vCenter Chargeback Manager
Installation and Upgrade Guide
vCenter Chargeback Manager 2.5.0

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About the Guide

The vCenter Chargeback Manager Installation and Upgrade Guide provides information about installing and upgrading VMware® vCenter Chargeback Manager. This book also describes how to install and upgrade the different data collectors.

Intended Audience

This book is intended for anyone who wants to install or upgrade vCenter Chargeback Manager. The information in this book is written for experienced system administrators who are familiar with Windows, VMware vSphere®, VMware vCloud Director, and basic database administration.
Introduction to vCenter Chargeback Manager

vCenter Chargeback Manager is an end-to-end cost reporting solution for virtual environments using vSphere. vCenter Chargeback Manager can also be used with VMware vCloud Director. Before you install and start using vCenter Chargeback Manager, an understanding of what is chargeback and about chargeback solutions for a virtual environment would be helpful.

This chapter includes the following topics:

- “What Is Chargeback,” on page 7
- “Chargeback Solution for Virtual Environments,” on page 7
- “Overview of vCenter Chargeback Manager,” on page 8
- “Supported Product Integration,” on page 9

What Is Chargeback

Chargeback is a mechanism to account for the operational costs involved in providing and maintaining an IT infrastructure, including the costs for IT services and applications. Measuring resource utilization and calculating the corresponding IT operational cost enables you to account for the IT resources utilized and bill for the services provided.

In a non-virtual environment, a physical server and the associated resources like the applications running on it can be easily mapped to the department using them, making the billing for such resource utilizations relatively easy. Also, costs incurred due to maintenance and licensing can be directly associated to a department, thereby enabling you to calculate the complete IT operational costs.

In a virtual environment, however, the task of calculating the IT operational cost for each department becomes very difficult. Multiple virtual machines run on a physical server, which might be shared across different departments or cost centers in an organization. As a result, resource utilization for this server and, therefore, the cost incurred cannot be directly associated to any single department or cost center. The difficulty in accounting gets further compounded when applications and services get shifted over time to different servers, based on the load and available infrastructure resources.

Chargeback Solution for Virtual Environments

In a virtual environment, a chargeback solution requires a flexible metering system that can account for the utilization of resources shared across the organization.

These measurements can be based on allocation or actual usage of individual servers and resources. In the case of VMotion, DRS, or HA being enabled, the measurements could be based on the allocation or actual usage of resource pools.
To support chargeback, the virtual environment and the chargeback solution must provide ways to measure resource usage and associate the usage with a specific pricing model. The chargeback solution must also support the use of different pricing models so as to charge the various departments or cost centers differently.

A chargeback solution for a virtual environment defines a hierarchy with different types of entities such as departments, divisions, business units, cost centers, physical servers, virtual machines, and so on. For each entity type, a pricing model is defined that determines the rate for each unit of a resource utilized. The chargeback solution determines the resource usage by using either utilization-based metering or allocation-based metering of virtual machines. The metered parameters are then associated with the designated entities, and the pricing model defined for that entity along with specific chargeback formulas are used as part of the overall chargeback solution.

**Overview of vCenter Chargeback Manager**

Determining the resource utilization and calculating the corresponding cost for a virtual environment that uses VMware vSphere typically involves VMware professional services’ work or use of partner solutions. These solutions are built using custom methods for VMware vSphere resource data collection and chargeback cost calculation for organizations.

vCenter Chargeback Manager is an end-to-end cost reporting solution for virtual environments that use VMware vSphere. This Web-based application interacts with the vCenter Server Database to retrieve usage information, calculates the cost by using the defined chargeback formulas, and generates cost and usage reports. Figure 1-1 shows how vCenter Chargeback Manager interacts with various components of a virtual environment using VMware vSphere.

*Figure 1-1. vCenter Chargeback Manager in a Virtual Environment*
vCenter Chargeback Manager runs on an Apache Tomcat server instance. Users interact with vCenter Chargeback Manager through a load balancer (Apache httpd Server). vCenter Chargeback Manager connects to the vCenter Chargeback Manager database that stores application-specific information, such as the defined chargeback hierarchies, pricing models, users, roles, and so on. The application interacts with the vCenter Server using VIM APIs and with the vCenter Server database through a data collector. The data collector communicates with the vCenter Server Database using JDBC.

When you install vCenter Chargeback Manager, a load balancer and a data collector can also be installed and run on the same machine. You can also choose to install the load balancer, vCenter Chargeback Manager server, and data collector on different machines. Although the vCenter Chargeback Manager database can also be installed on the same machine, in a real-world scenario you would install the application and the database on separate machines.

vCenter Chargeback Manager retrieves the virtual infrastructure inventory and the resource usage information for each virtual machine from the vCenter Server database through the data collector. The data collector replicates this information in the vCenter Chargeback Manager database. vCenter Chargeback Manager uses this information from the vCenter Chargeback Manager database along with the pricing model and chargeback cost calculation formulas to generate the cost reports. A single data collector instance can communicate with multiple vCenter Server instances and vCenter Server databases and replicate the relevant information in a vCenter Chargeback Manager database.

vCenter Chargeback Manager also lets you create a cluster of vCenter Chargeback Manager instances that share a single load balancer. Each user request is routed through the load balancer. The load balancer forwards the request to a vCenter Chargeback Manager instance in the cluster, while ensuring session affinity for an instance, based on the number of requests currently being serviced by each instance in the cluster. All the vCenter Chargeback Manager instances in a cluster are connected to the same vCenter Chargeback Manager database.

If you have a VMWare vCloud Director setup, you can install the vCloud Director data collector and configure it appropriately so that the vCloud Director setup can be integrated with vCenter Chargeback Manager. You can then generate various reports of the organizations classified under the different categories, such as Pay-As-You-Go, Reservation, and Allocation Pool.

**Supported Product Integration**

vCenter Chargeback Manager integrates with various products from VMware and provides utilization and accounting information for different entities based on the configurations defined on the entities.

**VMware vSphere**

vCenter Chargeback Manager provides cost reporting solution for virtual environments that are created by using vSphere. You can integrate a vSphere setup with vCenter Chargeback Manager by installing and configuring an instance of the vCenter Chargeback Manager data collector. The vSphere inventory and the corresponding storage information along with the usage statistics is synchronized in the vCenter Chargeback Manager database by the data collector on a periodic basis. This integration provides cost reporting solution for virtual environments created by using vSphere. This allows charging for vSphere inventories such as ESXi hosts, virtual machines, and resource pools.

**VMware vCloud Director**

You can integrate a vCloud Director setup with vCenter Chargeback Manager by installing and configuring an instance of the vCloud Director data collector. The vCenter Servers configured in the vCloud Director must also be added to vCenter Chargeback Manager. You can then generate cost and usage reports for various org vDCs that are classified under different categories, such as Pay-As-You-Go, Reservation, and Allocation Pool.
VMware vShield Manager

To obtain the usage data associated with the network entities from your vCloud Director setup in to vCenter Chargeback Manager, you must install and configure the vShield Manager data collector. This enables metering and charging for external network bandwidth.

VMware vCenter Operations Manager

vCenter Chargeback Manager can be integrated with vCenter Operations Manager to generate dashboard reports on vSphere inventories. The dashboard reports showcase various information, such as, projected cost for future time period and cost optimization opportunities along with associated cost savings for the vSphere entities. This integration is done by adding a vCenter Server that is integrated with vCenter Operations Manager to vCenter Chargeback Manager.

VMware IT Business Management Suite

The vCenter Chargeback Manager connector for IT Business Management Suite is a Windows-based application that obtains the virtualization costs from vCenter Chargeback Manager and provides this cost data to IT Business Management Suite so that it can include the virtualization costs in the Cost Model. The connector scans vCenter Chargeback Manager for a specific hierarchy and creates a report schedule in vCenter Chargeback Manager to generate cost report for this hierarchy on a daily basis. The connector also fetches the generated and archived report, and provides the cost data for each virtual machine in the hierarchy to IT Business Management Suite. IT Business Management Suite populates detailed analysis and reports in its Cost Model and dashboard.

In an integrated setup, the connector and the vCenter Chargeback Manager are deployed on site, while the IT Business Management Suite is deployed as a SaaS application. The integration of vCenter Chargeback Manager with IT Business Management Suite provides CIOs visibility across all IT assets, and enables them to easily identify the cost reduction opportunities by comparing virtualization costs and physical costs.
Before you install vCenter Chargeback Manager, you must ensure that the minimum hardware and software requirements are met.

This chapter includes the following topics:
- “Hardware Requirements,” on page 11
- “Software Requirements,” on page 12

Hardware Requirements

The system on which vCenter Chargeback Manager is installed must meet the minimum hardware requirements for installing and running the application.

vCenter Chargeback Manager Server

vCenter Chargeback Manager can be run on a computer or a virtual machine that matches or exceeds the following hardware specifications:
- 2.0GHz or faster Intel or AMD x86 processor; preferably a multi-core processor
- 4GB or more of RAM
- A minimum of 2GB disk storage (3GB recommended)
- 10/100 Ethernet adapter (Gigabit recommended)

If you install the load balancer and data collector on the same machine as the vCenter Chargeback Manager, then additional storage, memory, and processor capacity are required. Each data collector instance requires at least 1GB of RAM.

vCenter Chargeback Manager Database

Preferably, do not install the vCenter Chargeback Manager and the corresponding database on the same machine. The hardware requirements for the database depends on the database type. vCenter Chargeback Manager supports Microsoft SQL Server and Oracle Database. Refer to the product documentation of your database management system for the hardware specifications.

If you are using Oracle Database, then ensure that database is allocated at least 4GB of memory.

The size of the vCenter Chargeback Manager database can be estimated by using the database size calculation tool, CBM DB Size Calculator.xlsx. This file is located at https://www.vmware.com/support/pubs/vcbm_pubs.html.

In addition to the database size, ensure that you provide sufficient log space. If possible, configure the logs to unrestricted growth mode.
Software Requirements

Other than an operating system, you must have a database management system and a Web browser installed to run and access vCenter Chargeback Manager.

Operating Systems

vCenter Chargeback Manager can be installed and run on the following operating systems (32-bit and 64-bit):

- Microsoft Windows Server 2003 with Service Pack 2
- Microsoft Windows Server 2003 R2
- Microsoft Windows Server 2008 with Service Pack 2
- Microsoft Windows Server 2008 R2 (64-bit only)

64-bit operating systems give the App Server more addressable memory and are therefore preferred over 32-bit operating systems.

Database Management Systems

vCenter Chargeback Manager supports the following database management systems:

- Microsoft SQL Server 2008 R2 (32-bit and 64-bit) (Standard and Enterprise)
- Microsoft SQL Server 2008 with Service Pack 2 (32-bit and 64-bit) (Standard, Enterprise, and Datacenter)
- Microsoft SQL Server 2008 Express (64-bit)
- Microsoft SQL Server 2005 with Service Pack 4 (32-bit and 64-bit) (Standard, Enterprise, and Datacenter)

vCenter Chargeback Manager supports the Standard and Enterprise edition of the following database management systems (both 32-bit and 64-bit):

- Oracle Database 11g Release 2
- Oracle Database 11g Release 1
- Oracle Database 10g Release 2
- Oracle Database 10g Release 1

If you are using an Enterprise edition database management system that supports database partitioning, then the vCenter Chargeback Manager installer creates partition tables in the vCenter Chargeback Manager database. The partitioning of the database helps in enhancing the performance of vCenter Chargeback Manager.

Web Browsers and Flash Player Plug-In

vCenter Chargeback Manager is a browser-based application that is tested and supported on the following:

- Microsoft Internet Explorer 7.x and 8.x
- Mozilla Firefox
- Adobe Flash Player for Windows Plug-in version 10.1 or later
- Adobe Flash Player for Linux Plug-in version 10.1 or later

VMware vCenter Server

vCenter Chargeback Manager supports the following vCenter Server releases:

- vCenter Server 5.1
vCenter Server 5.0 Update 1b
- vCenter Server 4.1 and later releases
- vCenter Server 4.0 and later releases

**IMPORTANT** We recommend that you do not add a vCenter Server 5.0 or vCenter Server 5.0 Update 1 server to vCenter Chargeback Manager because of a known memory leak issue. Also, do not add a vCenter Server 5.0 Update 1a server because of a known upgrade issue in vCenter Server. If you have a vCenter Server 5.0, vCenter Server 5.0 Update 1, or vCenter Server 5.0 Update 1a server, then first upgrade this to vCenter Server 5.0 Update 1b and then configure it in vCenter Chargeback Manager.

