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About This Book

Use the VMware Lab Manager SOAP API Guide to develop applications that leverage Lab Manager Web service data, automate tasks, or integrate Lab Manager with other software testing tools.

Intended Audience

This guide is intended for developers who want to leverage Lab Manager data for customized testing solutions, or integrate Lab Manager and other software testing tools in their environment. For example, using the Lab Manager SOAP API lets you integrate Lab Manager with automated software testing tools, such as Mercury Quality Center.

This guide assumes you have some familiarity with:

- Virtual machine technology
- Distributed, multitiered systems concepts
- Development and testing practices
- Windows or Linux operating systems
- Web Services, SOAP, and XML

Document Feedback

VMware welcomes your suggestions for improving our documentation. If you have comments, send your feedback to:

docfeedback@vmware.com
Conventions

Table 1 illustrates the typographic conventions used in this manual.

**Table 1. Conventions Used in This Manual**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Style</th>
<th>Elements</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Blue (online only)</td>
<td>Links, cross-references, and email addresses</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Black boldface</td>
<td>User interface elements such as button names and menu items</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Monospace</td>
<td>Commands, filenames, directories, and paths</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Monospace bold</td>
<td>User input</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><em>Italic</em></td>
<td>Document titles, glossary terms, and occasional emphasis</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&lt;Name&gt;</td>
<td>Variable and parameter names</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Technical Support and Education Resources

The following sections describe the technical support resources available to you.

**Self-Service Support**

Use the VMware Technology Network (VMTN) for self-help tools and technical information:


For more information about the VMware Technology Network, go to: [http://www.vmtn.net](http://www.vmtn.net)
Online and Telephone Support

Use online support to submit technical support requests, view your product and contract information, and register your products. Go to http://www.vmware.com/support

Customers with appropriate support contracts should use telephone support for the fastest response on priority 1 issues. Go to http://www.vmware.com/support/phone_support.html

Support Offerings

Find out how VMware support offerings can help meet your business needs. Go to: http://www.vmware.com/support/services

VMware Education Services

VMware courses offer extensive hands-on labs, case study examples, and course materials designed to be used as on-the-job reference tools. For more information about VMware Education Services, go to http://mylearn1.vmware.com/mgrreg/index.cfm
Introducing VMware Lab Manager SOAP API 1

The Lab Manager Web service SOAP API provides programmatic access to the Lab Manager system. By using the secure application programming interface (API), you can connect to Lab Manager Server to automate or perform various operations.

The Lab Manager Web service SOAP API uses XML-based technologies, including Simple Object Access Protocol (SOAP) as the communication protocol and Web Services Description Language (WSDL) as the interface description language. The Lab Manager WSDL file details the available methods of the service (called “operations” in Web Services vernacular) and parameter types, as well as the SOAP endpoint for the service.

This chapter covers these topics:

- “Integrating Lab Manager with Automated Testing Tools” on page 12
- “Supported Operations” on page 12
- “Lab Manager Data Objects” on page 12
- “Standards Compliance and Compatible Development Platforms” on page 13
- “Security” on page 13
Integrating Lab Manager with Automated Testing Tools

The Lab Manager Web service SOAP API allows you to leverage Lab Manager data using the language and platform of your choice. The examples in this guide use the C# programming language and the Microsoft .NET framework, but other programming languages and development environments are also supported. If you are using a language other than C#, see the documentation on your development environment for comparable information about developing Web service applications.

In addition to extending or customizing Lab Manager by using the SOAP API, you can also integrate Lab Manager with automated testing systems. You can see an example of this integration in “Advanced Sample: Integrating Lab Manager and Quality Center” on page 21.

For more information about Lab Manager solutions, developer resources, and community resources, go to http://www.vmware.com.

Supported Operations

Using your preferred Web-enabled development environment, you can construct Web service client applications using standard Web service protocols to programmatically:

- Query for virtual machine and configuration information.
- Perform actions on machines and configurations.
- Capture, checkout, clone, delete, and deploy configurations.
- Create a LiveLink configuration URL you can email to other team members.

For detailed information about supported Web service operations, see “Lab Manager API Method Reference” on page 33.

Lab Manager Data Objects

The Lab Manager Web service SOAP API interacts with the data in your organization using objects, which are programmatic representations of the Lab Manager data. Object properties represent fields in those data entities. For example, a Lab Manager configuration is represented by a Configuration object, which has fields that represent the configuration name, configuration numeric identifier, deployment status, shared state, and more.

This document describes how to perform operations such as query, clone, capture, and deploy on Lab Manager data using the Lab Manager data objects. For detailed information, see “Lab Manager API Data Types” on page 27.
Standards Compliance and Compatible Development Platforms

The Lab Manager Web Service SOAP API complies with SOAP 1.1, WSDL 1.1, and other standards identified in the WS-I Basic Profile Version 1.1. The Lab Manager Web Service SOAP API works with current SOAP development environments that adhere to the Basic Profile Version 1.1 standards. The examples in this document use the Microsoft Visual Studio .NET 2003 development environment and the C# programming language.

NOTE Implementation differences in certain development platforms might prevent access to some or all of the features in the Lab Manager Web service SOAP API.

If you are using Visual Studio for .NET development, VMware recommends that you use Visual Studio 2003 or higher.

Security

Client applications that access the Lab Manager data in your organization are subject to the same security protections that are used in the Lab Manager Web console. Lab Manager exposes all SOAP API methods using SSL.

When accessing the SOAP API with the Web service URL, you might see an SSL certificate warning. Accept the certificate to use the API or replace the certificate with a valid signed certificate.

User Authentication

Client applications must provide valid credentials—a Lab Manager user account and password—with each Lab Manager Web service method call. The user account must have Administrator privileges on the Lab Manager Server. The Lab Manager Server authenticates these credentials.
Getting Started with the Lab Manager SOAP API

You can review introductory information about using the Lab Manager Web service SOAP API to develop an XML Web service client. An XML Web service client is any component or application that references and uses an XML Web service. This does not need to involve a client-based application. In many cases, XML Web service clients might be other Web applications, such as Web Forms or even other XML Web services.

This chapter covers these topics:

- “Requirements” on page 16
- “Obtaining and Importing the WSDL” on page 16
- “Simple and Advanced Code Samples” on page 18
Requirements

The instructions in this chapter assume that an instance of Lab Manager is installed, configured, and running on your network. Before you can start developing an application, review these requirements:

- You must know the address of the Lab Manager server instance, starting with its fully-qualified host name or IP address.
  
  For example, https://hostname.company.com/LabManager.

- You must have an account with Lab Manager Administrator privileges on the target Lab Manager server.
  
  If you are not an Administrator, have your Lab Manager Administrator set you up with a Lab Manager account.

Assuming you have an appropriate account on the Lab Manager Server, you can continue with “Obtaining and Importing the WSDL.”

Obtaining and Importing the WSDL

As with any standards-based SOAP API implementation, the Lab Manager API definition is available on the Web service as an XML-formatted WSDL file.

To obtain the WSDL, launch Internet Explorer 5.5 or higher and navigate to this URL for your Lab Manager Server:

https://<hostname>/LabManager/SOAP/LabManager.asmx?WSDL

The WSDL defines all the Lab Manager API calls and objects.

For more information on WSDL, see:

http://www.w3.org/TR/wsdl

Importing the WSDL File into Your Development Platform

After you obtain the WSDL, import it into your development environment and generate the necessary objects for use in building client Web service applications. The process depends on your development environment, programming language, and associated tools. For example, the Microsoft Visual Studio development environment handles the tasks automatically.

