --

1. Replace Machine SSL certificate with Custom Certificate
2. Replace VMCA Root certificate with Custom Signing
   Certificate and replace all Certificates
3. Replace Machine SSL certificate with VMCA Certificate
4. Regenerate a new VMCA Root Certificate and
   replace all certificates
5. Replace Solution user certificates with
   Custom Certificate
6. Replace Solution user certificates with VMCA certificates
7. Revert last performed operation by re-publishing old
   certificates
8. Reset all Certificates

Note : Use Ctrl-Z and hit Enter to exit.
Option[1 to 8]: _
```

### Make the VMCA a Subordinate Certificate Authority

1. Log in to the Platform Services Controller.
2. Using openssl, generate a certificate request.

```
openssl genrsa -out c:\certs\psc001.key 2048
openssl req -new -key c:\certs\psc001.key -out c:\certs\psc001.csr
```

- a. Answer questions to build the request.
- b. Submit the request to a CA. Use the subordinate CA template for the request.

Microsoft Active Directory Certificate Services -- vmware-DC01-CA

### Submit a Certificate Request or Renewal Request

To submit a saved request to the CA, paste a base-64-encoded CMC or PKCS #10 certificate request or PKCS #7 Request box.

**Saved Request:**

Base-64-encoded certificate request (CMC or PKCS #10 or PKCS #7):