**VMware vCloud Director**

vCenter Chargeback Manager supports the following vCloud Director releases:
- vCloud Director 5.1
- vCloud Director 1.5 and later releases
Install and Upgrade Prerequisites

Before installing or upgrading vCenter Chargeback Manager, you must perform few pre-installation tasks.

This chapter includes the following topics:
- “Network Management Prerequisites,” on page 15
- “Database Management Prerequisites,” on page 16
- “Other System Prerequisites,” on page 18
- “Pre-installation Checklist,” on page 18
- “Download and Extract the vCenter Chargeback Manager Installer,” on page 20

Network Management Prerequisites

To ensure successful installation and upgrade of vCenter Chargeback Manager, the networking-related pre-installation tasks must be completed.

You must perform the following pre-installation tasks:
- Check whether the required ports are free.
  - Ensure that the ports that you specify during the installation are free. While installing, you must provide the port details for the following applications and protocols:
    - **HTTP port**: This port is used by vCenter Chargeback Manager for communication using the HTTP protocol. The default port number is 8080.
    - **Load-balancer port**: This port is used by vCenter Chargeback Manager to communicate with the load balancer. The default port is 8009.
    - **HTTPS port**: This port is used by the load balancer to listen for user requests. The default port is 443.
  - If any of the specified port is also configured for another service and the service is not running, then the installer will use the specified port. However, this might result in a port conflict and either of the configured services might fail.
  - If you are upgrading an existing vCenter Chargeback Manager setup, then note down the ports currently used by the application and enter the same port details during upgrade.
- Set a static IP address on the machine.
  - Before you install the vCenter Chargeback Manager, you must obtain a static IP address from your network administrator. Set this IP address on the machine on which you are going to install vCenter Chargeback Manager. Preferably, obtain and set static IP addresses on all the servers and databases that the vCenter Chargeback Manager communicates with.
Alternately, you can use the fully-qualified domain name (FQDN) for all the servers and databases that vCenter Chargeback Manager communicates with.

**IMPORTANT** In the case of a multi-homed machine, you can configure vCenter Chargeback Manager with only one interface. That is to say, although you can install vCenter Chargeback Manager on a multi-homed machine, you can use only the IP address or FQDN that you provide during the installation to access and use vCenter Chargeback Manager. Also, if the different components, such as data collectors and vCenter Servers, in a vCenter Chargeback Manager setup are installed on multi-homed machines, vCenter Chargeback Manager communicates with these components by using the URL specified when configuring the components in vCenter Chargeback Manager.

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**Database Management Prerequisites**

Performing the database management-related pre-installation tasks ensures that you have a database and a database user account with the required privileges that the application can use.

Before you begin the vCenter Chargeback installation you must create a vCenter Chargeback Manager database and a corresponding database user. vCenter Chargeback Manager stores the application-specific data, such as pricing models, chargeback hierarchies, and users and roles, in the vCenter Chargeback Manager database. You must, therefore, first create a database for storing this data. The database management systems supported by vCenter Chargeback Manager are listed in “Software Requirements,” on page 12. You can either create the database yourself by referring to the corresponding product documentation or ask your database administrator to create one for you. Ensure that the database is not configured to be case-sensitive.

If you are using an Oracle database as the vCenter Chargeback Manager database, you must configure the database to use the Unicode (AL32UTF8) character set to support the following scenarios:

- You want to deploy the vCenter Chargeback Manager database in a non-English environment.
- You want to synchronize the vCenter Chargeback Manager database with a vCenter Server database that has non-English data.

You must provide the details of the database and database user when installing vCenter Chargeback Manager. The installer uses these details to create the database schema and objects. Also, vCenter Chargeback Manager and the data collector authenticate in to the database by using this database user account to perform the necessary database operations.

**Note** Instead of using the default database users, such as sa, SYS, and SYSTEM, create a database user with just the required privileges and access the database with this user’s credentials. This is a good security practice.

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**vCenter Chargeback Manager Database User Privileges in Oracle Database**

After you create a database instance and a database user in Oracle Database that vCenter Chargeback Manager can use, you must assign the following system roles and privileges to this user.

- CONNECT
- RESOURCE
- CREATE TRIGGER
- CREATE TABLE
- CREATE VIEW
- CREATE PROCEDURE
- CREATE SEQUENCE
- DROP TABLE

This privilege is required when upgrading vCenter Chargeback Manager.
vCenter Chargeback Manager Database User Privileges in SQL Server

After you create a database instance and a database user in SQL Server that vCenter Chargeback Manager can use, you must assign privileges to this user by running the following commands in SQL Server:

```
CREATE ROLE CB_ADMIN_ROLE;
GRANT ALTER ON SCHEMA :: DBO TO CB_ADMIN_ROLE;
GRANT REFERENCES ON SCHEMA :: DBO TO CB_ADMIN_ROLE;
GRANT INSERT ON SCHEMA :: DBO TO CB_ADMIN_ROLE;
GRANT SELECT ON SCHEMA :: DBO TO CB_ADMIN_ROLE;
GRANT DELETE ON SCHEMA :: DBO TO CB_ADMIN_ROLE;
GRANT UPDATE ON SCHEMA :: DBO TO CB_ADMIN_ROLE;
GRANT EXECUTE ON SCHEMA :: DBO TO CB_ADMIN_ROLE;
GRANT ALTER ANY DATASPACE TO CB_ADMIN_ROLE;
GRANT CREATE TABLE to CB_ADMIN_ROLE;
GRANT CREATE VIEW to CB_ADMIN_ROLE;
GRANT CREATE PROCEDURE to CB_ADMIN_ROLE;
GRANT CREATE FUNCTION TO CB_ADMIN_ROLE;
GO
sp_addrolemember CB_ADMIN_ROLE, <db_username>
```

The commands provided assume that DBO is the default schema for the database user. Ensure the you provide the ALTER ANY DATASPACE privilege. This is privilege is required to run the database partitioning scripts during upgrade.

Maximum Number of Connections to the Database

The vCenter Chargeback Manager and corresponding data collectors, including the vCloud Director data collector and vShield Manager data collector, connect to the vCenter Chargeback Manager database to read and write data. You must configure the database to ensure that the maximum number of connections can be made to the vCenter Chargeback Manager database by each of the components.

Table 3-1 lists the maximum number of connections made to the vCenter Chargeback Manager database by a single instance of vCenter Chargeback Manager, vCenter Chargeback Manager data collector, vCloud Director data collector, and vShield Manager data collector. The table also lists the maximum connections made to the vCenter Server database by a single instance of the vCenter Chargeback Manager data collector.

**Table 3-1. Maximum Number of Database Connections**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Component</th>
<th>Database</th>
<th>Maximum Connections</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>vCenter Chargeback Manager server</td>
<td>vCenter Chargeback Manager database</td>
<td>50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>vCenter Chargeback Manager data collector</td>
<td>vCenter Chargeback Manager database</td>
<td>35</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>vCloud Director data collector</td>
<td>vCenter Chargeback Manager database</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Although a single connection is made, the connection pool requires 10 connections</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

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Table 3-1. Maximum Number of Database Connections (Continued)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Component</th>
<th>Database</th>
<th>Maximum Connections</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| vShield Manager data collector | vCenter Chargeback Manager database | 10                  
  Although a single connection is made, the connection pool requires 10 connections |
| vCenter Chargeback Manager data collector | vCenter Server database | 5                   |

If you have a vCenter Chargeback Manager cluster and also multiple instances of the vCenter Chargeback Manager data collector, then you must configure the database connection numbers appropriately.

Other System Prerequisites

Apart from the networking and database management related prerequisites, you must perform few other pre-installation tasks to ensure that vCenter Chargeback Manager is successfully installed and upgraded.

You must perform the following pre-install tasks:

- Ensure that system time of all the servers and databases are in sync.
  
  You must ensure that the system time of the machines on which you install vCenter Chargeback Manager and vCenter Chargeback Manager database are in sync. If you plan to install one or more data collectors on different machines, then the system time of these machines must be in sync with that of the machines on which vCenter Chargeback Manager and vCenter Chargeback Manager database are installed.
  
  Also, the system time of the vCenter Servers and the vCenter Server databases that you configure in vCenter Chargeback Manager must be in sync with the that of the machine on which vCenter Chargeback Manager is installed. In short, the system time of the machines on which vCenter Chargeback Manager and the applications and databases that it communicates with are installed must be in sync.

- Ensure that MSI Installation is enabled.
  
  Before you start the installation, you must ensure that MSI installation is enabled on the machine. If not, you must manually install Microsoft Visual C++ 2005 Redistributable Package (x86) before running the vCenter Chargeback Manager installer.

- Ensure that port exceptions are configured on the Windows firewall.
  
  If the Windows Firewall is enabled, you must set the port exceptions for the HTTP, load balancer, and HTTPS ports on the Windows Firewall. If these exceptions are not set, the application will not be usable.

- Ensure that the Windows user has the Log on as a service permission.
  
  If you want to use the Windows authentication option for the vCenter Chargeback Manager database, you must ensure that the Windows user has the Log on as a service permission. If this permission is not set on the user, the installation will fail. Also, the installer must be run in the context of this Windows user.

Pre-installation Checklist

The pre-installation checklist helps you ensure that you have all the required information and have performed the necessary pre-install tasks.

Table 3-2 lists the pre-install requirements.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item</th>
<th>Requirement</th>
<th>Checked</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Hardware Configuration</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CPU</td>
<td>2.0GHz or faster Intel or AMD x86 processor; preferably a multi-core processor</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RAM</td>
<td>4GB or more</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Disk space</td>
<td>Minimum 2GB; Recommended 3GB or more</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Card</td>
<td>10/100 Ethernet adapter (Gigabit recommended)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Network Configuration</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FQDN or static IP Address</td>
<td>Write down the FQDN or IP address of the machine on which you plan to install vCenter Chargeback Manager. If you are using an IP address, ensure that the machine has a static IP address.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Port Numbers</td>
<td>HTTP Port (default: 8080)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Load-balancer Port (default: 8009)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>HTTPS Port (default: 443)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Ensure that the default ports are free. If not, use any other free ports. Note down the port numbers that you want to use.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Database Configuration</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Type</td>
<td>Microsoft SQL Server 2005 or later</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Oracle Database 10g or later</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Database name</td>
<td>Create a database for vCenter Chargeback Manager and note down the database name.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>URL</td>
<td>IP address of the vCenter Chargeback Manager database. Ensure that the machine on which the database is installed has a static IP address.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>TNS listener port for Oracle database</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Database instance name for SQL Server database</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Database user name and password</td>
<td>User name of the database user who has privileges to create and delete schema, as well as to read from and write to the database.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Password for this user</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>If you are using Windows Authentication for a Microsoft SQL Server database, then you must have the Windows user account name. This user must have the Log on as a service permission.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Password for this Windows user account</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>If you are using Windows authentication, ensure that you run the installer in the context of this Windows user.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Software Configuration</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>System Time</td>
<td>Ensure that system time of all the servers and databases are in sync</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Microsoft SQL Server</td>
<td>Ensure that the SQL Server Browser service is running if you are using a database instance name and dynamic database instance port to connect to the vCenter Chargeback Manager database.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MSI Installation</td>
<td>Is MSI installation enabled?</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>If not, install Microsoft Visual C++ 2005 Redistributable Package (x86).</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Port Exceptions on Windows Firewall</td>
<td>If you have enabled Windows Firewall, you must set the port exceptions for the HTTP port, load balancer port, and HTTPS port.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
**Download and Extract the vCenter Chargeback Manager Installer**

You must first download the installer files and extract its contents on to the machine on which you want to install vCenter Chargeback Manager. You must run the installer on the local machine and not from a remote machine.

**Procedure**


2. Extract the content of this ZIP file to the machine on which you want to install the application.

The `vCenter-CB.exe` file is the installer file.