The next section provides an example of obtaining the WSDL and importing it in the Microsoft Visual Studio 2003. For instructions about other development platforms, see the product documentation for your platform.
Instructions for Using Microsoft Visual Studio with Lab Manager WSDL

Microsoft Visual Studio programming languages access the Lab Manager Web service API through objects that serve as proxies for their server-side counterparts.

When accessing XML Web services in managed code, a proxy class and the .NET Framework handle all of the infrastructure coding.

Before you can use the Lab Manager Web service API with Visual Studio, you must first generate the proxy class object from the WSDL file.

Visual Studio provides a wizard (“Add a Web Reference”) to connect to a Web service and generate the necessary artifacts. You can add a Web reference to an existing application or create a new application in Visual Studio.

The instructions below are specific to Microsoft Visual Studio 2003.

**To add a Web reference**

   The Visual Studio environment opens.
2. Select **New Project** to create a new project, or select **Open** to open an existing project.
3. In Visual Studio, choose **Add Web Reference** from the **Project** menu.
4. In the **URL** text box, type the URL to obtain the service description of the Lab Manager Web service:
   https://<hostname>/LabManager/SOAP/LabManager.asmx
5. Click **Go**.
   The certificate exchange between the Lab Manager server and the development environment client begins. A security alert displays the details of the certificate sent from the server.

**NOTE** The security alert messages are generated when the Lab Manager server uses the default, self-signed certificates. You can replace these certificates on the Lab Manager server with certificates purchased from Verisign, Thawte, and other certificate authorities.

6. Click **Yes** to proceed.
An alert from the Visual Studio environment might appear. Click Yes to proceed.
The Microsoft Visual Studio environment connects to the Web service endpoint
and displays the operations described in the Lab Manager Web service WSDL.

7 Select the text in the Web reference name text box and rename the Web reference
to LabManagerSoap, the namespace used for this Web reference.
“LabManagerSoap” is one word, without spaces.
8 Click Add Reference to complete the process.
A certificate warning message might appear. Click Yes.
9 Click Yes again to proceed.
For more information, see the “Adding and Removing Web References” topic in
the Visual Studio documentation.

Visual Studio retrieves the service description and generates a proxy class
(LabManagerSoap) that serves as an interface to the Lab Manager Web service from
your application. At the end of the process, the class gets added to the Web References
folder of the project. (Click Solution Explorer to see LabManagerSoap listed in the Web
References folder.)

With this basic setup task completed, you can build client applications that use the
Lab Manager Web Service SOAP API. The fastest way to become familiar with the API
is by walking through the code sample listed in the next section.

Simple and Advanced Code Samples

This section contains two code samples—one simple and one more complex—written
in C# using the Microsoft Visual Studio 2003 IDE.

Assuming that you have a Lab Manager instance running, your programming
environment is set up, and you have the appropriate permissions on the Lab Manager
server (see “Requirements” on page 16), you can test basic API programming
connectivity between your development workstation and your Lab Manager Web
service by using the “Simple C# Console Application.” Copy the code listing displayed
in the next section, and paste it into your Microsoft Visual Studio 2003 environment.

NOTE VMware assumes you are familiar with basic programming concepts and
already have a programming development environment set up on your computer. If
you are using a programming language other than C# and a Web services development
environment other than Microsoft Visual Studio 2003, see the appropriate
documentation for more information.
Chapter 2 Getting Started with the Lab Manager SOAP API

The code performs several simple tasks. The first two tasks (binding to the Web service and providing credentials) are typically required of any application that makes calls to a Lab Manager Web service:

- Binds to the Lab Manager Web Service SOAP API.
- Sets up the user name and password for making a SOAP call.
- Sets up the ServicePointManager certificate policy to accept the SSL certificate. You must set up the certificate policy to accept all certificates to connect to the API.
- Makes a call to get a configuration object based on name.
- Displays all configuration fields in the console.

Simple C# Console Application

```csharp
using System;
using System.Net;

namespace LMConsoleApplication1
{
    class Class1
    {
        /// <summary>
        /// The main entry point for the application.
        /// </summary>
        [STAThread]
        static void Main(string[] args)
        {
            try
            {
                //** Bind to the Lab Manager SOAP API Web Service
                LabManagerSoap.VMwareLabManagerSOAPInterface binding =
                new LabManagerSoap.VMwareLabManagerSOAPInterface();
                //** Enter the URL for your system here
                //
                binding.Url = "https://10.6.1.248/LabManager/SOAP/LabManager.asmx;"
                binding.Timeout = 10 * 60 * 1000; // 10 minutes
                ServicePointManager.CertificatePolicy = new
                CertificateAccepter();
                //**
                //** Allocate AuthenticationHeader object to hold caller's
                //** username and password
```
binding.AuthenticationHeaderValue = new LabManagerSoap.AuthenticationHeader();

//** Substitute a real user's username and password here
// binding.AuthenticationHeaderValue.username = "jaya";
// binding.AuthenticationHeaderValue.password = "Lab Manager";

//** Call GetSingleConfigurationByName()
//** Get default configuration that comes with Lab Manager
//** installation and write all property values to console
//**
LabManagerSoap.Configuration defCfg = binding.GetSingleConfigurationByName("Sample 1");

//** Print out all configuration properties to the Console
//
Console.WriteLine("Name = " + defCfg.name);
Console.WriteLine("ID = " + defCfg.id.ToString());
Console.WriteLine("Description = " + defCfg.description);
Console.WriteLine("isPublic = " +
    defCfg.isPublic.ToString());
Console.WriteLine("isDeployed = " +
    defCfg.isDeployed.ToString());
Console.WriteLine("fenceMode = " +
    defCfg.fenceMode.ToString());
Console.WriteLine("type = " + defCfg.type.ToString());
Console.WriteLine("owner = " + defCfg.owner);
Console.WriteLine("dateCreated = " +
    defCfg.dateCreated.ToString());
Console.ReadLine();

} catch (Exception e)
{
    Console.WriteLine("Error: " + e.Message);
    Console.ReadLine();
}

} /// end Main
} /// end Class1

/// <summary>
/// This class is needed to automatically accept the SSL certificate
/// the Lab Manager sends on each API call.
/// </summary>

{
}
public CertificateAccepter() {}

public bool CheckValidationResult(
    System.Net.ServicePoint servicePoint,
    System.Net.WebRequest webRequest, int iProblem)
{
    return true;
}
}

Advanced Sample: Integrating Lab Manager and Quality Center

The C# .NET example in this section is a more extensive—and more practical—example of using the Lab Manager SOAP API. This sample shows the integration of the Lab Manager SOAP API calls with Mercury Interactive Corporation Quality Center product. The sample code performs these tasks:

- Makes Lab Manager API (Lab Manager SOAP API) calls to check out a configuration from the library and deploy it.
- Runs a series of predefined tests on the deployed configuration using Mercury Quality Center.
- Makes Lab Manager SOAP API calls to capture the configuration and undeploy it from the Workspace.

These tasks are accomplished in the sample code by means of these three methods:

- The `CheckoutDeployConfiguration()` method (page 24) obtains the configuration from the library and deploys it to the Lab Manager Workspace.
- The `RunQCTestset()` method (page 23) runs a series of predefined Mercury Interactive Quality Center tests. (For more information about the predefined tests, see the Mercury Interactive Quality Center documentation.)
- The `CaptureUndeployConfiguration()` method (page 25) undeploys the configuration and captures it to the library.