```
djMr31dyBQqMRbk8g7GrDOhF7rwR6/2VAXtSrYj1:
9yRM9jmsOX9OwbGOrBU6Aa8Sm2+rwVXrR2wGTduxi
bTER20OPLR9iz9j6Oin4gLen49xX4v0x/Yc5OjXCI
iM9RkBaN3XMZ9dRbkZHEsuwzb+RZw318/JaC+ms
-----END CERTIFICATE REQUEST-----
```

**Certificate Template:**

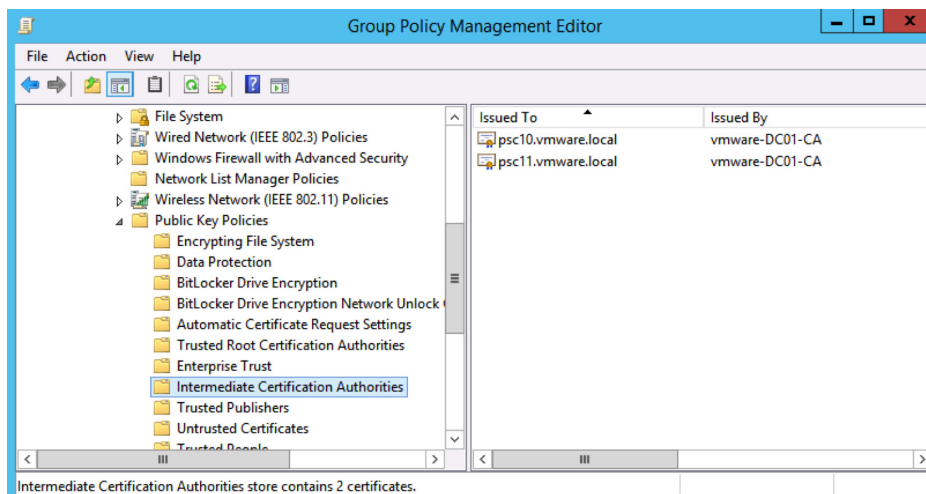
Subordinate Certification Authority

**Additional Attributes:**

Attributes:

Submit >

- c. Download the certificate in Base 64 format; save it to c:\certs.
3. Wait at least 24 hours before continuing. The VMCA requires that the certificate have a valid date of at least 24 hours prior.
4. Run certificate-manager from c:\program files\vmware\vCenter Server\bin for Windows installs or /usr/lib/vmware-vmca/bin/certificate-manager for vCenter Server Appliance.
5. Choose option 2: **Replace VMCA Root certificate with Custom Signing Certificate and replace all Certificates.**
6. Enter the administrator@vsphere.local password.
7. Answer all questions as you did earlier when creating the certificate request.
8. When asked to provide a valid custom certificate for root, enter the path to the certificate obtained earlier.
9. When asked to provide a valid custom key for root, enter the path to the .key file generated with openssl earlier.
10. Enter **Y** to continue to replace the certificate.
11. Add the certificate to a Windows Group policy as an intermediate CA. This will enable client machines—such as those using vSphere Web Client—to trust the certificates issued by the VMCA.



## Appendix

### Configure the F5 BIG-IP Load Balancer

1. Download the lb.p12 file from the ha folder of one of the Platform Services Controllers.
2. Log in to the F5 BIG-IP configuration Web page.
3. Click **System**.
4. Open **File Management, SSL Certificate List**.
5. Click **Import**.
6. For **Import Type**, select **PKCS 12**. Provide a descriptive **Certificate Name**. Browse for the **Certificate** downloaded earlier. Enter **changeme** for the **Password**. Click **Import**.

*NOTE: If you want to use a custom password when running the `gen-lb-cert.py --primary-node` command on the first Platform Services Controller to generate the certificates, add the following: `--password=yourPassword`.*

| SSL Certificate/Key Source |                    |
|----------------------------|--------------------|
| Import Type                | PKCS 12 (IIS)      |
| Certificate Name           | psc011             |
| Certificate Source         | Choose File lb.p12 |
| Password                   | *****              |
| Key Security               | Normal             |
| Free Space on Disk         | 146 MB             |

Cancel Import

7. Click **Local Traffic**.
8. Open **Profiles, SSL, Client**.
9. Click **Create**.
10. Provide a descriptive **Name**.
  - a. Click **Custom**.
  - b. Choose the **Certificate** and **Key** installed earlier.
  - c. Enter the **Passphrase** for the certificate.
  - d. Click **Add**.
  - e. Scroll to the bottom and click **Finished**.



Local Traffic » Profiles : SSL : Client » New Client SSL Profile...

**General Properties**

Name: psc011

Parent Profile: clientssl

Configuration: Basic

Certificate Key Chain

Certificate: psc011

Key: psc011

Chain: None

Passphrase: \*\*\*\*\*

OCSP Stapling Parameters: None

Add Replace

/Common/psc011.crt /Common/psc011.key \_\*\*\*\*\* \_

Delete

11. Open **Profiles, SSL, Server**.
12. Click **Create**.
13. Provide a descriptive **Name**.
  - a. Click **Custom**.
  - b. Choose the **Certificate** and **Key** installed earlier.
  - c. Click **Add**.
  - d. Scroll to the bottom and click **Finished**.

Local Traffic » Profiles : SSL : Server » New Server SSL Profile...

**General Properties**

Name: psc011-server

Parent Profile: serverssl

Configuration: Basic

Certificate: psc011

Key: psc011

SSL Forward Proxy: Disabled

SSL Forward Proxy Bypass: Disabled

Enabled Options

Don't insert empty fragments

Options List

Disable

14. Open **Nodes, Node List**.
15. Click **Create**.
16. Add all Platform Services Controllers as a node. Use **Repeat** to speed up the process.

Local Traffic » Nodes : Node List » **New Node...**

---

**General Properties**

|             |   |
|-------------|---|
| Name        | psc01   |
| Description |   |
| Address     | <input checked="" type="radio"/> Address <input type="radio"/> FQDN<br>10.155.168.101 |

---

**Configuration**

|                       |              |
|-----------------------|--------------|
| Health Monitors       | Node Default |
| Ratio                 | 1            |
| Connection Limit      | 0            |
| Connection Rate Limit | 0            |

17. Open **Pools, Pool List**.
18. Click **Create**.
19. Create six pools, one each for port 443, 2012, 2014, 2020, 389, and 636.
  - a. All pools have the same **Configuration, tcp** for monitoring, and **Round Robin** for **Load Balancing Method**.
  - b. Use **Repeat** to save time: Remove the existing members from the list.

Local Traffic » Pools : Pool List » New Pool...

Configuration: Basic

Name: psc011-443

Description:

Health Monitors:

| Active  | Available     |
|---------|---------------|