**What to do next**

Run the installer to install vCenter Chargeback Manager.
Installing vCenter Chargeback Manager

After you have ensured that the minimum hardware and software requirements are met and the relevant pre-installation tasks are completed, you can install vCenter Chargeback Manager.

vCenter Chargeback Manager can be installed as a stand-alone instance or you can create a cluster of vCenter Chargeback Manager instances. When you install vCenter Chargeback Manager a corresponding load balancer is installed and the vCenter Chargeback Manager database schema is created in the database.

You can install the load balancer and the vCenter Chargeback Manager instance on different machines. This helps you to install the load balancer on a DMZ network and the vCenter Chargeback Manager on a secured internal network.

You can choose to install a data collector along with vCenter Chargeback Manager on the same machine. Or, you can install one or more data collectors on different machines. However, you must install at least one data collector instance. This data collector fetches the relevant data from the vCenter Server database and replicates the same in the vCenter Chargeback Manager database.

You can also install a vCenter Chargeback Manager instance and point it to a database that contains a valid vCenter Chargeback Manager database schema. This is useful when you want to move the vCenter Chargeback Manager and the vCenter Chargeback Manager database to a different machine from the one that they are currently installed on.

Before you begin the installation, refer to the vCenter Chargeback Manager Best Practice and Troubleshooting Guide to know about the best practices for installing vCenter Chargeback Manager.

This chapter includes the following topics:

- "Install vCenter Chargeback Manager," on page 21
- "Create a vCenter Chargeback Manager Cluster," on page 26
- "Install vCenter Chargeback Manager with an Existing Database Schema," on page 30
- "Generate an SSL Certificate for vCenter Chargeback Manager," on page 34
- "Services Related to the vCenter Chargeback Manager," on page 35
- "Accessing the vCenter Chargeback Manager," on page 37

Install vCenter Chargeback Manager

vCenter Chargeback Manager can be installed on any system or virtual machine that meets the system requirements.

When you install the application for the first time, the installer performs the following tasks:

- Connects to the database and creates a schema for the application data.
- Installs the load balancer, which receives and routes all user requests to the application.
Installs the application.

Installs the data collector, which synchronizes the vCenter Chargeback Manager database with the vCenter Server databases.

**NOTE** If the installation fails due to some reason, the uninstaller is automatically invoked and all the components installed till the failure occurred is removed.

When you install vCenter Chargeback Manager, you can choose to install the load balancer, vCenter Chargeback Manager server, and data collectors on the same or different machines. If you choose to install the load balancer and the vCenter Chargeback Manager server on different machines, then you must first install the load balancer and then the vCenter Chargeback Manager server. You can first install the load balancer on the DMZ network and then install vCenter Chargeback Manager and the data collectors in the internal network. The vCenter Chargeback Manager database also resides on the internal network.

When you install the load balancer, the relevant data is stored in the vCenter Chargeback Manager database. When you run the installer on a different machine and provide the same database details, the installer provides you with an option to connect to the existing load balancer or install a new load balancer.

**Prerequisites**

Ensure that you run the installer on the machine on which vCenter Chargeback Manager has to be installed. Do not run it on a remote machine.

**Procedure**

1. Run the `vCenter-CB.exe` file.
   The installation wizard is displayed.

2. Click **Next** on the Introduction screen.

3. Accept the end-user license agreement, and click **Next**.

4. Provide the path for the installation directory, and click **Next**.
   If the specified installation directory exists, ensure that it is empty. If the specified installation directory does not exist, the installer creates the directory. The install path must contain at least one folder. You cannot provide only the drive name. Also, the directory path must contain only ASCII characters.

5. Enter the vCenter Chargeback Manager database-related information, and click **Next**.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Option</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Database Type</strong></td>
<td>The type of database used to create the vCenter Chargeback Manager database. This can be either SQL SERVER or ORACLE.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Database URL</strong></td>
<td>The IP address or host name of the system on which the vCenter Chargeback Manager database is installed. For an SQL Server database, you can also provide the vCenter Chargeback Manager database instance name. The database instance name must contain only ASCII characters. For Oracle Database, the database URL can be in any of the following formats: IP Address Host Name For SQL Server, the database URL can be in any of the following formats: IP Address Host Name IP Address\Database Instance Name Host Name\Database Instance Name You can also specify a well formed JDBC URL that starts with 'jdbc' and contains the database name.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Chapter 4 Installing vCenter Chargeback Manager

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Option</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Database Port</strong></td>
<td>(Optional) The port on which the database service is listening for requests. If the port number is not specified, the installer uses the default port. For an Oracle database, you must specify the TNS listener port if you are not using the default port 1521. For an SQL Server database, specify the database instance port if you are using a static port.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Database Name</strong></td>
<td>Name of the database in which vCenter Chargeback Manager stores the application-specific data. For Oracle Database, ensure that you provide the service name and not the SID.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>SQL Authentication Mode</strong></td>
<td>This option is applicable only for SQL Server databases. For an SQL Server database, the authentication type can be either SQL Server Authentication or Windows Authentication.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Database Username</strong></td>
<td>The name of the database user. The database user must have privileges to create and delete schema, as well as read from and write to the database. If you select Windows Authentication for SQL Authentication Mode, you must provide the Windows user account name. The user name must be of the form DomainName\UserName. Also, the user must have the Log on as a service permission.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Database Password</strong></td>
<td>Password for the user name that you have provided. If you select Windows Authentication as the authentication type, you must provide the password for the Windows user account. Ensure that the Windows user account password does not contain any special characters. The installer might fail if the password contains special characters.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

If the database does not support partitions, a dialog recommending you upgrade the database to one that supports database partitions is displayed. If you want to use the specified database details, click **Continue**, else click **Change database, go to previous screen** and provide new database details.

If the installer successfully connects to the database and the database user has CREATE, INSERT, and DROP privileges, the next screen is displayed.

6 Enter the load balancer-related information, and click **Next**.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Option</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>IP Address</strong></td>
<td>Static IP address or the FQDN of the machine on which you are installing load balancer. Do not use localhost instead of the IP address or FQDN. Also, if you are installing vCenter Chargeback Manager on a multi-homed machine, you can use only the IP address or FQDN that you provide in this step to access and use vCenter Chargeback Manager.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Admin Email Address</strong></td>
<td>Email address of the server administrator. Ensure that the email address contains only ASCII characters.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>HTTPS Port</strong></td>
<td>An unused port through which the Apache Server can communicate. The load balancer listens on this port for user requests.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

If the specified port is free, the next screen is displayed.

7 Select **Install vCenter Chargeback Manager Server**, enter the IP address and port details for the vCenter Chargeback Manager, and click **Next**.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Option</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>IP Address</strong></td>
<td>Static IP address or the FQDN of the machine on which you are installing vCenter Chargeback Manager. Do not use localhost instead of the IP address or the FQDN.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>HTTP Port</strong></td>
<td>An unused HTTP port through which vCenter Chargeback Manager can communicate.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Option</td>
<td>Description</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>----------------------------</td>
<td>-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Load-Balancer Port</td>
<td>An unused port through which vCenter Chargeback Manager can communicate with the load balancer (Apache Server).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Server Instance Name</td>
<td>A unique user-defined name for the vCenter Chargeback Manager instance. This name is used by the load balancer to identify the instance. Ensure that the instance name contains only ASCII characters.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

If the specified ports are free, the next screen is displayed.

If you are installing only the load balancer, then ensure that the **Install vCenter Chargeback Manager Server** option is not selected and click **Next**.

8 Enter a user name and password for the vCenter Chargeback Manager administrative account, and click **Next**.

The password must contains at least 8 characters and should not exceed 24 characters in length. The password cannot be same as the user name. Also, the password must include a combination of upper-case and lower-case characters.

**NOTE** If you are using Oracle Database for your vCenter Chargeback Manager database, ensure that the user name for the administrative account contains only ASCII and non-ASCII characters. Extended ASCII characters in the user name is not supported. This restriction is not applicable if you are using Microsoft SQL Server for you vCenter Chargeback Manager database.

If you are installing only the load balancer, then this screen is not displayed.

9 Select the data collectors that you want to install and click **Next**.

The **Install vCenter Chargeback Manager Data Collector** option is selected by default. You must have at least one instance of this data collector running and registered with the application for the database synchronization jobs to run.

You can optionally choose to install the vCloud Director data collector and vShield Manager data collector. All the data collectors can be installed even after a vCenter Chargeback Manager instance is installed. If you are installing the vShield Manager data collector, choose to install the vCloud Director data collector too or ensure that at least one instance of vCloud Director data collector is running.

If you installing only the load balancer, then you cannot select any data collectors for installation.

10 If you chose to install the vCloud Director data collector, provide information about the vCloud Director setup, and click **Next**.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Option</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>vCloud Director Hostname/IP or URL</td>
<td>Static IP address or the FQDN of the machine on which the vCloud Director setup is running. You can also provide the complete URL that you use to access the vCloud Director setup.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Username</td>
<td>The administrative username to access the vCloud Director setup.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Password</td>
<td>Password for the administrative user account.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The installer checks the version of the vCloud Director setup. If you have a vCloud Director 1.5.x setup, the installer request for the vCloud Director database details. If you have a vCloud Director 5.1 setup, the installer does not require the corresponding database details.
(Optional) If you have a vCloud Director 1.5.x setup, enter the corresponding vCloud Director database-related information, and click Next.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Option</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Database Type</strong></td>
<td>The type of database used to create the vCloud Director database. The permissible values are <strong>ORACLE</strong> and <strong>SQL Server</strong>.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Database URL</strong></td>
<td>The IP address of the system on which the vCloud Director database is installed. The database URL can be in any of the following formats:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><em>IP Address</em> Host Name</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>You can also specify a well formed JDBC URL that starts with 'jdbc' and contains the database name. If you want to connect to a SQL Server vCloud</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Director database by using Windows Authentication, then you must provide a JDBC URL of the following form:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>jdbc:sqlserver://;servername={hostname};databasename={dbname};integratedSecurity=true</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>The Windows user account used to log in to the vCloud Director database is same as the domain user credentials used for running the installer.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Database Port</strong></td>
<td>(Optional) The port on which the database service is listening for requests. If the port number is not specified, the installer uses the default port. You must specify the TNS listener port if you are not using the default port 1521.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Database Name</strong></td>
<td>Name of the database in which vCloud Director stores the application-specific data. This must be the service name and not the SID.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Database Username</strong></td>
<td>The name of the database user. The database user must have privileges to read the vCloud Director database objects. If you have provided a JDBC URL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>with Windows Authentication for an SQL Server database, this database user account is not used for logging in to the database. However, you must</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>provide the database user account information.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Database Password</strong></td>
<td>Password for the user name that you have provided.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

If the installer successfully connects to the database, the next screen is displayed.

12 Review the information displayed on the Pre-Installation Summary screen, and click **Install**.

The installer starts installing the various components and creating the database schema. If you are also installing the vCloud Director data collector, click **OK** in the dialog box. If the installation is successful, the URL for accessing the vCenter Chargeback Manager is displayed.

13 Note this URL, and click **Done**.

The installer displays a dialog stating whether you want to generate the default SSL certificate or generate your own SSL certificate.
To generate your own SSL certificate, click **Generate my own SSL Certificate**.

A command-line window is displayed.

a. Provide a pass phrase for the default key and press Enter.

   You are prompted to enter the pass phrase three more times. Provide the same pass phrase and press Enter each time.

b. Provide the required certificate information and press Enter.

   You are prompted to enter the following information:
   
   - Country Code: A two letter code for the country.
   - State or Province Name: Name of the state or province.
   - Locality Name: Name of the city or town.
   - Organization Name: Name of the organization.
   - Organization Unit Name: Name of the department or organization unit.
   - Common Name: Your name.
   - Email Address: An email address.

c. Provide the requested extra attributes for the certificate and press Enter.

   You are prompted to enter the following information:
   
   - A challenge password: A user-defined password.
   - An optional company name: Company name. This is optional and can be left blank.

d. Provide the pass phrase and press Enter.

e. Press any key to complete the process and close the window.

An SSL certificate is successfully installed.

If you click **Generate default SSL Certificate**, an SSL certificate with default values is generated. You are not prompted for any information. Press any key, when prompted, to close the command-line window.

**What to do next**

If you have installed only the load balancer, then you can install the vCenter Chargeback Manager server on a different machine. Ensure that you provide the same database details and the IP address on the load balancer when installing the vCenter Chargeback Manager server.