In addition, the `GetLMAPI()` method (see code on page 26) creates a new binding to the Lab Manager API and sets up authentication parameters. This method configures the certificate policy for the .NET service point manager to accept any certificate programmatically. `GetLMAPI()` returns an instance of the Lab Manager binding.

```csharp
using System;
using System.Configuration;
using System.Collections.Specialized;
```
using System.IO;
using System.Net;
using TDAPIOLELib; //** From Mercury Quality Center

namespace MATRun
{
    /// <summary>
    /// Class1 comprises methods to check out configurations from the Lab
    /// Manager library and deploy to the workspace; execute several tests;
    /// and capture a configuration.
    /// </summary>
    class Class1
    {
        /// <summary>
        /// The main entry point for the application.
        /// </summary>
        [STAThread]
        static void Main(string[] args)
        {
            NameValueCollection settings = ConfigurationSettings.AppSettings;
            string filename = null;
            string buildlocation = null;
            string buildversion = null;

            if (args.Length > 0)
            {
                buildlocation = args[0];
                buildversion = args[1];
            }

            if (buildlocation == null)
            {
                buildlocation = "/fs.labmanger.com/public\build\outputdir\1423\artifacts";
                buildversion = "Lab Manager-2.0.4018";
            }

            filename = @"\\fs.labmanger.com\public\build\build-to-test.bat";
            StreamWriter f = new StreamWriter(filename);
            f.WriteLine(String.Format(@"xcopy {0}\setup.exe c:\ /Y", buildlocation));
            f.Close();
            Console.WriteLine(String.Format("Testing {0} at location {1}", buildversion, buildlocation));

            string config = CheckoutDeployConfiguration(buildversion);
        }
    }
}
RunQCTestset();
CaptureUndeployConfiguration(config);
}

} /// End Main() method

//
///** Initialize parameters
//****
static string library_config = "ProofOfBuild-R2";
static string storage_server = "LM Server";
static string perform_capture = "Yes";
static string soap_server = "LM Server";

///<summary>
/// The RunQCTestset() method executes a series of pre-defined
/// tests using Mercury Interactive's Quality Center product.
///</summary>
static void RunQCTestset()
{
    string server = "https://demo12.Lab Manager.com/qcbin";
    string domain = "Lab Manager_SYSTEMS";
    string project = "Snapshot_20";
    string username = "jaya";
    string password = "Lab Manager";
    string host = "10.6.1.34";
    string chosenTestSet = "Install_Verify";

    TDConnection tdc = new TDConnection();
    tdc.InitConnection(server, domain, "");
    tdc.ConnectProjectEx(domain, project, username, password);
    if ( tdc.Connected)
    {
        TestSetFactory testSetFactory
            =(TestSetFactory)tdc.TestSetFactory;
        List testSetList;
        testSetList = testSetFactory.NewList("");
        foreach ( TestSet testSet in testSetList)
        {
            if ( testSet.Name.ToUpper() == chosenTestSet.ToUpper())
            {
                Console.WriteLine("Scheduling " + testSet.Name);
                TSScheduler sched = (TSScheduler)
                    testSet.StartExecution(host);
                sched.RunAllLocally = false;
                sched.Run(null);
                ExecutionStatus status = (ExecutionStatus)
                    sched.ExecutionStatus;
                while ( status.Finished == false )
                    {...}
System.Threading.Thread.Sleep(30);
status.RefreshExecStatusInfo(null, true);

// results
TDAPIOLELib.TSTestFactory tsf;
tsf = (TSTestFactory) testSet.TSTestFactory;
TDAPIOLELib.List testlist;
testlist = tsf.NewList("");
foreach ( TSTest test in testlist)
{
    TDAPIOLELib.Run r= (Run) test.LastRun;
    if (r != null)
    {
        Console.WriteLine(test.Name + " " + r.Name
        + " " +
        r.Status.ToString());
    }
} //** end foreach
break;

} /*** end if
} //** end foreach
} //** end if
} //** end end RunQCTestset

///<summary>
///The CheckoutDeployConfiguration() method obtains the configuration
///from the Lab Manager Library and deploys it to the Lab Manager
///Workspace.
///</summary>

static string CheckoutDeployConfiguration( string version)
{
    //
    ///** Check out a configuration and deploy it on the Managed
    /// Server pool
    string srcconfig = "ProofOfBuild-R2"; //** Configuration name
    System.DateTime time = System.DateTime.Now;
    string configname = version + "." +
    time.ToString().Replace(" ", "." ).Replace("/", "-" );
    //
    ///** Bind to Lab Manager SOAP Web Service
    //
    LabManagerSoap.VMwareLabManagerSOAPInterface binding = GetLMAPI();
    //
Chapter 2  Getting Started with the Lab Manager SOAP API

///** Get configuration information -- Configuration object
//
LabManagerSoap.Configuration config =
    binding.GetSingleConfigurationByName(srcconfig); Console.WriteLine("Checkout configuration "+ srcconfig);

///** Check configuration out of Configuration Library and
///** name it(configname)
///
int newCheckoutID = binding.ConfigurationCheckout(config.id,
    configname);
Console.WriteLine("Deploy configuration "+ srcconfig);

///** Deploy Configuration
///** false = Do not run images from Managed Server
///** 1 = Fenced mode, traffic blocked in and out
///
    binding.ConfigurationDeploy(newCheckoutID, false, 1);
    Console.WriteLine("Deploy is completed"); return configname;
}

///<summary>
/// The CaptureUndeployConfiguration() method saves the configuration
/// to the Lab Manager Library and un-deploys it from the workspace.
///</summary>
static void CaptureUndeployConfiguration(string configname)
{
    //
    ///** Bind to Lab Manager SOAP Web Service
    //
    LabManagerSoap.VMwareLabManagerSOAPInterface binding = GetLMAPI();
    LabManagerSoap.Configuration config =
        binding.GetSingleConfigurationByName(configname);
    if ( perform_capture.Equals("Yes") )
    {
        Console.WriteLine("Capture configuration "+ configname);
        int newConfigCaptureID = binding.ConfigurationCapture(config.id,
            configname);
    }
    Console.WriteLine("Undeploy configuration "+ configname);
    binding.ConfigurationUndeploy(config.id);
    Console.WriteLine("Undeploy is completed");
}

///<summary>
///The GetLMAPI() method creates a new binding to the Lab Manager API
/// and sets up authentication and other basic parameters. This method
/// returns a CertificateAcceptor object.
/// </summary>

static LabManagerSoap.VMwareLabManagerSOAPInterface GetLMAPI()
{
    // ** Bind to SOAP interface
    //
    LabManagerSoap.VMwareLabManagerSOAPInterface binding = new
    LabManagerSoap.VMwareLabManagerSOAPInterface();
    // ** Allocate caller login object
    //
    binding.AuthenticationHeaderValue = new
    LabManagerSoap.AuthenticationHeader();
        "https://demo44.VMware.com");
    binding.AuthenticationHeaderValue.username = "jaya";
    binding.AuthenticationHeaderValue.password = "vlm";
    binding.Timeout = 10 * 60 * 1000; // 10 minutes
    ServicePointManager.CertificatePolicy = new CertificateAccepter();
    return binding; // ** return binding reference
}

/// <summary>
/// The CertificateAccepter class automatically accepts the SSL
/// certificate sent by Lab Manager with each API call from a client
/// application.
/// </summary>

{
    public CertificateAccepter() {}

    public bool CheckValidationResult(
        System.Net.ServicePoint servicePoint,
        System.Net.WebRequest webRequest, int iProblem)
    {
        return true;
    }

    // end CertificateAccepter class declaration
} // end namespace declaration
This chapter covers these topics about Lab Manager API data types:

- “Primitive XML Data Types” on page 28
- “Lab Manager Data Types” on page 28
- “AuthenticationHeader” on page 29
- “Configuration” on page 30
- “Machine” on page 30
Primitive XML Data Types

Lab Manager SOAP API data types are based on the primitive XML data types shown in Table 3-1.

