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About This Book

The vCenter Update Manager PowerCLI Administration Guide, provides information about installing and using the vCenter Update Manager PowerCLI 4.0 Update 1. The Update Manager PowerCLI contains cmdlets for managing software patches and baselines, and scanning and remediating virtual machines and hosts.

Intended Audience

This book is intended for administrators who need to install and use vCenter Update Manager PowerCLI 4.0 Update 1.

NOTE All vCenter Update Manager PowerCLI users are expected to be familiar with the VMware vSphere PowerCLI cmdlets, VMware vSphere administration, VMware vCenter Update Manager, and the Windows operating system. For more information about the functionality of vCenter Update Manager, see the vCenter Update Manager Administration Guide.

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The following sections describe the technical support resources available to you. To access the current version of this book and other books, go to http://www.vmware.com/support/pubs.

Online and Telephone Support

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The VMware vCenter Update Manager PowerCLI provides a set of cmdlets for downloading software patches, creating and modifying baselines, and for scanning and remediating virtual machines or hosts. These cmdlets are stored in the `VMware.VumAutomation` plug-in, and are available through the VMware vSphere PowerCLI console.

The chapter includes the following topics:

- “Installing vCenter Update Manager PowerCLI” on page 7
- “Using vCenter Update Manager PowerCLI” on page 8

## Installing vCenter Update Manager PowerCLI

You can install and use vCenter Update Manager PowerCLI on machines that have VMware vSphere PowerCLI installed and have access to a vCenter Server system. You can install Update Manager PowerCLI on a machine that does not have vCenter Update Manager or vCenter Server installed.

This section provides information about the following topics:

- “Supported Platforms” on page 7
- “Prerequisites” on page 8
- “Install vCenter Update Manager PowerCLI” on page 8
- “Uninstalling vCenter Update Manager PowerCLI” on page 8

**NOTE** To install vCenter Update Manager PowerCLI, you must have vSphere PowerCLI installed on the target machine. To obtain the vSphere PowerCLI package, go to the vSphere PowerCLI download page.

## Supported Platforms

vCenter Update Manager PowerCLI 4.0 Update 1 is supported on the 32-bit and 64-bit versions of the following Windows operating systems:

- Windows Server 2008
- Windows Vista
- Windows XP Service Pack 2
- Windows Server 2003 Service Pack 2
Prerequisites
To install and use vCenter Update Manager PowerCLI 4.0 Update 1, you must have the following software installed on the target machine:

- .NET 2.0 SP1
- Windows PowerShell 1.0 or higher
- VMware vSphere PowerCLI 4.0 Update 1

NOTE Update Manager PowerCLI 4.0 Update 1 works only with Update Manager 4.0 Update 1.

Install vCenter Update Manager PowerCLI
You can download the vCenter Update Manager PowerCLI installer package from the vCenter Update Manager section on the SDK and API download page at http://communities.vmware.com/community/developer/downloads.

To install the vCenter Update Manager PowerCLI
1. Start the vCenter Update Manager PowerCLI installer.
2. Click Next in the Welcome page to continue with the installation.
3. Read and accept the license agreement terms.
4. Click Install.
5. Click Finish to complete the installation process.

Uninstalling vCenter Update Manager PowerCLI
To uninstall the vCenter Update Manager PowerCLI from your Windows system, you can use the Add or Remove Programs utility.

Using vCenter Update Manager PowerCLI
This section explores the basics of the Update Manager PowerCLI 4.0 Update 1 cmdlets usage. It discusses the following topics:

- “Getting Started with vCenter Update Manager PowerCLI” on page 8
- “Examples of Usage of vCenter Update Manager PowerCLI Cmdlets” on page 9

Getting Started with vCenter Update Manager PowerCLI
To get started with vCenter Update Manager PowerCLI, open the vSphere PowerCLI console from the Windows Start menu or by clicking the vSphere PowerCLI shortcut icon.

You can get a list of all vCenter Update Manager PowerCLI cmdlets by running the Get-Help command with the -PSSnapin parameter:

Get-Command -PSSnapin VMware.VumAutomation

NOTE You can check the version number of the installed vCenter Update Manager PowerCLI by running the following command:

Get-PSSnapin "VMware.VumAutomation" | fl -Property Version

To find information on a specific cmdlet, run the Get-Help cmdlet with the cmdlet name. For example:

Get-Help Get-Patch
Connecting to a vCenter Server

Connect to a vCenter Server that has a vCenter Update Manager server installed on it.

To connect to a vCenter Server

1. Run `Connect-VIServer` and provide the server DNS or IP address:
   ```
   Connect-VIServer 10.23.112.234
   ```
2. When prompted, provide a user name and password to authenticate.

Examples of Usage of vCenter Update Manager PowerCLI Cmdlets

The following examples demonstrate the basic usage of the vCenter Update Manager PowerCLI cmdlets. The examples contain vSphere PowerCLI cmdlets for retrieving and managing vSphere objects. To implement the examples’ code, you must have an existing vSphere infrastructure.

Creating Patch Baselines

Patch baselines can be applied to either hosts or virtual machines. Depending on the patch criteria you select, patch baselines can be either dynamic or fixed (static). Patch data in dynamic baselines changes depending on the criteria you specify each time Update Manager downloads new patches. Fixed baselines contain only the patches you have selected, regardless of new patch downloads.