**Create a vCenter Chargeback Manager Cluster**

Apart from installing standalone vCenter Chargeback Manager instances, you can also create a cluster of vCenter Chargeback Manager instances. A cluster has more than one vCenter Chargeback Manager instance accessing the same vCenter Chargeback Manager database and having a common load balancer.

**Cluster Installation**

When you install vCenter Chargeback Manager for the first time on a machine, a load balancer is installed. The load balancer enables you to run more than one instance of the vCenter Chargeback Manager, with each instance accessing the same vCenter Chargeback Manager database.

These vCenter Chargeback Manager instances form a cluster. All user requests are routed through the load balancer. Also, all the instances in the cluster share the same administrative account information.

**NOTE** Ensure that each instance of vCenter Chargeback Manager in the cluster is of the same version.
The load balancer ensures that the vCenter Chargeback Manager instances are serving equal number of concurrent sessions. New sessions are distributed to the instances in a round-robin fashion. Also, if one of the instances fails, any request currently being serviced by that instance is automatically redirected to another instance in the cluster. For the failover to happen successfully, you must ensure the following:

- All the vCenter Chargeback Manager instances in the cluster, the vCenter Chargeback Manager database, and the data collectors have the same system time. That is, the system times are in sync.
- All the vCenter Chargeback Manager instances in the cluster are in the same network domain.
- Multicasting must be enabled on the machine on which the vCenter Chargeback Manager instance is installed.

Installing a vCenter Chargeback Manager Cluster Instance

You can create a cluster of vCenter Chargeback Manager instances that use the same database and load balancer.

You have installed a vCenter Chargeback Manager instance and the corresponding load balancer and vCenter Chargeback Manager database. To install another instance of vCenter Chargeback Manager and create a cluster, perform the following tasks.

**NOTE** If the installation fails due to some reason, the uninstaller is automatically invoked and all the components installed till the failure occurred is removed.

**Procedure**

1. Run the `vCenter-CB.exe` file.
   
   The installation wizard is displayed.

2. Click **Next** on the Introduction screen.

3. Accept the end-user license agreement, and click **Next**.

4. Provide the path for the installation directory, and click **Next**.
   
   If the specified installation directory exists, ensure that it is empty. If the specified installation directory does not exist, the installer creates the directory. The install path must contain at least one folder. You cannot provide only the drive name. Also, the directory path must contain only ASCII characters.

5. Enter the details of an existing vCenter Chargeback Manager database, and click **Next**.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Option</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Database Type</strong></td>
<td>The type of database used to create the vCenter Chargeback Manager database. This can be either <strong>SQL SERVER</strong> or <strong>ORACLE</strong>.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| **Database URL**   | The IP address or host name of the system on which the vCenter Chargeback Manager database is installed. For an SQL Server database, you can also provide the vCenter Chargeback Manager database instance name. The database instance name must contain only ASCII characters. For Oracle Database, the database URL can be in any of the following formats:  
   * **IP Address**  
   * **Host Name**  
   * **IP Address\Database Instance Name**  
   * **Host Name\Database Instance Name**  
   You can also specify a well formed JDBC URL that starts with 'jdbc' and contains the database name. |
Option | Description
--- | ---
Database Port | (Optional) The port on which the database service is listening for requests. If the port number is not specified, the installer uses the default port. For an Oracle database, you must specify the TNS listener port if you are not using the default port 1521. For an SQL Server database, specify the database instance port if you are using a static port.

Database Name | Name of the database in which vCenter Chargeback Manager stores the application-specific data. For Oracle Database, ensure that you provide the service name and not the SID.

SQL Authentication Mode | This option is applicable only for SQL Server databases. For an SQL Server database, the authentication type can be either SQL Server Authentication or Windows Authentication.

Database Username | The name of the database user. The database user must have privileges to create and delete schema, as well as read from and write to the database. If you select Windows Authentication for SQL Authentication Mode, you must provide the Windows user account name. The user name must be of the form DomainName\UserName. Also, the user must have the Log on as a service permission.

Database Password | Password for the user name that you have provided. If you select Windows Authentication as the authentication type, you must provide the password for the Windows user account. Ensure that the Windows user account password does not contain any special characters. The installer might fail if the password contains special characters.

If the installer connects to the database and detects a vCenter Chargeback Manager schema, a dialog is displayed.

6 Click Use it.

The vCenter Chargeback Manager instance will use this existing vCenter Chargeback Manager database.

7 Ensure that the Install Load Balancer Server option is not selected, and click Next.

8 Enter the IP address and port details for the vCenter Chargeback Manager, and click Next.

Option | Description
--- | ---
IP Address | Static IP address or the FQDN of the machine on which you are installing vCenter Chargeback Manager. Do not use localhost instead of the IP address or the FQDN.

HTTP Port | An unused HTTP port through which vCenter Chargeback Manager can communicate.

Load-Balancer Port | An unused port through which vCenter Chargeback Manager can communicate with the load balancer (Apache Server).

Server Instance Name | A unique user-defined name for the vCenter Chargeback Manager instance. This name is used by the load balancer to identify the instance. Ensure that the instance name contains only ASCII characters.

If the specified ports are free, the next screen is displayed.

9 Select the data collectors that you want to install and click Next.

The Install vCenter Chargeback Manager Data Collector option is selected by default. You must have at least one instance of this data collector running and registered with the application for the database synchronization jobs to run.

You can optionally choose to install the vCloud Director data collector and vShield Manager data collector. All the data collectors can be installed even after a vCenter Chargeback Manager instance is installed. If you are installing the vShield Manager data collector, choose to install the vCloud Director data collector too or ensure that at least one instance of vCloud Director data collector is running.

If you installing only the load balancer, then you cannot select any data collectors for installation.
10 If a vCloud Director Data Collector is already present in the cluster, then a dialog stating that you provide the same vCloud Director setup details is displayed. Click OK.

11 If you chose to install the vCloud Director data collector, provide information about the vCloud Director setup, and click Next.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Option</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>vCloud Director Hostname/IP or URL</td>
<td>Static IP address or the FQDN of the machine on which the vCloud Director setup is running. You can also provide the complete URL that you use to access the vCloud Director setup.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Username</td>
<td>The administrative username to access the vCloud Director setup.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Password</td>
<td>Password for the administrative user account.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The installer checks the version of the vCloud Director setup. If you have a vCloud Director 1.5.x setup, the installer request for the vCloud Director database details. If you have a vCloud Director 5.1 setup, the installer does not require the corresponding database details.

12 (Optional) If you have a vCloud Director 1.5.x setup, enter the corresponding vCloud Director database-related information, and click Next.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Option</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Database Type</td>
<td>The type of database used to create the vCloud Director database. The permissible values are ORACLE and SQL Server.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| Database URL                        | The IP address of the system on which the vCloud Director database is installed. The database URL can be in any of the following formats:

- **IP Address**
- **Host Name**

You can also specify a well formed JDBC URL that starts with 'jdbc' and contains the database name. If you want to connect to a SQL Server vCloud Director database by using Windows Authentication, then you must provide a JDBC URL of the following form:

```
jdbc:sqlserver://;serverName={hostName};databaseName={dbname};integratedSecurity=true
```

The Windows user account used to log in to the vCloud Director database is same as the domain user credentials used for running the installer.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Database Port</th>
<th>(Optional) The port on which the database service is listening for requests. If the port number is not specified, the installer uses the default port. You must specify the TNS listener port if you are not using the default port 1521.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Database Name</td>
<td>Name of the database in which vCloud Director stores the application-specific data. This must be the service name and not the SID.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Database Username</td>
<td>The name of the database user. The database user must have privileges to read the vCloud Director database objects. If you have provided a JDBC URL with Windows Authentication for an SQL Server database, this database user account is not used for logging in to the database. However, you must provide the database user account information.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Database Password</td>
<td>Password for the user name that you have provided.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

If the installer successfully connects to the database, the next screen is displayed.

13 If you chose to install the vCloud Director Data Collector or the vShield Manager Data Collector, enter the password for the vCenter Chargeback Manager administrative account and click Next.

You must provide the correct password for the data collectors to call the vCenter Chargeback Manager APIs.
Review the information displayed on the Pre-Installation Summary screen, and click **Install**.

The installer starts installing the various components. If the installation is successful, the URL for accessing the vCenter Chargeback Manager application and the information required to add this installed instance to the cluster is displayed.

Note this information, and click **Done**.

The administrative account for accessing this instance will be same as the one used by the existing vCenter Chargeback Manager instance.

### Adding a vCenter Chargeback Manager Instance to a Cluster

Installing a vCenter Chargeback Manager cluster instance does not automatically add it to the cluster. You must manually add a vCenter Chargeback Manager instance to a cluster.

You can add a vCenter Chargeback Manager instance to a cluster by running the `ModifyLBWorkers.bat` file on the machine on which the load balancer is installed.