Table 3-1. Primitive XML Data Types in the Lab Manager SOAP API

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Value</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>xsd:Boolean</td>
<td>A logical value, including true, false, 0, and 1.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>xsd:date</td>
<td>Date values.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>xsd:dateTime</td>
<td>Date/time values (timestamps).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>xsd:double</td>
<td>Numeric value that corresponds to the IEEE double-precision 64-bit floating point type defined in the standard IEEE 754-1985.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>xsd:int</td>
<td>Numeric value from -2147483648 to 2147483647.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>xsd:string</td>
<td>Any character data.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

These primitive types are the building blocks for the Lab Manager data types used in making Lab Manager API calls.

Lab Manager Data Types

When writing your client application, follow the data typing rules defined for your programming language and development environment. Your development tool handles the mapping of typed data in your programming language with these SOAP data types.

The Lab Manager data types are defined in the Lab Manager WSDL file. For each type, this chapter lists its properties and description.

Table 3-2. Lab Manager SOAP API Data Types

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Data Type</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>AuthenticationHeader</td>
<td>Contains the user name and password of the caller. This data type is part of every SOAP header in Lab Manager Web Service methods.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Configuration</td>
<td>Configuration object.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Machine</td>
<td>Machine object.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
**AuthenticationHeader**

This data structure passes the user name and password of the caller in all Lab Manager Web service SOAP API methods.

**Supported API Calls**

All

**Fields**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Field</th>
<th>Data Type</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>username</td>
<td>string</td>
<td>Lab Manager account user name.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>password</td>
<td>string</td>
<td>Lab Manager account password.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Sample Usage: C#**

```csharp
/**
 ** Visual Studio Console application in C#
 ** LMsoap = web reference name for LM Web service
 ** Set up login code for all LM Web service method calls
 **
 */
try {
    LabManagerSoap.VMwareLabManagerSOAPinterface binding = new LabManagerSoap.VMwareLabManagerSOAPinterface();
    binding.AuthenticationHeaderValue = new LabManagerSoap.AuthenticationHeader();
    binding.AuthenticationHeaderValue.username = "hedley";
    binding.AuthenticationHeaderValue.password = "Lab Manager";
    ServicePointManager.CertificatePolicy = new CertificateAccepter();
}
catch (Exception e) {
    Console.WriteLine("Error: " + e.Message);
    Console.ReadLine();
}
```
Configuration

This data structure exists for each configuration in the Lab Manager configuration library or Workspace. A configuration is a group of virtual machines (and its operating systems, applications, and data) which Lab Manager controls as a single unit.

An integer ID field uniquely identifies a configuration. Configuration names are not guaranteed to be unique.

**Table 3-4. Configuration Fields**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Field</th>
<th>Data Type</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>id</td>
<td>int</td>
<td>Configuration identifier.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>name</td>
<td>string</td>
<td>Configuration name.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>description</td>
<td>string</td>
<td>Configuration description.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>isPublic</td>
<td>boolean</td>
<td>True if others can view and access; false if not.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>isDeployed</td>
<td>boolean</td>
<td>True if deployed; false if not deployed.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| fenceMode   | int       | 1 = Not fenced.  
2 = Fenced—Block traffic in and out.  
3 = Fenced—Allow traffic out only.  
4 = Fenced—Allow traffic in and out. |
| type        | int       | Configuration type: 1 = Workspace configurations, 2 = library configurations. |
| owner       | string    | Owner user name.                                 |
| dateCreated | dateTime  | Configuration creation date.                     |

Machine

This data structure exists for each virtual machine in the configuration library or Workspace of Lab Manager. An integer ID field uniquely identifies a machine. Machine names are not guaranteed to be unique except within a configuration.

**Table 3-5. Machine Fields**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Field</th>
<th>Data Type</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>id</td>
<td>int</td>
<td>Machine identifier.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>name</td>
<td>string</td>
<td>Machine name.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>description</td>
<td>string</td>
<td>Machine description.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>internalIP</td>
<td>string</td>
<td>Permanent assigned IP address.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>externalIP</td>
<td>string</td>
<td>Temporary IP address when inside the fence.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Field</td>
<td>Data Type</td>
<td>Description</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-----------</td>
<td>-----------</td>
<td>------------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>status</td>
<td>int</td>
<td>1=Off, 2=On, 3=Suspended, 4=Stuck, 128=Invalid.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>isDeployed</td>
<td>boolean</td>
<td>True if deployed</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
This section contains information about Lab Manager Web service methods and how to call them using C# .NET code samples.

Table 4-1. Lab Manager Web Service SOAP API Methods

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Method</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>“ConfigurationCapture” on page 35</td>
<td>Captures a Workspace configuration and saves it to a specified Lab Manager storage server.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>“ConfigurationCheckout” on page 36</td>
<td>Checks out a configuration from the configuration library and moves it to the Workspace.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>“ConfigurationClone” on page 38</td>
<td>Clones a configuration active in the Workspace and saves it to storage.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>“ConfigurationDelete” on page 39</td>
<td>Deletes a configuration from the Workspace.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>“ConfigurationDeploy” on page 40</td>
<td>Deploys a configuration in the Workspace.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>“ConfigurationPerformAction” on page 41</td>
<td>Performs an action on a configuration.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>“ConfigurationSetPublicPrivate” on page 43</td>
<td>Sets the configuration state to public or private. Public configurations are accessible for others to use. Private configurations are available only for the owner.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>“ConfigurationUndeploy” on page 44</td>
<td>Undeploys a configuration from the Managed Server pool.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>“GetConfiguration” on page 45</td>
<td>Returns a Configuration object matching a configuration identifier.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Table 4-1. Lab Manager Web Service SOAP API Methods (Continued)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Method</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>&quot;GetConfigurationByName&quot; on page 47</td>
<td>Returns Configuration objects matching a configuration name. (Configuration names are not guaranteed to be unique.)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&quot;GetMachine&quot; on page 48</td>
<td>Returns a Machine object matching a machine identifier.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&quot;GetMachineByName&quot; on page 50</td>
<td>Returns a Machine object matching a machine name.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&quot;GetSingleConfigurationByName&quot; on page 51</td>
<td>Returns a single Configuration object matching a configuration name.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&quot;ListConfigurations&quot; on page 52</td>
<td>Returns an array of Configuration objects in the Workspace or configuration library.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&quot;ListMachines&quot; on page 54</td>
<td>Returns an array of Configuration objects corresponding to the numeric identifier of a configuration.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&quot;LiveLink&quot; on page 55</td>
<td>Creates a URL to a configuration that can be emailed and clicked on to recreate the configuration.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&quot;MachinePerformAction&quot; on page 57</td>
<td>Performs an action on a machine.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
ConfigurationCapture

This method captures a Workspace configuration and saves it to a specified Lab Manager storage server with a name.