| /Common | https         |
| tcp     | https_443     |
|         | https_head_f5 |
|         | inband        |
|         | tcp_half_open |

Resources

Load Balancing Method: Round Robin

Priority Group Activation: Disabled

New Members:

☐ New Node
 ☐ New FQDN Node
 ☒ Node List

Address: psc002.vmware.local (10.155.168.83)

Service Port: 443 HTTPS

Add

R:1 P:0 C:0 psc001.vmware.local 10.155.168.82 :443  
 R:1 P:0 C:0 psc002.vmware.local 10.155.168.83 :443

Edit Delete

Cancel Repeat Finished

20. Open **Virtual Servers, Virtual Server List**.
21. Click **Create**.
22. All virtual servers—except the one for port 443—have the same configuration.
  - a. Provide a descriptive **Name**.
  - b. Enter the **Destination Address**.
  - c. For **Service Port**, enter **443**.
  - d. For **SSL Profile (Client)**, select the client profile created earlier.
  - e. For **SSL Profile (Server)**, select the client profile created earlier.
  - f. For **Source Address Translation**, select **Auto Map**.
  - g. For the **Default Pool**, select the pool created for port 443.
  - h. For the **Default Persistence Profile**, select **source\_addr**.
  - i. Click **Finished**.

Local Traffic » Virtual Servers : Virtual Server List » New Virtual Server...

### General Properties

|                                  |                                     |       |  |
|----------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------|--|
| Name                             | psc011-443                          |       |  |
| Description                      |                                     |       |  |
| Type                             | Standard                            |       |  |
| Source Address                   |                                     |       |  |
| Destination Address              | 10.155.168.87                       |       |  |
| Service Port                     | 443                                 | HTTPS |  |
| Notify Status to Virtual Address | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |       |  |
| State                            | Enabled                             |       |  |

### Configuration: Basic

|                           |  |   |  |
|---------------------------|--|---|--|
| Protocol                  | TCP  |   |  |
| Protocol Profile (Client) | tcp  |   |  |
| Protocol Profile (Server) | (Use Client Profile)                                     |   |  |
| HTTP Profile              | None   |   |  |
| FTP Profile               | None   |   |  |
| RTSP Profile              | None   |   |  |
| SSL Profile (Client)      | <div>Selected</div> <div>/Common<br/>psc011-client</div> | <div>&lt;&lt;</div> <div>&gt;&gt;</div> | <div>Available</div> <div> clientssl-insecure-compatible<br/> crypto-server-default-clientssl<br/> psc010-client<br/> sso-client<br/> wom-default-clientssl </div> |
| SSL Profile (Server)      | <div>Selected</div> <div>/Common<br/>psc011-server</div> | <div>&lt;&lt;</div> <div>&gt;&gt;</div> | <div>Available</div> <div> apm-default-serverssl<br/> crypto-client-default-serverssl<br/> pcoip-default-serverssl<br/> psc010-server<br/> serverssl </div>        |

|                                   |  |
|-----------------------------------|--|
| SMTP Profile                      | None   |
| VLAN and Tunnel Traffic           | All VLANs and Tunnels  |
| Source Address Translation        | Auto Map   |
| <b>Content Rewrite</b>            |  |
| Rewrite Profile                   | None   |
| HTML Profile                      | None   |
| <b>Acceleration:</b> Basic        |  |
| Rate Class                        | None   |
| OneConnect Profile                | None   |
| NTLM Conn Pool                    | None   |
| HTTP Compression Profile          | None   |
| Web Acceleration Profile          | None   |
| SPDY Profile                      | None   |
| <b>Resources</b>                  |  |
| iRules                            | <div>Enabled</div> <div> <input type="text"/> <div> <div>&lt;&lt;</div> <div>&gt;&gt;</div> </div> <div>Up Down</div> </div> <div> <b>/Common</b><br/> _sys_APM_Exchar<br/> _sys_APM_Exchar<br/> _sys_APM_Exchar<br/> _sys_APM_Exchar </div> |
| Policies                          | <div>Enabled</div> <div> <input type="text"/> <div> <div>&lt;&lt;</div> <div>&gt;&gt;</div> </div> <div>Up Down</div> </div> <div> <b>/Common</b><br/> _sys_CEC_SSL_cl<br/> _sys_CEC_SSL_se<br/> _sys_CEC_video_g </div>                     |
| Default Pool                      | psc011-443   |
| Default Persistence Profile       | source_addr  |
| Fallback Persistence Profile      | None   |
| <div>Cancel Repeat Finished</div> |  |

23. Repeat step 22 for all other ports: 2012, 2014, 2020, 389, and 636. All settings are the same, except there is no **SSL Profile (Client)** or **SSL Profile (Server)** and the **Service Port** and **Default Pool** should match. For example, if the **Service Port** is 2012, the **Default Pool** should be the pool set up for port 2012.

Local Traffic » Virtual Servers : Virtual Server List » **New Virtual Server...**

---