#### Procedure

1. On the machine on which the load balancer is installed, open a command-line window.
2. Navigate to the \`vCenter-CB-Tools\load-balancer\bin\` directory.
   ```
   cd Installation_Folder\vCenter-CB-Tools\load-balancer\bin\n   ```
   where, `Installation_Folder` is the complete folder path provided during the vCenter Chargeback Manager installation. The default installation folder is `C:\Program Files\VMware\VMware vCenter Chargeback`.
3. Run the `ModifyLBWorkers.bat` file to register the vCenter Chargeback Manager instance with the load balancer.
   ```
   ModifyLBWorkers add Host_IP_Address Load-Balancer_Port Server_Instance_Name
   ```
   Here, `Host_IP_Address` is the IP address of the machine on which the new vCenter Chargeback Manager instance is installed, `Load-Balancer_Port` is the port through which the vCenter Chargeback Manager instance communicates with the load balancer, and `Server_Instance_Name` is the name of the new vCenter Chargeback Manager instance that you want to add to the cluster. `Load-Balancer_Port` is same as the port configured during the new vCenter Chargeback Manager installation. `Server_Instance_Name` is the name that you have provided during the installation.
4. Restart the Load Balancer service from the **Start > Programs > VMware > VMware vCenter Chargeback > vCenter Chargeback Manager Services** menu.

### Install vCenter Chargeback Manager with an Existing Database Schema

You can create a stand-alone vCenter Chargeback Manager instance that uses an existing vCenter Chargeback Manager schema.

When you install vCenter Chargeback Manager, you provide database details to install the vCenter Chargeback Manager schema. If the database already contains the vCenter Chargeback Manager database schema, the installer lets you use it as is or create a new schema.

This install procedure is particularly useful when you want to move a vCenter Chargeback Manager instance, the load balancer, and the vCenter Chargeback Manager database to a different machine from the one that they currently exist on.
You can uninstall a vCenter Chargeback Manager instance but retain the database. You can then move the database to a new location and re-install vCenter Chargeback Manager and the load balancer on different machines. When re-installing vCenter Chargeback Manager, you must provide the database details of the relocated vCenter Chargeback Manager database.

**Note** If the installation fails due to some reason, the uninstaller is automatically invoked and all the components installed till the failure occurred is removed.

The administrative account for accessing this re-installed vCenter Chargeback Manager instance will be same as the one used during the installation of the earlier vCenter Chargeback Manager instance.

**Important** Ensure that the vCenter Chargeback Manager version and the vCenter Chargeback Manager database schema version are of the same. That is to say, you install a vCenter Chargeback Manager 2.5 instance with a vCenter Chargeback Manager 2.5 database schema.

**Procedure**

1. Run the vCenter-CB.exe file.
   
   The installation wizard is displayed.
2. Click Next on the Introduction screen.
3. Accept the end-user license agreement, and click Next.
4. Provide the path for the installation directory, and click Next.
   
   If the specified installation directory exists, ensure that it is empty. If the specified installation directory does not exist, the installer creates the directory. The install path must contain at least one folder. You cannot provide only the drive name. Also, the directory path must contain only ASCII characters.
5. Enter the details of an existing vCenter Chargeback Manager database, and click Next.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Option</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Database Type</strong></td>
<td>The type of database used to create the vCenter Chargeback Manager database. This can be either SQL SERVER or ORACLE.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Database URL</strong></td>
<td>The IP address or host name of the system on which the vCenter Chargeback Manager database is installed. For an SQL Server database, you can also provide the vCenter Chargeback Manager database instance name. The database instance name must contain only ASCII characters. For Oracle Database, the database URL can be in any of the following formats: IP Address Host Name For SQL Server, the database URL can be in any of the following formats: IP Address Host Name IP Address\Database Instance Name Host Name\Database Instance Name You can also specify a well formed JDBC URL that starts with 'jdbc' and contains the database name.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Database Port</strong></td>
<td>(Optional) The port on which the database service is listening for requests. If the port number is not specified, the installer uses the default port. For an Oracle database, you must specify the TNS listener port if you are not using the default port 1521. For an SQL Server database, specify the database instance port if you are using a static port.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Database Name</strong></td>
<td>Name of the database in which vCenter Chargeback Manager stores the application-specific data. For Oracle Database, ensure that you provide the service name and not the SID.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>SQL Authentication Mode</strong></td>
<td>This option is applicable only for SQL Server databases. For an SQL Server database, the authentication type can be either SQL Server Authentication or Windows Authentication.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Option</td>
<td>Description</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>------------------------</td>
<td>-----------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Database Username</td>
<td>The name of the database user. The database user must have privileges to</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>create and delete schema, as well as read from and write to the database.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>If you select <strong>Windows Authentication</strong> for SQL Authentication Mode, you</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>must provide the Windows user account name. The user name must be of</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>the form DomainName\UserName. Also, the user must have the Log on as a</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>service permission.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Database Password</td>
<td>Password for the user name that you have provided. If you select **Windows</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Authentication** as the authentication type, you must provide the password</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>for the Windows user account. Ensure that the Windows user account</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>password does not contain any special characters. The installer might fail</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>if the password contains special characters.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

If the installer connects to the database and detects a vCenter Chargeback Manager schema, a dialog is displayed.

6 Click **Use it**.

The vCenter Chargeback Manager instance will use this existing vCenter Chargeback Manager database.

Do not click **Create new schema**, because the installer will overwrite the existing schema with a new schema. All the data in the existing schema will be lost.

7 Enter the load balancer-related information, and click **Next**.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Option</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>IP Address</td>
<td>Static IP address or the FQDN of the machine on which you are installing</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>load balancer. Do not use <code>localhost</code> instead of the IP address or FQDN.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Also, if you are installing vCenter Chargeback Manager on a multi-homed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>machine, you can use only the IP address or FQDN that you provide in this</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>step to access and use vCenter Chargeback Manager.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Admin Email Address</td>
<td>Email address of the server administrator. Ensure that the email address</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>contains only ASCII characters.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HTTPS Port</td>
<td>An unused port through which the Apache Server can communicate. The load</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>balancer listens on this port for user requests.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

If the specified port is free, the next screen is displayed.

8 Select **Install vCenter Chargeback Manager Server**, enter the IP address and port details for the vCenter Chargeback Manager, and click **Next**.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Option</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>IP Address</td>
<td>Static IP address or the FQDN of the machine on which you are installing</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>vCenter Chargeback Manager. Do not use <code>localhost</code> instead of the IP</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>address or the FQDN.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HTTP Port</td>
<td>An unused HTTP port through which vCenter Chargeback Manager can communicate.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Load-Balancer Port</td>
<td>An unused port through which vCenter Chargeback Manager can communicate with</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>the load balancer (Apache Server).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Server Instance Name</td>
<td>A unique user-defined name for the vCenter Chargeback Manager instance.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>This name is used by the load balancer to identify the instance. Ensure that</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>the instance name contains only ASCII characters.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

If the specified ports are free, the next screen is displayed.

If you are installing only the load balancer, then ensure that the **Install vCenter Chargeback Manager Server** option is not selected and click **Next**.
Select the data collectors that you want to install and click Next.

The **Install vCenter Chargeback Manager Data Collector** option is selected by default. You must have at least one instance of this data collector running and registered with the application for the database synchronization jobs to run.

You can optionally choose to install the vCloud Director data collector and vShield Manager data collector. All the data collectors can be installed even after a vCenter Chargeback Manager instance is installed. If you are installing the vShield Manager data collector, choose to install the vCloud Director data collector too or ensure that at least one instance of vCloud Director data collector is running.

If you installing only the load balancer, then you cannot select any data collectors for installation.

If you chose to install the vCloud Director data collector, provide information about the vCloud Director setup, and click Next.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Option</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>vCloud Director Hostname/IP or URL</td>
<td>Static IP address or the FQDN of the machine on which the vCloud Director setup is running. You can also provide the complete URL that you use to access the vCloud Director setup.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Username</td>
<td>The administrative username to access the vCloud Director setup.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Password</td>
<td>Password for the administrative user account.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The installer checks the version of the vCloud Director setup. If you have a vCloud Director 1.5.x setup, the installer request for the vCloud Director database details. If you have a vCloud Director 5.1 setup, the installer does not require the corresponding database details.

(Optional) If you have a vCloud Director 1.5.x setup, enter the corresponding vCloud Director database-related information, and click Next.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Option</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Database Type</td>
<td>The type of database used to create the vCloud Director database. The permissible values are <strong>ORACLE</strong> and <strong>SQL Server</strong>.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| Database URL              | The IP address of the system on which the vCloud Director database is installed.  
                            | The database URL can be in any of the following formats:  
                            | *IP Address*  
                            | *Host Name*  
                            | You can also specify a well formed JDBC URL that starts with 'jdbc' and contains the database name. If you want to connect to a SQL Server vCloud Director database by using Windows Authentication, then you must provide a JDBC URL of the following form:  
                            | jdbc:sqlserver://;serverName={hostName};databaseName={dbName};integratedSecurity=true  
                            | The Windows user account used to log in to the vCloud Director database is same as the domain user credentials used for running the installer. |
| Database Port             | (Optional) The port on which the database service is listening for requests. If the port number is not specified, the installer uses the default port. You must specify the TNS listener port if you are not using the default port 1521. |
| Database Name             | Name of the database in which vCloud Director stores the application-specific data. This must be the service name and not the SID. |
| Database Username         | The name of the database user. The database user must have privileges to read the vCloud Director database objects. If you have provided a JDBC URL with Windows Authentication for an SQL Server database, this database user account is not used for logging in to the database. However, you must provide the database user account information. |
| Database Password         | Password for the user name that you have provided.                          |

If the installer successfully connects to the database, the next screen is displayed.
12 Review the information displayed on the Pre-Installation Summary screen, and click **Install**.

The installer starts installing the various components and creating the database schema. If you are also installing the vCloud Director data collector, click **OK** in the dialog box. If the installation is successful, the URL for accessing the vCenter Chargeback Manager is displayed.

13 Note this URL, and click **Done**.

The installer displays a dialog stating whether you want to generate the default SSL certificate or generate your own SSL certificate.

14 To generate your own SSL certificate, click **Generate my own SSL Certificate**.

A command-line window is displayed.

   a  Provide a pass phrase for the default key and press Enter.

      You are prompted to enter the pass phrase three more times. Provide the same pass phrase and press Enter each time.

   b  Provide the required certificate information and press Enter.

      You are prompted to enter the following information:

      - Country Code: A two letter code for the country.
      - State or Province Name: Name of the state or province.
      - Locality Name: Name of the city or town.
      - Organization Name: Name of the organization.
      - Organization Unit Name: Name of the department or organization unit.
      - Common Name: Your name.
      - Email Address: An email address.

   c  Provide the requested extra attributes for the certificate and press Enter.

      You are prompted to enter the following information:

      - A challenge password: A user-defined password.
      - An optional company name: Company name. This is optional and can be left blank.

   d  Provide the pass phrase and press Enter.

   e  Press any key to complete the process and close the window.

      An SSL certificate is successfully installed.

If you click **Generate default SSL Certificate**, an SSL certificate with default values is generated. You are not prompted for any information. Press any key, when prompted, to close the command-line window.

**Generate an SSL Certificate for vCenter Chargeback Manager**

After you have installed vCenter Chargeback Manager, you can generate a self-signed SSL certificate for the vCenter Chargeback Manager instance.

You can generate a default SSL certificate or a self-signed SSL certificate for vCenter Chargeback Manager immediately after the installation is complete. If you have generated a default SSL certificate, you can replace it with a self-signed SSL certificate at a later stage.
Procedure

1. Select Generate SSL Certificate from the Start > Programs > VMware > VMware vCenter Chargeback > vCenter Chargeback Manager Tools menu.

   The Generate SSL Certificate window is displayed.

2. Provide a pass phrase for the default key and press Enter.

   You are prompted to enter the pass phrase three more times. Provide the same pass phrase and press Enter each time.

3. Provide the required certificate information and press Enter.

   You must provide the following information, when prompted, to be included in the generated SSL certificate.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Option</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Country Code</td>
<td>A two letter code for the country.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>State or Province Name</td>
<td>Name of the state or province.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Locality Name</td>
<td>Name of the city or town.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Organization Name</td>
<td>Name of the organization.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Organization Unit Name</td>
<td>Name of the department or organization unit.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Common Name</td>
<td>Your name.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Email Address</td>
<td>An email address.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

4. Provide the requested extra attributes for the certificate and press Enter.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Option</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>A challenge password</td>
<td>A user-defined password</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>An optional company name</td>
<td>Company name. This is optional and can be left blank</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

5. Provide the pass phrase and press Enter.

   You are prompted to enter the pass phrase again. Provide the same pass phrase and press Enter.

   The SSL certificate is generated with the information provided.

6. When prompted, press any key to complete the process and close the window.

   The generated SSL certificate can be seen when you access the application.

Services Related to the vCenter Chargeback Manager

When vCenter Chargeback Manager is installed, by default, a load balancer is installed. You can install one or more data collector instances too. The services related to the vCenter Chargeback Manager and its corresponding components must be started for the application to function properly.

The services related to the application and the corresponding components are:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Service</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>VMware vCenter Chargeback Service</td>
<td>Starting this service starts the application.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VMware vCenter Chargeback Load Balancer Service</td>
<td>Starting this service starts the load balancer. This service must be running so that the load balancer can receive user requests and route them to the application for them to be serviced.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Managing Application-Related Services

All the services required for successfully running and accessing vCenter Chargeback Manager are configured to start automatically when the machine is powered on and the operating system is started. You can also manually control these services.

If the database service corresponding to the vCenter Chargeback Manager database stops, then the data collector services stop automatically after a period of time. If the data collector services stop, then you must manually start the data collector services after restarting the vCenter Chargeback Manager database service.

If you start the vCenter Chargeback Manager service, before starting the corresponding database service, then you must manually restart the vCenter Chargeback Manager service after restarting the database service.

If vCenter Chargeback Manager, the corresponding database, and the data collectors are installed on different machines, then you must individually start each of the services. You must start the services in the following order:

1. vCenter Chargeback Manager database service
2. vCenter Chargeback Manager service
3. Services for each data collector installed

Prerequisites

Before starting any of the application-related services, ensure that the database service corresponding to the vCenter Chargeback Manager database is started and is running without any issues.
Procedure

1. Select the relevant service menu from the Start > Programs > VMware > VMware vCenter Chargeback > vCenter Chargeback Manager Services menu.

   The menu provides shortcuts for the following services:
   - VMware vCenter Chargeback
   - VMware vCenter Chargeback DataCollector
   - VMware vCenter Chargeback Load Balancer
   - VMware vCenter Chargeback - VMware Cloud Director DataCollector
   - VMware vCenter Chargeback - vShield Manager DataCollector

2. Select the relevant shortcut to start or stop a service from the selected service menu.

Accessing the vCenter Chargeback Manager

If all the required services are running, you can access the vCenter Chargeback Manager through a supported Web browser.