Syntax

```csharp
int newConfigId = ConfigurationCapture(10, "Config10Capture");
```

Arguments

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Field</th>
<th>Data Type</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>configurationID</td>
<td>int</td>
<td>Configuration identifier.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>newLibraryName</td>
<td>string</td>
<td>Capture name.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Response

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Field</th>
<th>Data Type</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>configurationID</td>
<td>int</td>
<td>Configuration identifier of the new capture.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Sample Code: C#

```csharp
try {
    ///
    /// LabManagerSoap is the name of the web reference in Visual Studio
    ///
    LabManagerSoap.VMwareLabManagerSOAPinterface binding = new LabManagerSoap.VMwareLabManagerSOAPInterface();

    /// Create login
    binding.AuthenticationHeaderValue = new LabManagerSoap.AuthenticationHeader();
    binding.AuthenticationHeaderValue.username = "jaya";
    binding.AuthenticationHeaderValue.password = "Lab Manager";
    ServicePointManager.CertificatePolicy = new CertificateAccepter();

    /// Get Configuration object
    LabManagerSoap.Configuration Config = binding.GetSingleConfigurationByName("Config26");
}
```
```csharp
/** Get configuration identifier and deployed status from object */
int configurationId = Config.id;
bool deployed = Config.isDeployed;

/** Capture configuration if it's deployed */
if (deployed)
{
    /** Save capture with date and time stamp */
    string captureName = Config.name + DateTime.Now.ToString();
    string LMStorageServer = "LM Server";
    binding.ConfigurationCapture(configurationId, captureName);
}

catch (Exception e)
{
    Console.WriteLine("Error: " + e.Message);
    Console.ReadLine();
}
```

**ConfigurationCheckout**

This method checks out a configuration from the configuration library and moves it to the Workspace under a different name.

**Syntax**

```csharp
int result = ConfigurationCheckout(7, "Config7May10");
```

**Arguments**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Field</th>
<th>Data Type</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>configurationID</td>
<td>int</td>
<td>Numeric identifier of the configuration in the configuration library.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>workspaceName</td>
<td>string</td>
<td>Workspace name of the checked-out configuration.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Response**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Field</th>
<th>Data Type</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>workspaceID</td>
<td>int</td>
<td>Numeric identifier of the configuration in the Workspace.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
try
{
    ///** LMSoap is the name of the Web reference in Visual Studio.
    // LabManagerSoap.VMwareLabManagerSOAPInterface binding = new
    // LabManagerSoap.VMwareLabManagerSOAPInterface();
    
    ///** Create login
    // binding.AuthenticationHeaderValue = new
    // LabManagerSoap.AuthenticationHeader();
    binding.AuthenticationHeaderValue.username = "jaya";
    binding.AuthenticationHeaderValue.password = "Lab Manager";
    binding.Url =
        "https://demo18.LabManager.com/LabManager/SOAP/LabManager.asmx";
    binding.Timeout = 10 * 60 * 1000; // 10 minutes
    ServicePointManager.CertificatePolicy = new CertificateAccepter();
    
    ///** Get Configuration object
    // LabManagerSoap.Configuration Config =
    //     binding.GetSingleConfigurationByName("Win2K3Exchange");
    int configurationId = Config.id;
    
    ///** Timestamp library configuration name as new Workspace name
    // string checkoutName=Config.name + DateTime.Now.ToString();
    
    ///** Check out and move to Workspace
    // int newConfigID = binding.ConfigurationCheckout(Config.id,
    // checkoutName);
    Console.WriteLine("New Config ID=" + newConfigID.ToString());
    Console.ReadLine();
}
catch (Exception e)
{
    Console.WriteLine("Error="+e.Message);
    Console.ReadLine();
}
**ConfigurationClone**

This method clones a Workspace configuration, saves it in a storage server, and makes it visible in the Workspace under the new name.

**Syntax**

```csharp
int result = ConfigurationClone(6, "Config6Clone");
```

**Arguments**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Field</th>
<th>Data Type</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>configurationId</td>
<td>int</td>
<td>Numeric identifier of the configuration in the configuration library.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>newWorkspaceName</td>
<td>string</td>
<td>Workspace name of the clone.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Response**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Field</th>
<th>Data Type</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>workspaceId</td>
<td>int</td>
<td>Numeric identifier of the new Workspace configuration.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Sample Code: C#**

```csharp
try {
    //**
    //** LabManagerSoap is the name of the web reference in Visual Studio
    //**
    LabManagerSoap.VMwareLabManagerSOAPInterface binding = new LabManagerSoap.VMwareLabManagerSOAPInterface();

    //** Create login
    binding.AuthenticationHeaderValue = new LabManagerSoap.AuthenticationHeader();
    binding.AuthenticationHeaderValue.username = "jaya";
    binding.AuthenticationHeaderValue.password = "Lab Manager";
    ServicePointManager.CertificatePolicy = new CertificateAccepter();

    //** Clone Configuration
    int newConfigId = binding.ConfigurationClone(24, "ClonedConfig24");
    Console.WriteLine("New Config ID=" + newConfigId.ToString());
}
```
ConfigurationDelete

This method deletes a configuration from the Workspace. You cannot delete a deployed configuration.

Syntax

ConfigurationDelete(6);

Arguments

Table 4-8. Arguments

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Field</th>
<th>Data Type</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>configurationID</td>
<td>int</td>
<td>Numeric identifier of the Workspace configuration.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Response

none

Sample Code: C#

try
{
    LabManagerSoap.VMwareLabManagerSOAPInterface binding = new LabManagerSoap.VMwareLabManagerSOAPInterface();

    //** Create login
    binding.AuthenticationHeaderValue = new LabManagerSoap.AuthenticationHeader();
    binding.AuthenticationHeaderValue.username = "jaya";
    binding.AuthenticationHeaderValue.password = "Lab Manager";
    ServicePointManager.CertificatePolicy = new CertificateAccepter();

    //** Get Configuration object
    LabManagerSoap.Configuration Config=binding.GetSingleConfigurationByName( "Config24");

    //** Get configuration identifier and deployed status from object
    int configurationId = Config.id;
    bool deployed = Config.isDeployed;

    catch (Exception e)
    {
        Console.WriteLine("Error: " + e.Message);
        Console.ReadLine();
    }
```csharp
//** Delete configuration if it isn't deployed
if (!deployed)
{
    binding.ConfigurationDelete(configurationId);
}
else
{
    //**
    //** Must undeploy configuration before deleting it
    //**
    binding.ConfigurationUndeploy(configurationId);
    binding.ConfigurationDelete(configurationId);
}
}
catch (Exception e)
{
    Console.WriteLine("Error: " + e.Message);
    Console.ReadLine();
}

ConfigurationDeploy

This method allows you to deploy an undeployed configuration which resides in the Workspace.

Syntax

    ConfigurationDeploy(6, false, 1);

Arguments

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Field</th>
<th>Data Type</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>configurationID</td>
<td>int</td>
<td>Numeric identifier of the configuration in the Workspace.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>isCached</td>
<td>boolean</td>
<td>Always set a false value.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>isFenced</td>
<td>int</td>
<td>1 = Not fenced. 2 = Fenced — Block traffic in and out. 3 = Fenced — Allow traffic out only. 4 = Fenced — Allow traffic in and out.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Response

none
Sample Code: C#

```csharp
try
{
    LabManagerSoap.VMwareLabManagerSOAPInterface binding = new LabManagerSoap.VMwareLabManagerSOAPInterface();

    /** Create login
    binding.AuthenticationHeaderValue = new LabManagerSoap.AuthenticationHeader();
    binding.AuthenticationHeaderValue.username = "jaya";
    binding.AuthenticationHeaderValue.password = "Lab Manager";
    ServicePointManager.CertificatePolicy = new CertificateAccepter();

    /** Get Configuration object
    LabManagerSoap.Configuration Config = binding.GetSingleConfigurationByName("Config24");

    /** Get configuration identifier and deployed status from object
    int configurationId = Config.id;
    bool deployed = Config.isDeployed;