To create patch baselines

1. Retrieve all virtual machine patches released after 1st January 2009 for Windows XP, and create a fixed baseline named `Static Baseline`, containing the retrieved patches:
   ```
   $patches = Get-Patch -After "1 Jan 2009" -Product "Windows XP (x64)" -TargetType VM
   $staticBaseline = New-PatchBaseline -Static -Name "Static Baseline" -IncludePatch $patches -TargetType VM
   ```

2. Create a critical dynamic baseline named `Dynamic Baseline` by using a fetch-all query:
   ```
   $criticalPatchBaseline = New-PatchBaseline -Dynamic -Name "Dynamic Baseline" -TargetType VM -SearchPatchSeverity Critical
   ```

3. Create an extension baseline that contains all available extensions:
   ```
   $extensions = Get-Patch -BundleType Extension
   New-PatchBaseline -Static -Name "Extension Baseline" -Extension -TargetType Host -IncludePatch $extensions
   ```

Attaching and Detaching Baselines

Attach baselines to individual objects and to container objects, such as folders, hosts, clusters, and datacenters. Attaching a baseline to a container object transitively attaches the baseline to all objects in the container.

To attach and detach baselines

1. Attach the virtual machine patch baselines stored in the provided variables to the virtual machine named VM:
   ```
   Attach-Baseline -Baseline $staticBaseline, $criticalPatchBaseline -Entity VM
   ```

2. Detach the two baselines from the virtual machine:
   ```
   Detach-Baseline -Baseline $dynamicBaseline, $staticBaseline -Entity VM
   ```
Scanning a Virtual Machine

Scan a virtual machine for baselines attached to it or inherited by its parent object.

To create a task for scanning a virtual machine

1. Initialize scanning on a virtual machine named VM for baselines containing virtual machine hardware upgrades and VMware Tools upgrades:

   ```powershell
   $task = Scan-Inventory VM -UpdateType VmHardwareUpgrade, VmToolsUpgrade -RunAsync
   ```

   The command initializes a task on the server, returns a snapshot object of the initial state of the task, and saves it in the $task variable.

2. View the initial status of the scanning task:

   ```powershell
   $task
   ```

   **NOTE** The task object is not updated with the actual state of the task process running on the server. Even after the task is completed, the $task variable value is running. To view the actual status of the tasks running on the server, use the Get-Task cmdlet.

3. (Optional) Run the Wait-Task cmdlet to watch online the process progress and wait for the task to complete before running other commands:

   ```powershell
   Wait-Task -Task $task
   ```

To verify whether a virtual machine has at least one baseline with Unknown compliance status attached to it and start a scan

1. Retrieve the compliance statuses with the value Unknown for the baselines attached to the VM virtual machine and store them in a variable:

   ```powershell
   $statuses = Get-Compliance -Entity VM -ComplianceStatus Unknown
   ```

2. Verify whether the virtual machine has at least one baseline with Unknown compliance status attached to it and start a scan:

   ```powershell
   if ($statuses.Count -gt 0) {
     Scan-Inventory -Entity VM -RunAsync
   }
   ```

Staging Patches

Staging allows you to download patches and extensions from the Update Manager server to the ESX/ESXi hosts, without applying the patches and extensions immediately.

To stage patches for a virtual machine host

1. Retrieve a host and assign it to a variable:

   ```powershell
   $host = Get-VMHost -Name 10.23.112.233
   ```

2. Stage the patches for upgrading the host:

   ```powershell
   Stage-Inventory -Entity $host
   ```

   **NOTE** Staging can be performed only for hosts, clusters, and datacenters.
**Remediating a Virtual Machine**

You can remediate virtual machines, virtual appliances, and hosts.

**To remediate a virtual machine**

1. Retrieve all baselines attached to the VM virtual machine:
   ```powershell
   $baselines = Get-Baseline -Entity VM
   ```
2. Remediate the virtual machine:
   ```powershell
   Remediate-Inventory -Entity VM -Baseline $baselines
   ```

**To upgrade virtual machine hardware and VMware Tools for all virtual machines in a datacenter**

1. Retrieve all virtual machines in the *Datacenter* datacenter:
   ```powershell
   $vms = Get-VM -Location Datacenter
   ```
2. Retrieve all virtual machine upgrade baselines:
   ```powershell
   $upgradeBaselines = Get-Baseline -TargetType VM -BaselineType Upgrade
   ```
3. Remediate all virtual machines against the virtual machine upgrade baselines:
   ```powershell
   foreach ($vm in $vms) {
       Remediate-Inventory -Entity $vm -Baseline $upgradeBaselines
   }
   ```

**Downloading Patches and Scanning Objects**

You can download patches from previously defined location.

**To start a scan for all entities in a datacenter if new patches are downloaded**

1. Retrieve all entities in the *Datacenter* datacenter and save the result in a variable:
   ```powershell
   $entities = Get-Inventory -Location Datacenter
   ```
2. Download all available patches and save the result in a variable:
   ```powershell
   $result = Download-Patch
   ```
3. Check if new patches are downloaded and start scanning the entities in *Datacenter*:
   ```powershell
   if ($result.Count > 0) {
       Scan-Inventory -Entity $entities
   }
   ```