Procedure

1. Click Launch vCenter Chargeback Manager Homepage from the Start > Programs > VMware > VMware vCenter Chargeback menu.

   If you want to access the application from a remote machine, open a Web browser and provide the application URL that was displayed after installing the vCenter Chargeback Manager.

2. Enter the login credentials, and click Login.
Upgrading vCenter Chargeback Manager

You can upgrade an existing vCenter Chargeback Manager setup to the latest version of vCenter Chargeback Manager.

If you are using vCenter Chargeback Manager 2.0 or later version, then you can directly upgrade your existing setup to vCenter Chargeback Manager 2.5. However, if you have a vCenter Chargeback 1.5 or later setup, then you must first upgrade to vCenter Chargeback Manager 2.0 before upgrading to vCenter Chargeback Manager 2.5.

This chapter includes the following topics:
- “Pre-Upgrade Tasks for vCenter Chargeback Manager,” on page 39
- “Upgrade vCenter Chargeback Manager,” on page 40
- “Upgrading vCenter Chargeback Manager and Configuring in DMZ,” on page 42

Pre-Upgrade Tasks for vCenter Chargeback Manager

The pre-upgrade tasks ensure that you have a backup of the database and the necessary configuration files. Also, the completion of the pre-upgrade tasks ensures that vCenter Chargeback Manager can function smoothly after the upgrade is completed.

Procedure

1. Check whether the data collector has synchronized all the vCenter Server hierarchies.
   
   You can check the status and last run time for the data collector synchronization jobs from the Data Collectors page on the Settings tab. If any of the synchronization jobs have failed or not run in the recent past, then ensure that the synchronization jobs are successfully completed at least once before you start the upgrade.

2. Stop all the vCenter Chargeback Manager related services.

3. Take a backup of the existing vCenter Chargeback Manager database.
   
   If the upgrade fails due to any unforeseen reason and you are not able to use the existing setup either, you can use the database backup to recover the data.

4. If the vCenter Chargeback Manager database supports partitioning, the installer provides an option to partition the database. If you select this option, the installer runs scripts in the database to partition the database, migrate the data, and create partition tables.
   
   If you choose to partition the vCenter Chargeback Manager database and migrate the data, then you must ensure the following conditions are satisfied:
   - Free space of at least 1.25 times the current data size is available in the database.
The logs are configured with unrestricted growth mode. Else ensure that you have provided sufficient space for the logs to grow.

We have observed the logs to grow by 20GB when migrating the vCenter Chargeback Manager database with 100 million rows in our test environment.

The Stats Synchronization job of all the data collectors for each vCenter Server added to vCenter Chargeback Manager is completed successfully before you start the upgrade. You can check the status of the job from Settings > Data Collectors > Chargeback Manager in vCenter Chargeback Manager.

The database user has the necessary privileges to run the database partitioning scripts. See “Database Management Prerequisites,” on page 16 for the list of required database privileges.

What to do next
Back up the relevant configuration files from the current vCenter Chargeback Manager installation, so that you can restore the existing installation if the upgrade fails. See KB 1026796 (http://kb.vmware.com/kb/1026796) for further details.

Upgrade vCenter Chargeback Manager
You can upgrade an existing vCenter Chargeback Manager instance to a more recent version.

Prerequisites
Before you upgrade a standalone vCenter Chargeback Manager instance, stop the corresponding vCenter Chargeback Manager service and the data collector services. If any vCenter Chargeback Manager related service is running, the upgrade process fails. If the load balancer and the vCenter Chargeback Manager are on different machines, then first run the installer on the load balancer machine to upgrade the load-balancer and the vCenter Chargeback Manager database. You must then run the installer on the vCenter Chargeback Manager server machine to upgrade vCenter Chargeback Manager instance.

For a cluster installation, you must upgrade each vCenter Chargeback Manager instance in the cluster. You must first upgrade the instance that has the load balancer. Before upgrading the first instance of a cluster, you must stop all the related services. When the first instance is upgraded, the corresponding vCenter Chargeback Manager database is also upgraded. After the upgrade, the vCenter Chargeback Manager service and the corresponding database, data collector, and load balancer services are automatically restarted.

Note You must upgrade all the instances in a cluster to ensure that the application functions correctly. A cluster with multi-version vCenter Chargeback Manager instances might not function correctly.

Ensure that you are running the installer on the machine on which vCenter Chargeback Manager is installed. If you run the installer from a shared location on the network, the installer might fail.

If the existing instance vCenter Chargeback Manager has a vCloud Director data collector installed, ensure that you provide the same vCloud Director database details for the vCenter Chargeback Manager instance during upgrade.

Procedure
1. Run the vCenter-CB.exe file.
   The installation wizard is displayed.
2. Click Next on the Introduction screen.
3. Accept the end-user license agreement, and click Next.
   When the installer detects an older version of vCenter Chargeback Manager, an Alert dialog box is displayed.
4. Click Upgrade to 2.5.0.0 in the Alert dialog box.
If the vCenter Chargeback Manager database is an SQL Server database, the installer displays the Database Configuration screen.

You can choose to change the **SQL Authentication Mode** option on this screen.

If you select **Windows Authentication**, ensure that you provide the Windows user account name in the form DomainName\UserName. Also, the user must have the **Log on as a service** permission.

The installer checks whether the vCenter Chargeback Manager and data collector services are stopped. If any of the services are running, the installer stops the services.

Select **Use database partitions** to partition the vCenter Chargeback Manager database.

You can select this option only if the vCenter Chargeback Manager database supports database partitioning. Else, the installer recommends upgrading the database.

If you select this option, the installer runs scripts in the vCenter Chargeback Manager database to partition it, migrate the data, and create partition tables.

Select the data collectors that you want to upgrade and click **Next**.

By default, all the data collectors installed on the machine are selected for upgrade. If the installer detects a vCloud Director data collector instance on the machine, a dialog is displayed stating that you provide the existing vCloud Director details when prompted. Click **OK**.

If you chose to install the vCloud Director data collector, provide information about the vCloud Director setup, and click **Next**.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Option</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>vCloud Director Hostname/IP or URL</strong></td>
<td>Static IP address or the FQDN of the machine on which the vCloud Director setup is running. You can also provide the complete URL that you use to access the vCloud Director setup.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Username</strong></td>
<td>The administrative username to access the vCloud Director setup.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Password</strong></td>
<td>Password for the administrative user account.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Enter the corresponding vCloud Director database-related information and click **Next**.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Option</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Database Type</strong></td>
<td>The type of database used to create the vCloud Director database. The permissible values are <strong>ORACLE</strong> and <strong>SQL Server</strong>.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Database URL</strong></td>
<td>The IP address of the system on which the vCloud Director database is installed. The database URL can be in any of the following formats: <strong>IP Address</strong> <strong>Host Name</strong> You can also specify a well formed JDBC URL that starts with 'jdbc' and contains the database name. If you want to connect to a SQL Server vCloud Director database by using Windows Authentication, then you must provide a JDBC URL of the following form: <strong>jdbc:sqlserver://;servername=HostName;databaseName=dbname;integratedSecurity=true</strong> The Windows user account used to log in to the vCloud Director database is same as the domain user credentials used for running the installer.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Database Port</strong></td>
<td>(Optional) The port on which the database service is listening for requests. If the port number is not specified, the installer uses the default port. You must specify the TNS listener port if you are not using the default port 1521.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Database Name</strong></td>
<td>Name of the database in which vCloud Director stores the application-specific data. This must be the service name and not the SID.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Option | Description
--- | ---
**Database Username** | The name of the database user. The database user must have privileges to read the vCloud Director database objects. If you have provided a JDBC URL with Windows Authentication for an SQL Server database, this database user account is not used for logging in to the database. However, you must provide the database user account information.

**Database Password** | Password for the user name that you have provided.

If the installer successfully connects to the database, the next screen is displayed.

10 Provide the password for the administrative account of the existing installation and click **Next**.

11 Review the information displayed on the Pre-Installation Summary screen, and click **Install**.

   The installer starts upgrading the various components. If the upgrade process is successful, the URL for accessing the vCenter Chargeback Manager is displayed.

12 Note the URL, and click **Done**.

The vCenter Chargeback Manager instance is upgraded.

**What to do next**

Check the install log. If the upgrade is successful but the database partitioning fails, refer to the troubleshooting topic *Upgrade Succeeded but Database Partitioning Failed* in the *vCenter Chargeback Manager Best Practices and Troubleshooting Guide*.

You can now connect to the upgraded vCenter Chargeback Manager setup. Ensure that you clear your Web browser cache before accessing the vCenter Chargeback Manager.

Check whether the data collectors are running successfully. Ensure that the vCenter Server user used to add the vCenter Server to vCenter Chargeback Manager has the appropriate privileges assigned on the root folder of the vCenter Server. For more information on the privileges, refer to the *Add vCenter Server Information* section in the *vCenter Chargeback Manager User’s Guide*.

---

**Upgrading vCenter Chargeback Manager and Configuring in DMZ**

You can upgrade an existing vCenter Chargeback Manager setup to version 2.5 such that the load balancer runs in the DMZ and the vCenter Chargeback Manager instance is in a secured internal network.

If you have a vCenter Chargeback Manager 2.0 or later setup and want the load balancer and the vCenter Chargeback Manager to run on different machines post-upgrade, then you must perform the following tasks.

**Procedure**

1 Perform the pre-upgrade tasks listed in “Pre-Upgrade Tasks for vCenter Chargeback Manager,” on page 39.

2 Stop all the vCenter Chargeback Manager related services.

   You must stop the load balancer, database, and all the data collector services along with the vCenter Chargeback Manager service.

3 Uninstall the existing vCenter Chargeback Manager setup but retain the database.

   Ensure that you do not select the option to empty the database during uninstallation.

4 Run the vCenter Chargeback Manager installer on the machine on which you want to install the load balancer.

   During the install provide the details of the retained vCenter Chargeback Manager database. Do not select the **Install vCenter Chargeback Server** option during the installation.
5. Run the vCenter Chargeback Manager installer on the machine on which you want to install the vCenter Chargeback Manager instance.

During the install provide the details of the retained vCenter Chargeback Manager database and the newly installed load balancer details. Ensure that you select the **Install vCenter Chargeback Server** option during the installation.
Installing and Upgrading Data Collectors

vCenter Chargeback Manager interacts with the vCenter Server and vCenter Server database through a data collector. The data collector synchronizes the information in the vCenter Chargeback Manager database with that in the vCenter Server database.

Other than the data collector that interacts with the vCenter Server database, vCenter Chargeback Manager provides two more data collectors. These are the vCloud Director data collector and the vShield Manager data collector. These data collectors enable you to integrate vCloud Director with vCenter Chargeback Manager.

vCenter Chargeback Manager 2.5 supports vCloud Director 1.5.x and vCloud Director 5.1. It also supports the corresponding versions of vShield Manager.

When you integrate the vCenter Chargeback Manager with vCloud Director 5.1, during the first run of the vCloud Director data collector jobs, the entire vCloud Director inventory is synchronized in vCenter Chargeback Manager by call the vCloud Director APIs. After the vCloud Director inventory is synchronized, the vCloud Director data collector polls the vCloud Director database for chargeback events. These events details are used to call specific vCenter Chargeback Manager APIs. A chargeback hierarchy for each org vDC in the vCloud Director setup is created in vCenter Chargeback Manager and also the corresponding allocation details are set on the entities.

By integrating vCloud Director with vCenter Chargeback Manager, you can perform the following tasks:

- Meter and charge for allocation and usage of vCloud Director resources, including virtual datacenters, vApps, templates and media file storage.
- Meter and charge for external network bandwidth, network count, and network services, such as DHCP, NAT, and firewall.
- Deliver multi-tenant chargeback reports.

However, this release does not include support for the following features:

- Charging for storage utilized by partially created or imported virtual machines, vApps, and templates and media files.
- Charging for resources utilized by virtual machines that are created by vShield Edge.

**Note** Only the vCenter Chargeback Manager related events are processed by the vCloud Director data collector. To update the vCloud Director Org hierarchies in vCenter Chargeback Manager, the corresponding vCenter Server must be added to vCenter Chargeback Manager and the vCenter Chargeback Manager data collector must be running to synchronize the vCenter Chargeback Manager database with the vCenter Server database. If the vCenter Chargeback Manager data collector is not installed or is not running, then the changes will not be processed and the changes in the vCenter Server and the vCloud Director Org hierarchy is not accounted for in vCenter Chargeback Manager.

The vShield Manager data collector fetches the network statistics from the vShield Manager for the networks included in the vCloud Director setup.
The vShield Manager data collector fetches the external traffic information from vShield Manager for the following types of vCloud Director networks:

- Private routed org networks
- Routed vApp networks
- Fenced vApp networks

In the case that a routed or fenced vApp network is connected to a private routed org network, then the external traffic information of the corresponding virtual machine is recorded at both, the vApp network level as well as the org network level.

This chapter includes the following topics:

- “Install vCenter Chargeback Manager Data Collector,” on page 46
- “Install vCloud Director Data Collector,” on page 48
- “Install vShield Manager Data Collector,” on page 51
- “Upgrade Data Collectors,” on page 53

**Install vCenter Chargeback Manager Data Collector**

You can install and run more than one data collector. You can install an individual data collector instance using the data collector installer.

You can install a data collector instance when installing vCenter Chargeback Manager and also install multiple instances of the data collector by using the data collector installer. The data collector installer can be downloaded from vCenter Chargeback Manager by clicking **Download Data Collector** from the **Tools** menu on the top-right corner.

If you install multiple instances of the data collector, ensure that you provide the same vCenter Chargeback Manager database and user account information when installing each instance. The job load is shared by the data collector instances. If a data collector instance fails, the currently running jobs are taken up by other data collector instances configured with the same vCenter Chargeback Manager.

If you are integrating vCenter Chargeback Manager with vCloud Director by installing the vCloud Director data collector and vShield Manager data collector, then preferably install and run more than one instance of the vCenter Chargeback Manager data collector. This ensures that the inventory and statistics information for the vCenter Server instances added to vCloud Director and vCenter Chargeback Manager are synchronised and available in the vCenter Chargeback Manager database even if a data collector instance fails.

**Prerequisites**

Before you start the installation, ensure that the system time of the machine on which the data collector is being installed is the same as the vCenter Chargeback Manager and vCenter Chargeback Manager database system time. That is, the system time of all these machines are in sync.

**Procedure**

1. Run the vCenter-CB-DC.exe file.
2. Click **Next** on the Introduction screen.
3. Accept the end-user license agreement, and click **Next**.
   - If the installer detects an individually installed data collector instance, you are provided with an option to create a new instance or upgrade the existing instance.
4. Select **Create New Data Collector**, provide a name for the data collector instance, and click **Next**.
   - The default name is DataCollector. Ensure that the data collector instance name contains only ASCII characters and starts with 'DataCollector'.
5 Provide the path for the installation directory, and click **Next**.

If the specified installation directory exists, ensure that it is empty. If the specified installation directory does not exist, the installer creates the directory. The install path must contain at least one folder. You cannot provide only the drive name. Also, the directory path must contain only ASCII characters.

6 Provide the details of the vCenter Chargeback Manager database that the data collector must synchronize with the vCenter Server databases, and click **Next**.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Option</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Database Type</td>
<td>The type of database used to create the vCenter Chargeback Manager database. This can be either <strong>SQL SERVER</strong> or <strong>ORACLE</strong>.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Database URL</td>
<td>The IP address or host name of the system on which the vCenter Chargeback Manager database is installed. For an SQL Server database, you can also provide the vCenter Chargeback Manager database instance name. The database instance name must contain only ASCII characters. For Oracle Database, the database URL can be in any of the following formats: <strong>IP Address</strong> <strong>Host Name</strong> For SQL Server, the database URL can be in any of the following formats: <strong>IP Address</strong> <strong>Host Name</strong> <strong>IP Address\Database Instance Name</strong> <strong>Host Name\Database Instance Name</strong> You can also specify a well formed JDBC URL that starts with <code>jdbc</code> and contains the database name.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Database Port</td>
<td>(Optional) The port on which the database service is listening for requests. If the port number is not specified, the installer uses the default port. For an Oracle database, you must specify the TNS listener port if you are not using the default port 1521. For an SQL Server database, specify the database instance port if you are using a static port.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Database Name</td>
<td>Name of the database in which vCenter Chargeback Manager stores the application-specific data. For Oracle Database, ensure that you provide the service name and not the SID.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SQL Authentication Mode</td>
<td>This option is applicable only for SQL Server databases. For an SQL Server database, the authentication type can be either <strong>SQL Server Authentication</strong> or <strong>Windows Authentication</strong>.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Database Username</td>
<td>The name of the database user. The database user must have privileges to create and delete schema, as well as read from and write to the database. If you select <strong>Windows Authentication</strong> for <strong>SQL Authentication Mode</strong>, you must provide the Windows user account name. The user name must be of the form <strong>DomainName\UserName</strong>. Also, the user must have the <strong>Log on as a service</strong> permission.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Database Password</td>