    /** Deploy configuration if it isn't already.
    if (!deployed)
    {
        /** Deploy in fenced mode and run from Managed Servers
        binding.ConfigurationDeploy(configurationId, true, 1);
    }
}
catch (Exception e)
{
    Console.WriteLine("Error: " + e.Message);
    Console.ReadLine();
}
```

**ConfigurationPerformAction**

This method performs one of the following configuration actions as indicated by the action identifier:

- 1—Power On. Turns on a configuration.
- 2—Power Off. Turns off a configuration. Nothing is saved.
- 3—Suspend. Freezes the CPU and state of a configuration.
- 4—Resume. Resumes a suspended configuration.
- 5—Reset. Reboots a configuration.
6—Snapshot. Saves a configuration state at a specific point in time.
7—Revert. Returns the configuration to a snapshot state.
8—Shutdown. Shuts down a configuration before turning it off.

**Syntax**

```csharp
ConfigurationPerformAction(int configurationID, int action);
```

**Arguments**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Field</th>
<th>Data Type</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>configurationID</td>
<td>int</td>
<td>Configuration identifier.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>action</td>
<td>int</td>
<td>Action to take on the configuration.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Response**

none

**Sample Code: C#**

```csharp
try
{
    LabManagerSoap.VMwareLabManagerSOAPInterface binding = new LabManagerSoap.VMwareLabManagerSOAPInterface();
    binding.AuthenticationHeaderValue = new LabManagerSoap.AuthenticationHeader();
    binding.AuthenticationHeaderValue.username = "jaya";
    binding.AuthenticationHeaderValue.password = "Lab Manager";
    ServicePointManager.CertificatePolicy = new CertificateAccepter();

    int configurationType = 1; //** Get workspace configuration

    //** Get array of all configurations
    //**
    LabManagerSoap.Configuration[] configurations = binding.ListConfigurations(configurationType);

    //**
    //** Loop through all configurations.
    //**
    for (int j=0; j < configurations.Length; j++)
    {
```
binding.ConfigurationPerformAction(configurations[j].id, 4/*Resume*/);
}
}
}  
catch (Exception e)
{
    Console.WriteLine("Error: " + e.Message);
    Console.ReadLine();
}

ConfigurationSetPublicPrivate

Use this call to set the state of a configuration to “public” or “private.” If the configuration state is public, others are able to access this configuration. If the configuration is private, only its owner can view it.

Syntax

ConfigurationSetPublicPrivate(10, false);

Arguments

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Field</th>
<th>Data Type</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>configurationID</td>
<td>int</td>
<td>Configuration identifier.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>isPublic</td>
<td>boolean</td>
<td>true = public, false = private.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Response

none

Sample Code: C#

try {
    //** LabManagerSoap is the name of the web reference in Visual Studio
    // LabManagerSoap.VMwareLabManagerSOAPInterface binding = new
    LabManagerSoap.VMwareLabManagerSOAPInterface();

    //** Create login
    binding.AuthenticationHeaderValue = new
    LabManagerSoap.AuthenticationHeader();
    binding.AuthenticationHeaderValue.username = "jaya";
}

VMware, Inc.  43
binding.AuthenticationHeaderValue.password = "Lab Manager";
ServicePointManager.CertificatePolicy = new CertificateAccepter();

/** Get Configuration object */
LabManagerSoap.Configuration Config =
    binding.GetSingleConfigurationByName("Config24");

/** Get configuration identifier and shared status from object */
bool shared = Config.isPublic;

/** Make configuration public if it isn't already. */
if (!shared)
{
    binding.ConfigurationSetPublicPrivate(Config.id, true);
}

} catch (Exception e)
{
    Console.WriteLine("Error: " + e.Message);
    Console.ReadLine();
}

ConfigurationUndeploy

Undeploys a configuration in the Workspace.

Syntax

ConfigurationUndeploy(10);

Arguments

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Table 4-12. Arguments</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Field</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>configurationID</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Response

none

Sample Code: C#

try
{
    LabManagerSoap.VMwareLabManagerSOAPInterface binding = new
    LabManagerSoap.VMwareLabManagerSOAPInterface();
binding.Url =
   "https://demo18.LabManager.com/LabManager/SOAP/LabManager.asmx";
binding.Timeout = 10 * 60 * 1000; // 10 minutes
ServicePointManager.CertificatePolicy = new CertificateAccepter();
binding.AuthenticationHeaderValue = new
   LabManagerSoap.AuthenticationHeaderValue();
binding.AuthenticationHeaderValue.username = "jaya";
binding.AuthenticationHeaderValue.password = "Lab Manager";
//
out* Get configurations in Workspace, not Library
//
int configurationType= 1;
LabManagerSoap.Configuration[] configurations =
   binding.ListConfigurations(configurationType);
//
out** Undeploy all deployed configurations I own
for (int i=0; i < configurations.Length; i++)
{
    if (configurations[i].owner.Equals("jaya"))
    {
        binding.ConfigurationUndeploy(configurations[i].id);
    }
}

}catch (Exception e)
{
    Console.WriteLine( "Error: " + e.Message);
    Console.ReadLine();
}

GetConfiguration

This method returns an object of type Configuration matching the configuration ID passed.

Syntax

Configuration config = GetConfiguration(10);

Table 4-13. Arguments

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Field</th>
<th>Data Type</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>configurationID</td>
<td>int</td>
<td>Configuration identifier.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Response

Table 4-14. Response

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Field</th>
<th>Data Type</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>configuration</td>
<td>Configuration</td>
<td>Configuration object matching configuration id passed.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Sample Code: C#

```csharp
try {
    //** LabManagerSoap is the name of the web reference in Visual Studio
    LabManagerSoap.VMwareLabManagerSOAPinterface binding = new
    LabManagerSoap.VMwareLabManagerSOAPinterface();

    //** Create login
    binding.AuthenticationHeaderValue = new
    LabManagerSoap.AuthenticationHeader();
    binding.AuthenticationHeaderValue.username = "jaya";
    binding.AuthenticationHeaderValue.password = "Lab Manager";
    ServicePointManager.CertificatePolicy = new CertificateAccepter();

    //** Get Configuration object
    LabManagerSoap.Configuration Config =
    binding.GetConfiguration(26);