**General Properties**

|                                  |                                     |        |  |
|----------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--------|--|
| Name                             | psc011-20142                        |        |  |
| Description                      |                                     |        |  |
| Type                             | Standard                            |        |  |
| Source Address                   |                                     |        |  |
| Destination Address              | 10.155.168.87                       |        |  |
| Service Port                     | 2012                                | Other: |  |
| Notify Status to Virtual Address | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |        |  |
| State                            | Enabled                             |        |  |

---

**Configuration:** Basic

|                           |                                 |  |  |
|---------------------------|---------------------------------|--|--|
| Protocol                  | TCP                             |  |  |
| Protocol Profile (Client) | tcp                             |  |  |
| Protocol Profile (Server) | (Use Client Profile)            |  |  |
| HTTP Profile              | None                            |  |  |
| FTP Profile               | None                            |  |  |
| RTSP Profile              | None                            |  |  |
| SSL Profile (Client)      | <div>Selected</div> <div></div> | <div>Available</div> <div> clientssl-insecure-compatible<br/> crypto-server-default-clientssl<br/> psc010-client<br/> sso-client<br/> wom-default-clientssl </div> |  |
| SSL Profile (Server)      | <div>Selected</div> <div></div> | <div>Available</div> <div> apm-default-serverssl<br/> crypto-client-default-serverssl<br/> pcolp-default-serverssl<br/> psc010-server<br/> serverssl </div>        |  |

24. Open **Profiles, Persistence**.
25. Click **source\_addr**.
26. Check **Match Across Services** and click **Update**.

**Local Traffic » Profiles : Persistence » source\_addr**

⚙️ Properties

---

**General Properties**

|                  |                         |
|------------------|-------------------------|
| Name             | source_addr             |
| Partition / Path | Common                  |
| Persistence Type | Source Address Affinity |

---

**Configuration**

|                              |   |
|------------------------------|---|
| Match Across Services        | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Enabled |
| Match Across Virtual Servers | <input type="checkbox"/>                    |
| Match Across Pools           | <input type="checkbox"/>                    |
| Hash Algorithm               | Default                                     |
| Timeout                      | Specify... 180 seconds                      |
| Mask                         | None  |
| Map Proxies                  | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Enabled |
| Override Connection Limit    | <input type="checkbox"/>                    |

Update

27. After both Platform Services Controller nodes have been installed and configured, click **Network Map** and verify that all services are up (green).

**Local Traffic » Network Map**

Status: Any Status Type: All Types Search: \* Search (Rule Definition)

Show Summary Update Map

**Local Traffic Network Map**

|   |   |  |
|---|---|--|
| <p>psc010-2012</p> <p>psc010-2012</p> <p>10.155.168.82:2012</p> <p>10.155.168.83:2012</p> | <p>psc010-636</p> <p>psc010-636</p> <p>10.155.168.82:636</p> <p>10.155.168.83:636</p>     | <p>psc011-389</p> <p>psc011-389</p> <p>10.155.168.73:389</p> <p>10.155.168.74:389</p>    |
| <p>psc010-2014</p> <p>psc010-2014</p> <p>10.155.168.82:2014</p> <p>10.155.168.83:2014</p> | <p>psc011-2012</p> <p>psc011-2012</p> <p>10.155.168.73:2012</p> <p>10.155.168.74:2012</p> | <p>psc011-443</p> <p>psc011-443</p> <p>10.155.168.73:443</p> <p>10.155.168.74:443</p>    |
| <p>psc010-2020</p> <p>psc010-2020</p> <p>10.155.168.82:2020</p> <p>10.155.168.83:2020</p> | <p>psc011-2014</p> <p>psc011-2014</p> <p>10.155.168.73:2014</p> <p>10.155.168.74:2014</p> | <p>psc011-636</p> <p>psc011-636</p> <p>10.155.168.73:636</p> <p>10.155.168.74:636</p>    |
| <p>psc010-389</p> <p>psc010-389</p> <p>10.155.168.82:389</p> <p>10.155.168.83:389</p>     | <p>psc011-2020</p> <p>psc011-2020</p> <p>10.155.168.73:2020</p> <p>10.155.168.74:2020</p> | <p>sso.vmware.local</p> <p>S50</p> <p>10.155.168.101:7444</p> <p>10.155.168.102:7444</p> |
| <p>psc010-443</p> <p>psc010-443</p> <p>10.155.168.82:443</p> <p>10.155.168.83:443</p>     |   |  |

## Scripted vCenter Server Installations

vCenter Server Appliance can be deployed via custom JSON files from a command line. The ISO ships with examples for deploying an embedded (vCenter Server and Platform Services Controller), management (vCenter Server), and Platform Services Controller appliance.

There are command-line utilities for 64-bit Linux, Mac OS X, and Windows.

The following is a sample embedded JSON file:

```
{
  "__comments":
  [
    "Will deploy an embedded VCSA to host 10 in the MGMT Cluster"
  ],

  "deployment":
  {
    "esx.hostname": "w3-tm-hp380-010.vmware.local",
    "esx.datastore": "NFSMGMT01",
    "esx.username": "root",
    "esx.password": "VMware!",
    "deployment.option": "tiny",
    "deployment.network": "VM Network",
    "appliance.name": "embedded-node",
    "appliance.thin.disk.mode": true
  },

  "vcsa":
  {

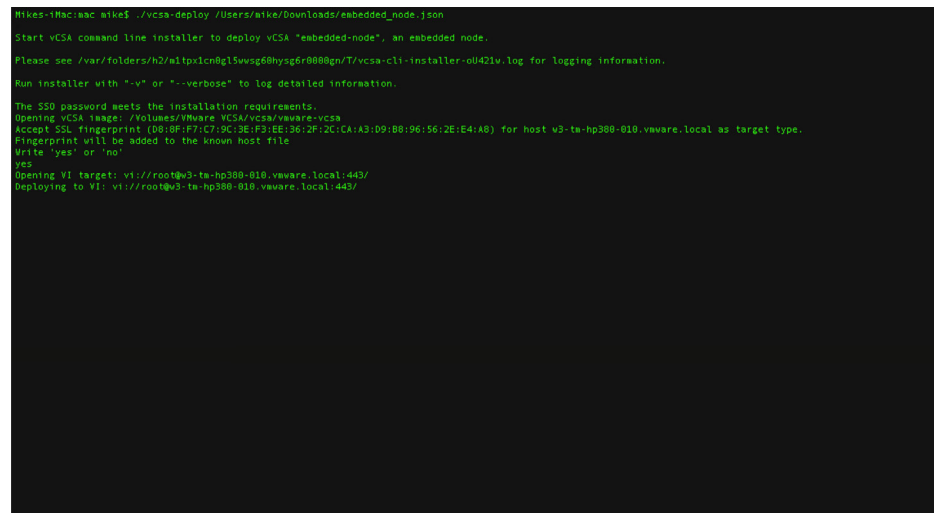
    "system":
    {
      "root.password": "VMware!",
      "ssh.enable": true
    },

    "sso":
    {
      "password": "VMware!",
      "domain-name": "vsphere.local",
      "site-name": "PaloAlto"
    }
  }
}
```



To deploy vCenter Server Appliance from this file, save it on your local system. From a command line, navigate to the utilities folder for your OS. For example, on Mac OS X, this is /Volumes/VMware VCSA/vcsa-cli-installer/mac. Now run vcsa-deploy followed by the full path to the custom JSON file. For example:

```
./vcsa-deploy /Users/mike/Downloads/embedded_node.json
```



```
Mikes-Mac:mac mike$ ./vcsa-deploy /Users/mike/Downloads/embedded_node.json
Start VCSA command line installer to deploy VCSA "embedded-node", an embedded node.
Please see /var/folders/h2/wltp1cn0gl5vsg6r0000gn/T/vcsa-cli-installer-ou421v.log for logging information.
Run installer with "-v" or "--verbose" to log detailed information.

The SSD password meets the installation requirements.
Opening VCSA image: /Volumes/VMware VCSA/vcsa/vmware-vcsa
Accept SSL fingerprint (08:0F:F7:C7:9C:3E:F3:EE:36:2F:2C:1A:A3:D9:88:96:56:2E:E4:A8) for host w3-ta-hp300-010.vmware.local as target type.
Fingerprint will be added to the known host file
Write 'yes' or 'no'
yes
Opening VI target: v1:///root@w3-ta-hp300-010.vmware.local:443/
Deploying to VI: v1:///root@w3-ta-hp300-010.vmware.local:443/
```

## References

vSphere 6.0 Documentation Center  
<http://pubs.vmware.com/vsphere-60>

## Additional Resources

VMware vSphere 6.0 Feature Walkthroughs  
<http://featurewalkthrough.vmware.com/#!/vsphere-6-0>

VMware Mobile Knowledge Portal  
<http://www.vmwaremkp.com>

## About the Author

Mike Brown is a senior technical marketing manager in the Integrated Systems Technical Marketing group. Mike has worked in the IT industry for more than 17 years. His focus is on reference architectures for VMware vCloud Suite® and the software-defined data center (SDDC) as well as VMware vCenter Server, VMware vCenter Single Sign-On, and VMware vSphere Web Client. Mike has multiple industry certifications, including VMware Certified Design Expert (VCDX).

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