<td>Password for the user name that you have provided. If you select <strong>Windows Authentication</strong> as the authentication type, you must provide the password for the Windows user account. Ensure that the Windows user account password does not contain any special characters. The installer might fail if the password contains special characters.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The installer connects to the database and checks whether a vCenter Chargeback Manager schema is present.

7 Review the information displayed on the Pre-Installation Summary screen, and click **Install**.

The installer starts installing the data collector. If the installation is successful, the URL for accessing vCenter Chargeback Manager is displayed.

8 Note this URL, and click **Done**.

**Note**: If the installation fails, the uninstaller starts automatically and removes all the components installed.
What to do next

After you install a separate data collector, the data collector service starts and runs automatically. You can manually start and stop the service from the Start > Programs > VMware > VMware vCenter Chargeback menu.

Install vCloud Director Data Collector

If you want to integrate a vCenter Chargeback Manager instance with a vCloud Director instance, you must have a vCloud Director data collector instance installed and running.

You can install a vCloud Director data collector instance along with vCenter Chargeback Manager or separately by using the vCloud Director data collector installer. The installer can be downloaded from vCenter Chargeback Manager by clicking Download VMware Cloud Director Data Collector from the Tools menu on the top-right corner.

If you install more than one instance of the vCloud Director data collector, ensure that you provide the same vCenter Chargeback Manager database and vCloud Director database information when installing each instance.

Although you can install more than one vCloud Director data collector instance, only one instance interacts with the vCloud Director database and vCenter Chargeback Manager database at any given point of time. Another data collector instance is used only in the case of a failover.

Prerequisites

Before you start the installation, ensure that the system time of the machine on which the data collector is being installed is the same as that on the vCloud Director database, vCenter Chargeback Manager, and vCenter Chargeback Manager database. That is, the system time of all these machines are in sync.

Procedure

1. Run the vCenter-VCL0UD-DC.exe file.
2. Click Next on the Introduction screen.
3. Accept the end-user license agreement, and click Next.
   - If the installer detects an individually installed vCloud Director data collector instance, you are provided with an option to create a new instance or upgrade the existing instance.
4. Select Create New Data Collector, provide a name for the data collector instance, and click Next.
   - The default name is VMware Cloud Director DataCollector. Ensure that the data collector instance name contains only ASCII characters and starts with "VMware Cloud Director DataCollector".
5. Provide the path for the installation directory, and click Next.
   - If the specified installation directory exists, ensure that it is empty. If the specified installation directory does not exist, the installer creates the directory. The install path must contain at least one folder. You cannot provide only the drive name. Also, the directory path must contain only ASCII characters.
6 Provide the details of the vCenter Chargeback Manager database that the data collector must synchronize with the vCloud Director database, and click **Next**.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Option</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Database Type</strong></td>
<td>The type of database used to create the vCenter Chargeback Manager database. This can be either <strong>SQL SERVER</strong> or <strong>ORACLE</strong>.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Database URL</strong></td>
<td>The IP address or host name of the system on which the vCenter Chargeback Manager database is installed. For an SQL Server database, you can also provide the vCenter Chargeback Manager database instance name. The database instance name must contain only ASCII characters. For Oracle Database, the database URL can be in any of the following formats: <strong>IP Address Host Name</strong>. For SQL Server, the database URL can be in any of the following formats: <strong>IP Address Host Name</strong>. <strong>IP Address\Database Instance Name</strong> <strong>Host Name\Database Instance Name</strong>. You can also specify a well formed JDBC URL that starts with 'jdbc' and contains the database name.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Database Port</strong></td>
<td>(Optional) The port on which the database service is listening for requests. If the port number is not specified, the installer uses the default port. For an Oracle database, you must specify the TNS listener port if you are not using the default port 1521. For an SQL Server database, specify the database instance port if you are using a static port.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Database Name</strong></td>
<td>Name of the database in which vCenter Chargeback Manager stores the application-specific data. For Oracle Database, ensure that you provide the service name and not the SID.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>SQL Authentication Mode</strong></td>
<td>This option is applicable only for SQL Server databases. For an SQL Server database, the authentication type can be either <strong>SQL Server Authentication</strong> or <strong>Windows Authentication</strong>.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Database Username</strong></td>
<td>The name of the database user. The database user must have privileges to create and delete schema, as well as read from and write to the database. If you select <strong>Windows Authentication</strong> for <strong>SQL Authentication Mode</strong>, you must provide the Windows user account name. The user name must be of the form <strong>DomainName\UserName</strong>. Also, the user must have the <strong>Log on as a service</strong> permission.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Database Password</strong></td>
<td>Password for the user name that you have provided. If you select <strong>Windows Authentication</strong> as the authentication type, you must provide the password for the Windows user account. Ensure that the Windows user account password does not contain any special characters. The installer might fail if the password contains special characters.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

If the installer detects an instance of the vCloud Director data collector, a dialog window stating you provide the same vCloud Director database information is displayed. Click **OK**.

7 Enter the vCloud Director setup information and click **Next**.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Option</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>vCloud Director Hostname/IP or URL</strong></td>
<td>Static IP address or the FQDN of the machine on which the vCloud Director setup is running. You can also provide the complete URL that you use to access the vCloud Director setup.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Username</strong></td>
<td>The administrative username to access the vCloud Director setup.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Password</strong></td>
<td>Password for the administrative user account.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The installer checks the version of the vCloud Director setup. If you have a vCloud Director 1.5.x setup, the installer request for the vCloud Director database details. If you have a vCloud Director 5.1 setup, the installer does not require the corresponding database details.
8 (Optional) If you have a vCloud Director 1.5.x setup, enter the corresponding vCloud Director database-related information, and click Next.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Option</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Database Type</td>
<td>The type of database used to create the vCloud Director database. The permissible values are ORACLE and SQL Server.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Database URL</td>
<td>The IP address of the system on which the vCloud Director database is installed. The database URL can be in any of the following formats: IP Address Host Name You can also specify a well formed JDBC URL that starts with 'jdbc' and contains the database name. If you want to connect to a SQL Server vCloud Director database by using Windows Authentication, then you must provide a JDBC URL of the following form: jdbc:sqlserver://;servername={hostname};databasename={dbname};integratedSecurity=true The Windows user account used to log in to the vCloud Director database is same as the domain user credentials used for running the installer.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Database Port</td>
<td>(Optional) The port on which the database service is listening for requests. If the port number is not specified, the installer uses the default port. You must specify the TNS listener port if you are not using the default port 1521.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Database Name</td>
<td>Name of the database in which vCloud Director stores the application-specific data. This must be the service name and not the SID.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Database Username</td>
<td>The name of the database user. The database user must have privileges to read the vCloud Director database objects. If you have provided a JDBC URL with Windows Authentication for an SQL Server database, this database user account is not used for logging in to the database. However, you must provide the database user account information.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Database Password</td>
<td>Password for the user name that you have provided.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

If the installer successfully connects to the database, the next screen is displayed.

9 Enter the password for the vCenter Chargeback Manager administrative account and click Next. You must provide the correct password for the data collector to call the vCenter Chargeback Manager APIs.

10 Review the information displayed on the Pre-Installation Summary screen, and click Install. The installer starts installing the data collector. A dialog window stating that you must add the vCenter Servers in your vCloud Director setup to vCenter Chargeback Manager is displayed. Click OK. If the installation is successful, the URL for accessing vCenter Chargeback Manager is displayed.

11 Note this URL, and click Done.

NOTE If the installation fails, the uninstaller starts automatically and removes all the components installed.

What to do next

After you install a vCloud Director data collector instance, the vCloud Director data collector service starts and runs automatically. You can manually start and stop the service from the Start > Programs > VMware > VMware vCenter Chargeback menu.
Install vShield Manager Data Collector

If you integrate a vCenter Chargeback Manager instance with a vCloud Director instance, you must have a vShield Manager data collector instance installed and running to fetch the network statistics from vShield Manager.

You can install a vShield Manager data collector instance along with vCenter Chargeback Manager or separately using the vShield Manager data collector installer. The installer can be downloaded from vCenter Chargeback Manager by clicking Download vShield Manager Data Collector from the Tools menu on the top-right corner.

If you install more than one instance of the vShield Manager data collector, ensure that you provide the same vCenter Chargeback Manager database the when installing each instance. Also, the vCenter Chargeback Manager database information provided must be same as the one provided when installing the vCloud Director data collector.

Although you can install more than one vShield Manager data collector instance, only one instance interacts with the vCenter Chargeback Manager database at any given point of time. Another data collector instance is used only in the case of a failover.

Prerequisites

Before you start the installation, ensure that the system time of the machine on which the data collector is being installed is the same as the vCenter Chargeback Manager and vCenter Chargeback Manager database system time. That is, the system time of all these machines are in sync.

The vShield Manager data collector can run jobs successfully only if an instance of the vCloud Director data collector is installed and running. You must, therefore, ensure that at least one instance of the vCloud Director data collector is running.

Procedure

1. Run the vCenter-VSM-DC.exe file.
2. Click Next on the Introduction screen.
3. Accept the end-user license agreement, and click Next.
   
   If the installer detects an individually installed vCloud Director data collector instance, you are provided with an option to create a new instance or upgrade the existing instance.
4. Select Create New Data Collector, provide a name for the data collector instance, and click Next.
   
   The default name is vShield Manager DataCollector. Ensure that the data collector instance name contains only ASCII characters and starts with "vShield Manager DataCollector."
5. Provide the path for the installation directory, and click Next.
   
   If the specified installation directory exists, ensure that it is empty. If the specified installation directory does not exist, the installer creates the directory. The install path must contain at least one folder. You cannot provide only the drive name. Also, the directory path must contain only ASCII characters.
6 Provide the details of the vCenter Chargeback Manager database that the data collector must synchronize with the vCloud Director database, and click Next.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Option</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Database Type</td>
<td>The type of database used to create the vCenter Chargeback Manager database. This can be either SQL SERVER or ORACLE.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Database URL</td>
<td>The IP address or host name of the system on which the vCenter Chargeback Manager database is installed. For an SQL Server database, you can also provide the vCenter Chargeback Manager database instance name. The database instance name must contain only ASCII characters. For Oracle Database, the database URL can be in any of the following formats: IP Address Host Name. For SQL Server, the database URL can be in any of the following formats: IP Address Host Name IP Address\Database Instance Name Host Name\Database Instance Name. You can also specify a well formed JDBC URL that starts with 'jdbc' and contains the database name.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Database Port</td>
<td>(Optional) The port on which the database service is listening for requests. If the port number is not specified, the installer uses the default port. For an Oracle database, you must specify the TNS listener port if you are not using the default port 1521. For an SQL Server database, specify the database instance port if you are using a static port.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Database Name</td>
<td>Name of the database in which vCenter Chargeback Manager stores the application-specific data. For Oracle Database, ensure that you provide the service name and not the SID.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SQL Authentication Mode</td>
<td>This option is applicable only for SQL Server databases. For an SQL Server database, the authentication type can be either SQL Server Authentication or Windows Authentication.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Database Username</td>
<td>The name of the database user. The database user must have privileges to create and delete schema, as well as read from and write to the database. If you select Windows Authentication for SQL Authentication Mode, you must provide the Windows user account name. The user name must be of the form DomainName\UserName. Also, the user must have the Log on as a service permission.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Database Password</td>
<td>Password for the user name that you have provided. If you select Windows Authentication as the authentication type, you must provide the password for the Windows user account. Ensure that the Windows user account password does not contain any special characters. The installer might fail if the password contains special characters.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

If the installer connects to the database and detects a vCenter Chargeback Manager schema, a dialog window is displayed. Click Continue.

7 Enter the password for the vCenter Chargeback Manager administrative account and click Next.

You must provide the correct password for the data collector to call the vCenter Chargeback Manager APIs.

8 Review the information displayed on the Pre-Installation Summary screen, and click Install.

The installer starts installing the data collector. If the installation is successful, the URL for accessing vCenter Chargeback Manager is displayed.

9 Note this URL, and click Done.

**NOTE** If the installation fails, the uninstaller starts automatically and removes all the components installed.
What to do next

After you install a vShield Manager data collector instance, the vShield Manager data collector service starts and runs automatically. You can manually start and stop the service from the Start > Programs > VMware > VMware vCenter Chargeback menu.

Upgrade Data Collectors

Upgrading a vCenter Chargeback Manager instance does not automatically upgrade the standalone data collector instances associated with it. You must manually upgrade each such data collector instance.

If you have multiple individually installed data collector instances, including vCloud Director data collector and vShield Manager data collector, on the same or different machines, you must upgrade each such data collector instance separately.

Prerequisites

Before you upgrade a data collector instance, ensure that you upgrade the corresponding vCenter Chargeback Manager instance.

Procedure

1. Run the vCenter-CB-DC.exe file.
2. Click Next on the Introduction screen.
3. Accept the end-user license agreement, and click Next.
4. Select Upgrade Previously Installed Data Collector and click Next.
   Ensure that the name provided for the existing data collector is correct.
5. Click Upgrade in the Alert dialog box.
6. Click OK.
7. Review the information displayed on the Pre-Installation Summary screen, and click Install.
   The installer starts installing the data collector. If the installation is successful, the URL for accessing vCenter Chargeback Manager is displayed.
8. Note the URL, and click Done.

   NOTE If the installation fails, the uninstaller starts automatically and removes all the components installed.

What to do next

If you have installed the vCloud Director data collector and the vShield Manager data collector on a machine different from the one on which the vCenter Chargeback Manager is installed, then these data collectors are not upgraded when you upgrade vCenter Chargeback Manager. To upgrade these data collectors, download the installer for these data collectors from the upgraded vCenter Chargeback Manager and run them on the machine on which these data collectors are running. Ensure that you stop the data collector service before running the installer.
Uninstalling vCenter Chargeback Manager

You can uninstall vCenter Chargeback Manager and the corresponding components by running the uninstaller. The uninstaller removes the vCenter Chargeback Manager and the corresponding component files from the system. You can optionally choose to remove the data from the database.

If you have installed the load balancer and vCenter Chargeback Manager on different machines, then you must run the uninstaller on both the machines. Also, if you have instances of data collectors that were installed separately and not with the vCenter Chargeback Manager instance, then you must run the uninstaller to uninstall each such individually installed data collector instances.

This chapter includes the following topics:

- "Uninstall vCenter Chargeback Manager," on page 55
- "Uninstall Load Balancer," on page 56
- "Uninstall Data Collector," on page 57

Uninstall vCenter Chargeback Manager

If you do not require a vCenter Chargeback Manager instance, you can uninstall the instance.

When you uninstall a vCenter Chargeback Manager instance, the corresponding load balancer, if installed with the instance, and all the embedded data collector instances are also uninstalled. You can optionally delete the corresponding database schema and the vCenter Server plug-ins.

Prerequisites

If you want to uninstall the vCenter Chargeback Manager instance that was initially installed and is part of a cluster, you must first uninstall all the other vCenter Chargeback Manager instances in the cluster before this instance is uninstalled. That is, the vCenter Chargeback Manager instance that includes the load balancer must not be uninstalled before other instances from the cluster are uninstalled.

Procedure

1. Start the uninstaller from the Start > Programs > VMware > VMware vCenter Chargeback > Uninstall VMware vCenter Chargeback menu.

   Do not remove the application using Add/Remove Programs. The application is not removed cleanly and you might have to manually delete some files that were not deleted during the uninstall process.

2. Select the required options and click Uninstall.

   You can choose to retain the vCenter Chargeback Manager database or empty the database. Also, if you have registered the application as a vSphere Client plug-in with any of the vCenter Servers added to the application, you can choose to uninstall the plug-ins.
3 (Optional) If you chose to empty the vCenter Chargeback Manager database, click **Continue**.

4 Click **Continue** to confirm the uninstallation.

5 Click **Done**.

**What to do next**

If you uninstall an instance that is part of a cluster, ensure that you manually remove the entries corresponding to the instance from the load balancer. To remove the instance from the load balancer, run the following commands on the load balancer machine:

```
cd Installation_Directory\vCenter-CB-Tools\load-balancer\bin
ModifyLBWorkers delete Server_Instance_Name
```

*Server_Instance_Name* is the name of the vCenter Chargeback Manager instance that was provided during the installation.

**Uninstall Load Balancer**

If you installed the load balancer on a separate machine, then you must run the uninstaller to remove the load balancer.

**Procedure**

1 Start the uninstaller from the **Start > Programs > VMware > VMware vCenter Chargeback > Uninstall VMware vCenter Chargeback** menu.

   Do not remove the application using Add/Remove Programs. The application is not removed cleanly and you might have to manually delete some files that were not deleted during the uninstall process.

   The Uninstall VMware vCenter Chargeback wizard is displayed.

2 Click **Next**.

3 Provide the vCenter Chargeback Manager database information and click **Next**.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Option</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Database Type</strong></td>
<td>The type of database used to create the vCenter Chargeback Manager database. This can be either <strong>SQL SERVER</strong> or <strong>ORACLE</strong>.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Database URL</strong></td>
<td>The IP address or host name of the system on which the vCenter Chargeback Manager database is installed. For an SQL Server database, you can also provide the vCenter Chargeback Manager database instance name. The database instance name must contain only ASCII characters. For Oracle Database, the database URL can be in any of the following formats: <strong>IP Address</strong> or <strong>Host Name</strong>. For SQL Server, the database URL can be in any of the following formats: <strong>IP Address</strong> or <strong>Host Name</strong>. <strong>IP Address\Database Instance Name</strong> or <strong>Host Name\Database Instance Name</strong>. You can also specify a well formed JDBC URL that starts with 'jdbc' and contains the database name.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Database Port</strong></td>
<td>(Optional) The port on which the database service is listening for requests. If the port number is not specified, the installer uses the default port. For an Oracle database, you must specify the TNS listener port if you are not using the default port 1521. For an SQL Server database, specify the database instance port if you are using a static port.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Database Name</strong></td>
<td>Name of the database in which vCenter Chargeback Manager stores the application-specific data. For Oracle Database, ensure that you provide the service name and not the SID.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Option Description

**SQL Authentication Mode**
This option is applicable only for SQL Server databases. For an SQL Server database, the authentication type can be either **SQL Server Authentication** or **Windows Authentication**.

**Database Username**
The name of the database user. The database user must have privileges to create and delete schema, as well as read from and write to the database. If you select **Windows Authentication** for SQL Authentication Mode, you must provide the Windows user account name. The user name must be of the form DomainName\UserName. Also, the user must have the Log on as a service permission.

**Database Password**
Password for the user name that you have provided. If you select **Windows Authentication** as the authentication type, you must provide the password for the Windows user account. Ensure that the Windows user account password does not contain any special characters. The installer might fail if the password contains special characters.

4 Select the required options and click **Uninstall**.

You can choose to retain the vCenter Chargeback Manager database or empty the database. Also, if you have registered the application as a vSphere Client plug-in with any of the vCenter Servers added to the application, you can choose to uninstall the plug-ins.

5 (Optional) If you chose to empty the vCenter Chargeback Manager database, click **Continue**.

6 Click **Continue** to confirm the uninstallation.

7 Click **Done**.

---

**Uninstall Data Collector**

Each individually installed data collector instance, including the separately installed vCloud Director data collector and vShield Manager data collector instances, must be separately uninstalled.

If you installed multiple instances of the data collectors, including vCloud Director data collector and vShield Manager data collector, then you must run the uninstaller separately for each such instance to remove them.

**Procedure**

1 Start the uninstaller from the **Start > Programs > VMware > VMware vCenter Chargeback DataCollector-VC > Uninstall DataCollector-VC** menu.

   Here, the name of the individually installed data collector is DataCollector-VC.

   Do not remove the application using Add/Remove Programs. The application is not removed cleanly and you might have to manually delete some files that were not deleted during the uninstall process.

   The uninstall wizard is displayed.

2 Click **Uninstall**.

   A message dialog is displayed.

3 Click **OK**.

   If you are uninstalling a vCloud Director data collector, then a dialog stating that an instance of the vCloud Director data collector is required for the successful running of the vShield Manager data collector is displayed. Click **Continue**.

4 Click **Done**.
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