    //** Write to the console all configuration properties
    Console.WriteLine("Config name = " + Config.name);
    Console.WriteLine("Config id = " + Config.id.ToString());
    Console.WriteLine("Config description = " + Config.description);
    Console.WriteLine("Config isPublic = " + Config.isPublic.ToString());
    Console.WriteLine("Config isDeployed = " + Config.isDeployed.ToString());
    Console.WriteLine("Config fenceMode = " + Config.fenceMode.ToString());
    Console.WriteLine("Config type = " + Config.type.ToSring());
    Console.WriteLine("Config owner = " + Config.owner);
    Console.WriteLine("Config dateCreated = " +
    Config.dateCreated.ToString());
    Console.ReadLine();
}
catch (Exception e) {
    Console.WriteLine("Error: " + e.Message);
    Console.ReadLine();
}
```
GetConfigurationByName

This call takes the name of a configuration and returns an array of configurations matching that name. Configuration names are not unique. More than one configuration with a given name can exist. If configurations with that name do not exist, an empty array is returned.

Syntax

Configuration [] config = GetConfigurationByName("Config9");

Arguments

Table 4-15. Arguments

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Field</th>
<th>Data Type</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>name</td>
<td>string</td>
<td>Configuration name.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Response

Table 4-16. Response

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Field</th>
<th>Data Type</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>configuration[]</td>
<td>Configuration</td>
<td>Array of Configuration objects with the same name.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Sample Code: C#

try {

    //** LabManagerSoap is the name of the web reference in Visual Studio
    //
    LabManagerSoap.VMwareLabManagerSOAPInterface binding = new LabManagerSoap.VMwareLabManagerSOAPInterface();
    //** Create login
    binding.AuthenticationHeaderValue = new LabManagerSoap.AuthenticationHeader();
    binding.AuthenticationHeaderValue.username = "jaya";
    binding.AuthenticationHeaderValue.password = "Lab Manager";
    ServicePointManager.CertificatePolicy = new CertificateAccepter();
    //
    //** Get Configuration objects
    //
    LabManagerSoap.Configuration [] Configs = binding.GetConfigurationByName("Config24Capture");

}
//
//  //** Write to the console all configurations and their properties.
//  //
for (int i=0; i < Configs.Length; i++)
{
    Console.WriteLine("Config name = " + Configs[i].name);
    Console.WriteLine("id = " + Configs[i].id.ToString());
    Console.WriteLine("description = " + Configs[i].description);
    Console.WriteLine("isPublic = " + Configs[i].isPublic.ToString());
    Console.WriteLine("isDeployed = " + Configs[i].isDeployed.ToString());
    Console.WriteLine("fenceMode = " + Configs[i].fenceMode.ToString());
    Console.WriteLine("type = " + Configs[i].type.ToString());
    Console.WriteLine("owner = " + Configs[i].owner);
    Console.WriteLine("dateCreated = " + Configs[i].dateCreated.ToString());
    Console.WriteLine();
}

} catch (Exception e)
{
    Console.WriteLine("Error: " + e.Message);
    Console.ReadLine();
}

GetMachine

This call takes the numeric identifier of a machine and returns its corresponding Machine object.

Syntax

Machine mach = GetMachine(10);

Arguments

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Field</th>
<th>Data Type</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>machineID</td>
<td>int</td>
<td>Machine identifier.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Response

Table 4-18. Response

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Field</th>
<th>Data Type</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>machine</td>
<td>Machine</td>
<td>Machine object matching the machine identifier.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Sample Code: C#

```csharp
try {
    LabManagerSoap.VMwareLabManagerSOAPinterface binding = new LabManagerSoap.VMwareLabManagerSOAPinterface();
    binding.AuthenticationHeaderValue = new LabManagerSoap.AuthenticationHeader();
    binding.AuthenticationHeaderValue.username = "jaya";
    binding.AuthenticationHeaderValue.password = "Lab Manager";
    ServicePointManager.CertificatePolicy = new CertificateAccepter();

    LabManagerSoap.Machine machine = binding.GetMachine(35);

    //** Write to the console all machines in configuration.
    Console.WriteLine("Machine = " + machine.name);
    Console.WriteLine("id = " + machine.id.ToString());
    Console.WriteLine("description = " + machine.description);
    Console.WriteLine("internalIP = " + machine.internalIP);
    Console.WriteLine("externalIP = " + machine.externalIP);
    Console.WriteLine("status = " + machine.status.ToString());
    Console.WriteLine("isDeployed = " + machine.isDeployed.ToString());
    Console.ReadLine();
}

catch (Exception e) {
    Console.WriteLine("Error: " + e.Message);
    Console.ReadLine();
}
```
GetMachineByName

This call takes a configuration identifier and a machine name and returns the matching Machine object.

Syntax

```csharp
Machine mach = GetMachineByName(10, "Config9VM1");
```

Arguments

Table 4-19. Arguments

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Field</th>
<th>Data Type</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>configurationId</td>
<td>int</td>
<td>Configuration identifier.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>name</td>
<td>string</td>
<td>Machine name.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Response

Table 4-20. Response

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Field</th>
<th>Data Type</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>machine</td>
<td>Machine</td>
<td>Machine Object.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Sample Code: C#

```csharp
try {
    LabManagerSoap.VMwareLabManagerSOAPinterface binding = new LabManagerSoap.VMwareLabManagerSOAPinterface();
    binding.AuthenticationHeaderValue = new LabManagerSoap.AuthenticationHeader();
    binding.AuthenticationHeaderValue.username = "jaya";
    binding.AuthenticationHeaderValue.password = "Lab Manager";
    ServicePointManager.CertificatePolicy = new CertificateAccepter();

    LabManagerSoap.Machine machine = binding.GetMachineByName(10, "Config9VM1");

    //** Write to the console all machines fields
    Console.WriteLine("Machine = " + machine.name);
    Console.WriteLine("id = " + machine.id.ToString());
    Console.WriteLine("description = " + machine.description);
    Console.WriteLine("internalIP = " + machine.internalIP);
    Console.WriteLine("externalIP = " + machine.externalIP);
    Console.WriteLine("status = " + machine.status.ToString());
}
```
Console.WriteLine("isDeployed = " + machine.isDeployed.ToString());
Console.ReadLine();
}
catch (Exception e)
{
    Console.WriteLine("Error: " + e.Message);
    Console.ReadLine();
}

GetSingleConfigurationByName

This call takes a configuration name, searches for it in both the configuration library and Workspace and returns its corresponding Configuration object. An error is returned if more than one configuration exists with that name.

Syntax

Configuration config = GetSingleConfigurationByName("Config9");

Arguments

Table 4-21. Arguments

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Field</th>
<th>Data Type</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>name</td>
<td>string</td>
<td>Configuration name.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Response

Table 4-22. Response

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Field</th>
<th>Data Type</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>configuration</td>
<td>Configuration</td>
<td>Configuration object.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Sample Code: C#

try
{
    /** LabManagerSoap is the name of the web reference in Visual Studio */
    LabManagerSoap.VMwareLabManagerSOAPInterface binding = new LabManagerSoap.VMwareLabManagerSOAPInterface();

    /** Create login */
    binding.AuthenticationHeaderValue = new LabManagerSoap.AuthenticationHeader();
    binding.AuthenticationHeaderValue.username = "jaya";
    binding.AuthenticationHeaderValue.password = "Lab Manager";
ServicePointManager.CertificatePolicy = new CertificateAccepter();

/** Get Configuration object
LabManagerSoap.Configuration Config =
    binding.GetSingleConfigurationByName("Config24Capture");

/** Write to the console all configuration properties.
Console.WriteLine("Config name = " + Config.name);
Console.WriteLine("Config id = " + Config.id.ToString());
Console.WriteLine("Config description = " + Config.description);
Console.WriteLine("Config isPublic = " + Config.isPublic.ToString());
Console.WriteLine("Config isDeployed = " + Config.isDeployed.ToString());
Console.WriteLine("Config fenceMode = " + Config.fenceMode.ToString());
Console.WriteLine("Config type = " + Config.type.ToString());
Console.WriteLine("Config owner = " + Config.owner);
Console.WriteLine("Config dateCreated = " +
       Config.dateCreated.ToString());
Console.ReadLine();
} catch (Exception e)
{
    Console.WriteLine("Error: " + e.Message);
    Console.ReadLine();
}

ListConfigurations

This method returns an array of type Configuration. Depending on configuration type
requested, one object is returned for each configuration in the configuration library or
each configuration in the Workspace.

Syntax

Configuration [] config = ListConfigurations(1);

Arguments

Table 4-23. Arguments

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Field</th>
<th>Data Type</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>configurationType</td>
<td>int</td>
<td>1= Workspace configurations, 2=Library configurations.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Response

Table 4-24. Response

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Field</th>
<th>Data Type</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>configurations[]</td>
<td>Configuration Array</td>
<td>Array of Configuration objects.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Sample Code: C#

```csharp
try
{
    //** LabManagerSoap is the name of the Web reference in Visual Studio.
    //**
    LabManagerSoap.VMwareLabManagerSOAPinterface binding = new
    LabManagerSoap.VMwareLabManagerSOAPinterface();

    //** Create login
    binding.AuthenticationHeaderValue = new
    LabManagerSoap.AuthenticationHeader();
    binding.AuthenticationHeaderValue.username = "jaya";
    binding.AuthenticationHeaderValue.password = "Lab Manager";
    ServicePointManager.CertificatePolicy = new CertificateAccepter();

    //** Get Configurations in Workspace.
    int configurationType = 1; //** 1=Workspace
    LabManagerSoap.Configuration [] WSconfigurations =
    binding.ListConfigurations(configurationType);  

    //** Write to the console all configurations
    for (int i=0; i < WSconfigurations.Length; i++)
    {
        Console.WriteLine("Configuration name = " +
                          WSconfigurations[i].name);
        Console.WriteLine("id = " + WSconfigurations[i].id.ToString());
        Console.WriteLine("description = " +
                          +WSconfigurations[i].description);
        Console.WriteLine("isPublic = " +
                          WSconfigurations[i].isPublic.ToString());
        Console.WriteLine("isDeployed = " +
                          WSconfigurations[i].isDeployed.ToString());
        Console.WriteLine("fenceMode = " +
                          WSconfigurations[i].fenceMode.ToString());
        Console.WriteLine("type = " + WSconfigurations[i].type.ToString());
        Console.WriteLine("owner = " + WSconfigurations[i].owner);
        Console.WriteLine("dateCreated = " +
                          WSconfigurations[i].dateCreated.ToString());
    } 
}
```
ListMachines

This method returns an array of type Machine. The method returns one Machine object for each virtual machine in a configuration.

Syntax

```csharp
Machine [] machines = ListMachines(1);
```

Arguments

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Field</th>
<th>Data Type</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>configurationID</td>
<td>int</td>
<td>Configuration numeric identifier.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Response

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Field</th>
<th>Data Type</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>machines</td>
<td>Machine[]</td>
<td>Array of Machine objects.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Sample Code: C#

```csharp
try {
    LabManagerSoap.VMwareLabManagerSOAPInterface binding = new LabManagerSoap.VMwareLabManagerSOAPInterface();
    binding.Url = "https://demo18.LabManager.com/LabManager/SOAP/LabManager.asmx";
    binding.Timeout = 10 * 60 * 1000; // 10 minutes
    ServicePointManager.CertificatePolicy = new CertificateAccepter();
    binding.AuthenticationHeaderValue = new LabManagerSoap.AuthenticationHeader();
    binding.AuthenticationHeaderValue.username = "jaya";
    binding.AuthenticationHeaderValue.password = "Lab Manager";
```
int configurationType = 1;

/** Get workspace configuration
LabManagerSoap.Configuration [] configurations =
  binding.ListConfigurations(configurationType);
for (int j=0; j < configurations.Length; j++)
{
  Console.WriteLine("Configuration = " +
    configurations[j].name.ToString());
  LabManagerSoap.Machine [] machines =
    binding.ListMachines(configurations[j].id);
  /** Write to the console all machines in configuration
  for (int i=0; i < machines.Length; i++)
  {
    Console.WriteLine("Machine = " + machines[i].name);
    Console.WriteLine("id = " + machines[i].id.ToString());
    Console.WriteLine("description = " + machines[i].description);
    Console.WriteLine("internalIP = " + machines[i].internalIP);
    Console.WriteLine("externalIP = " + machines[i].externalIP);
    Console.WriteLine("status = " + machines[i].status.ToString());
    Console.WriteLine("isDeployed = " +
      machines[i].isDeployed.ToString());
    Console.WriteLine();
  }
  Console.ReadLine();
}
} catch (Exception e)
{
  Console.WriteLine("Error: " + e.Message);
  Console.ReadLine();
}

**LiveLink**

This method allows you to create a LiveLink URL to a library configuration.

**Syntax**

```csharp
string url = LiveLink("LiveLinkWin2K");
```

**Arguments**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Field</th>
<th>Data Type</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>configurationName</td>
<td>string</td>
<td>The name of a library configuration.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Response

Table 4-28. Response

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Field</th>
<th>Data Type</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>URL</td>
<td>string</td>
<td>A string containing the configuration URL in the library. The URL can be sent in an email to recreate the configuration when clicked.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Sample Code: C#

```csharp
try
{
    LabManagerSoap.VMwareLabManagerSOAPInterface binding = new LabManagerSoap.VMwareLabManagerSOAPInterface();

    //** Create login
    binding.AuthenticationHeaderValue = new LabManagerSoap.AuthenticationHeader();
    binding.AuthenticationHeaderValue.username = "jaya";
    binding.AuthenticationHeaderValue.password = "Lab Manager";
    binding.Url = "https://demo18.LabManager.com/LabManager/SOAP/LabManager.asmx";
    binding.Timeout = 10 * 60 * 1000; // 10 minutes
    ServicePointManager.CertificatePolicy = new CertificateAccepter();

    //** Get Configuration object
    LabManagerSoap.Configuration Config = binding.GetSingleConfigurationByName("Win2kBEA");

    //** If configuration is deployed, livelink it
    if (Config.isDeployed)
    {
        string captureName = "Win2kBEA" + DateTime.Now.ToString();
        string url = binding.LiveLink(Config.name);
        Console.WriteLine("LiveLink URL=" + url);
        Console.ReadLine();
    }
}
catch (Exception e)
{
    Console.WriteLine("Error=" + e.Message);
    Console.ReadLine();
}
```
MachinePerformAction

This method performs one of the following machine actions as indicated by the action identifier:

- 1—Power On. Turns on a machine.
- 3—Suspend. Freezes a machine CPU and state.
- 4—Resume. Resumes a suspended machine.
- 5—Reset. Reboots a machine.
- 6—Snapshot. Save a machine state at a specific point in time.
- 7—Revert. Returns a machine to a snapshot state.
- 8—Shutdown. Shuts down a machine before turning off.

Syntax

MachinePerformAction(3);

Arguments

Table 4-29. Arguments

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Field</th>
<th>Data Type</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>machineID</td>
<td>int</td>
<td>Machine identifier.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>action</td>
<td>int</td>
<td>Action to take on the machine.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Response

none

Sample Code: C#

```csharp
try {
    LabManagerSoap.VMwareLabManagerSOAPinterface binding = new LabManagerSoap.VMwareLabManagerSOAPinterface();
    binding.AuthenticationHeaderValue = new LabManagerSoap.AuthenticationHeaderValue();
    binding.AuthenticationHeaderValue.username = "jaya";
    binding.AuthenticationHeaderValue.password = "Lab Manager";
    ServicePointManager.CertificatePolicy = new CertificateAccepter();
```
int configurationType = 1; //** Get workspace configuration

/**
/** Get array of all configurations
/**
LabManagerSoap.Configuration[] configurations =
    binding.ListConfigurations(configurationType);

/**
/** Loop through all configurations.
/**
for (int j=0; j < configurations.Length; j++)
{
    /**
    /** Get array of all machines in configurations
    /**
    LabManagerSoap.Machine[] machines =
        binding.ListMachines(configurations[j].id);
    /**
    /** Loop through all machines
    /**
    for (int i=0; i < machines.Length; i++)
    {
        /**
        /** Check status—if machine is suspended, then resume it
        /**
        if (machines[i].status == 3)
        {
            binding.MachinePerformAction(machines[i].id, 4);
        }
    }
}

catch (Exception e)
{
    Console.WriteLine("Error: " + e.Message);
    Console.ReadLine();
}
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